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VOL. 44, NO. 208. ST. LOUIS, TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 28, 1893. PRICE, FIVE CENTS. BY CARRIER, FIFTEEN CENTS PER WEEK.

WAS A GAME.

Mrs. O'Dwyer's Startling Story About the Kavanaugh Shooting.

She Swears She Lured the Man at Her Husband's Command.

HER STORY OF WHAT OCCURRED IN THE CHEROKEE HOTEL.

Her Husband, the Woman Says, Induced Her to Make the Assignation in Order to Get Kavanaugh's Money—He Promised Her That He Would Only Shoot to Scare—O'Dwyer Is Out on Bond.

Mrs. Charles O'Dwyer, whose husband shot Peter T. Kavanaugh last Saturday night at the Cherokee Hotel at Sixth and Market street, she and Kavanaugh having been found together in a room in the hotel by O'Dwyer, called at the Four Courts to-day and related a startling story to Chief of Police Harrigan. Her story substantially is that the whole affair was a "badger game," instituted by her husband to get money from Kavanaugh.

She was married to O'Dwyer two years ago, she said, at the Court-house in St. Louis by Justice McCaffrey. Her maiden name was Ella J. Brierly, and her home is in Cedar Falls, Io., where her parents live. After her marriage to O'Dwyer they came to St. Louis to live, and he went To work for the Missouri Pacific Railroad as a switchman. To Chief Harrigan Mrs. O'Dwyer said:

"We were living at 24 South Sixteenth street and not at 822 South Eighteenth street, as my husband said. I was never inside of the house 822 South Eighteenth street in my life. My husband gave up his job, saying that it was too hard, and he left the city. I went to work at the Capitol Hotel as chambermaid, and was rooming at 1121 Locust street. I tried to find my husband and made inquiries about him, and finally heard from him. He returned to St. Louis and went to live with me on Jan. 13 last at my room, 1121 Locust street.

"I quit working at the Capitol Hotel. While at the hotel I made the acquaintance of Mr. Kavanaugh. He is engaged in getting up a labor directory. My husband was not working, and we had nothing to live on, and I wrote to Mr. Kavanaugh. He was very kind to me while I was working at the hotel. So were Mr. and Mrs. Allen and Mrs. Snow, who are stopping at the hotel. They are also engaged with Mr. Kavanaugh on the directory. He answered my letter and sent me $4. I don't remember the day. It was the day before the difficulty. My husband was at home when the letter came. He said 'I like this,' and I said, 'Well, we must have money to live on, and you are not making any.'

THE PROPOSITION.

"After a little my husband said, 'Jennie'—he always calls me Jennie—'Jennie, you must write to him and ask him to meet you to-night.' I said, 'Mart,' O, Mart, I can't.' He said, 'You will.' I was afraid of him. He used to beat and abuse me when we were living together before.

"'Yes,' said he, 'you must meet him to-night and bring him to the Cherokee Hotel. Don't bring him to any other place.' I did write because I was afraid of my husband not to do so. Mr. Kavanaugh met me. He said: 'Do you want to throw yourself away?' I was cross and troubled. Well, we went to the Cherokee Hotel and registered. As we passed the head of the stairs I looked down and saw my husband. He shook his head at me not to let on that I saw him. It was Kavanaugh's money that paid for the registering, and it Kavanaugh's money that paid for the pistol with which he was shot. Then we went to the room, and Kavanaugh undressed and went to bed. I then left the room. I knew that my husband was in the house somewhere. I was familiar with the house for my husband and I had often stopped there when we were first married. I went along the hall and saw a door ajar and looked in and saw my husband. He had just taken off his coat. He had the revolver. I asked him if it was loaded, and he said: 'Yes, the whole six chambers are loaded.' I asked him not to shoot Mr. Kavanaugh and he said, 'No, I will not. I only want to scare him.' When he runs away you grab his money and leave the room too. Leave an old bonnet or something behind you.' I did so, and when I went back to the room took the feathers out of this bonnet I have on.

"I then went back to the room, and in a little while my husband knocked at the door and it was opened by Mr. Kavanaugh. He turned over in the bed to open the door. He did not take any chair to hit my husband.

"My husband fired at him before he got out of the bed and fired at him again as he got up bed. He was hit in the wrist, and I thought that he was hit in the shoulder, too, but he must not have been. He then ran out of the room with my husband after him. I then left the room, but did not take any money with me. That is the truth, as the heavens are above me."

Mrs. O'Dwyer wept while she told her story to Chief Harrigan.

"I stood my husband's abuse," said she, "and did not let my parents know, but now to think that he has got me into this thing and put all the blame on me, and then to have it published and my parents to see it and believe me guilty. I met my husband yesterday, and he told me that he would kill me if I did not keep my mouth shut. He had the revolver. I did not know that he was out." Chief Harrigan could do nothing in the case. O'Dwyer is out on bond and no warrant has been issued against him, Kavanaugh having refused to prosecute.

Charges Desertion.

Mrs. Eleanor Analar of 821 South Seventh street swore out a warrant to-day against her husband, Gottlieb Analar, charging abandonment. Analar is a baker and works for the Dozier-Weyl Cracker Co. His wife alleges that he left her Aug. 21 last.

A MADMAN.

Joseph A. Farquharson Shoots a Visitor and Himself.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 28.—Joseph A. Farquharson, a wine and cider merchant on Federal street, who has for the last six months boarded and roomed at 77 Worcester street, recently received a letter from his daughter in England, announcing that she was ill with typhoid, and this news had a most depressing effect upon him. He had been in the habit of visiting a friend of his, Dr. J. M. Gordon of Quincy, but the doctor had not seen or heard from him for some time and last evening sent his sister, Miss Matilda Gordon, to call upon Farquharson. She had considerable conversation with Farquharson. As she stooped over to put on her rubbers, in preparing to leave, Farquharson drew a revolver and fired two bullets into her neck. Farquharson then fired a shot into his brain and died almost instantly. The report of the revolver aroused the other inmates in the house and the police were soon on the scene. Miss Gordon was removed to the City Hospital where, although her wounds are considered very dangerous, it is believed that she will recover. There seems no reason to doubt that Farquharson was rendered temporarily insane by brooding over his daughter's illness.

AMBUSHED IN THE TERRITORY.

ARDMORE, I. T., Feb. 28—News of the assassination of William P. Johnson and the wounding of Joshua Highliver, near Oakland, has been received here. Johnson and Highliver were spending the night at the residence of C. P. Foster and left the house after supper to picket their horses, when they were fired on by unknown parties, Johnson being killed instantly. Foster and Highliver returned for the body of Johnson, when Highliver was shot. The assassins are unknown.

TERRIBLE EXPLOSION.

Powder and Cartridges Ignited in Rawlings Bros.' Sporting Goods Store.

At 2:25 this afternoon a loud explosion was heard on Pine street, between Eighth and Ninth streets, and in an instant the street was filled with smoke. There was a rush of people to clear the street, and for an instant it was deserted. The first story was that a boiler in the Fagin building had exploded, but soon flames and smoke bursting from the lower story of the Benton showed where the trouble lay. The sporting goods store of Rawlings Bros. occupies the east half of the lower floor of the Benton. A large amount of powder and a heavy stock of cartridges is kept in this store. Some of the stock was stored in the basement, and the rest in the rear part of the shop next to the alley which divides the Hotel Moser from the Benton. In some manner a box of powder had caught fire and exploded with great force. The front windows were blown out and the street strewn with shattered glass, boxing gloves, broken shotguns and rifles foils, Indian clubs, and other sporting goods.

A door is located in the rear, opening upon the alley. This was shivered, and from it a great column of smoke issued.

In a few moments the Fire Department was on the ground. But before the engines were ready for work the flames had made great headway. They first burst out from the side door, and then crept from the front window. The woodwork caught fire like tinder. From time to time muffled explosions were heard, as box after box of cartridges caught fire and scattered lead and fragments of brass shells in every direction. The firemen were kept away for a few moments, but almost immediately got to wore. There is a sliding gate, like a portcullis, closing the alley. The wires for lifting this were out of order, but the door was smashed and the firemen thus obtained access.

Lizzie Welsh, living at 1218 Elliott avenue, was badly burned about the hands.

Emile Melrose, badly burned about the hands and neck. His injuries are regarded as serious.

They were working at the rear end of the store, making canvass jackets, and escaped by jumping through a window in the rear end.

Willie Brown, a colored waiter in the Silver Moon restaurant, was cut about the face by falling glass. His injuries are not serious.

M. Lee Godfrey, living at 2011 North Broadway, a shell loader, was very seriously burned about the face, hands and arms. He was taken to the City Dispensary, where his injuries were pronounced very serious.

The building is a five-story brick used as a European hotel, for gentlemen only. The fire reached every floor, but was under control by o'clock. The entire five floors will be badly damaged by water.

The force of the explosion was such that the large plate glass windows of Gaylord & Barclay, merchant tailors at 820 Olive street was blown out and broken into a thousand small pieces.

The rear windows were partially blown out but beyond this no damage was done and no one in the store hurt.

THEIR DEMANDS REFUSED.

The Grievance Committee of the Switchmen Given a Set-Back by the Wabash.

The Grievance Committee of the Switchmen's Mutual Aid Association of the Wabash system and leased lines were in conference yesterday from 9:30 o'clock in the morning until after 9 o'clock last night with General Superintendent H. L. Magee of the Wabash. The committee asked in behalf of the Wabash switchmen that they be paid for one hour's extra work when they were detained in the yards fifteen minutes after 12 o'clock, and also be paid for the hour they were at lunch, where they were compelled to wait after 12 o'clock. Supt. Magee heard the report of the committee and refused to grant the concessions asked. The committee then asked that an increase in pay be given to switchmen in yards where only one switch engine was at work. This request was also denied. In fact, all the concessions asked were not acceded to and the committee made an attempt to see General Manager Hays, but that official being out of the city, the members of the committee left for their respective homes this morning after securing passes from the general passenger and ticket agent on the Wabash. The Wabash officials do not know what will be the result of refusing to accede to the concessions asked by the switchmen, but do not anticipate any trouble, inasmuch as the men are now being paid fair wages.

MR. M'KINLEY DECLINES.

Ohio's Governor Grateful for Sympathy But Refuses Charity.

CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 28.—A local paper has received the following communication:

To the Editor:

I cannot express the depth of my gratitude to the people who have sent money to you for my use, of which you have advised me; but grateful as I am and always will be for their noble generosity, I cannot accept their contributions. Nothing has touched me more in my misfortune than the letters of sympathy and offers of help received from those of my countrymen who have little but what they earn. Please convey to such friends my heart's best thanks. WILLIAM MCKINLEY, JR.

Columbus, O., Feb. 27, 1893.

CURRENT IS ON

The Electrical Convention Opens Its Session To-Day.

Mayor Noonan Welcomes the Delegates to the City.

ST. LOUIS LEADS THE WORLD AS AN ELECTRIC CENTER.

Judge E. A. Armstrong Gives Some Interesting Information About the Coming Display of Electricity at the Chicago World's Fair—Mr. A. D. Adams Reads a Paper on "Wrought vs. Cast Iron for Field Magnet Frames"—The Arrivals on the Special Electric Train From Chicago.

At about 10 o'clock delegates began to assemble at the Convention Hall in the Bell Telephone building, and at 10:45 President Ayer called the association to order. The assembly-room was comfortably filled, and the gathering was dotted with ladies, who seemed fully as much interested in the proceedings as the gentlemen.

Mr. Ayer introduced Hon. E. A. Noonan, Mayor of the city. His honor said that it had been his privilege as Mayor to welcome many bodies to St. Louis representing the great forces of modern civilization, but at no time had he greater pleasure than on the present occasion, when he stood before those engaged in studying the most far-reaching force known to man—a force which like a gleam of light is illuminating all the actions of man—nay, is even transfiguring the every mechanicsm of man. Investigators who are adding to forces and powers heretofore unknown or very little understood and to bring them into the service of humanity. This force is electricity. How far and to what extent this force may be developed, to what far reaches it may carry us is a problem not even within the view of the wizards in your realm.

The Mayor then said: "You have gathered, gentlemen, in the greatest electrical city in the world. The claim may seem strange, for we are far from the East, where energy is supposed to reside, and we live in a large valley where the Southern breeze is supposed to infect the people with a taint of lethargy. Still, you will find here a city of 500,000 people and where are located the greatest electrical plants in the world, and where we have most successfully harnessed that primeval force that was born when light was born and air was born. It gives me pleasure to remark, and I may be excused from boasting that it was my privilege three years ago to contribute in a most important way to this splendid state of things. As Mayor of this city, in the approval of legislation to change the street car service in our city, I did more in behalf of electricity than any three Mayors in Christendom ever had the privilege of doing. You are welcome to the electrical city! You should be specially at home here. All our sympathies are with electric people.

FREEDOM OF THE CITY.

"It is in pursuance of an old custom, but a very pleasing one, that I extend to you the freedom of the city, and formally assure you of our esteem, our hospitality and our affection. The city of St. Louis is yours' and your wives', your daughters' and your sweethearts, if you have any with you!" [Applause.]

President Ayer introduced Mr. Robert McCullough, President of the St. Louis Electric Club, who repeated the Mayor's greeting and assured the visitors that nothing had been left undone and no pains would be spared to make their stay in St. Louis a pleasant one.

A lengthy address by President Ayer then followed.

The Secretary then read a paper by A. D. Adams of Indianapolis, Ind., on "Wrought Versus Cast Iron for Field Magnet Frames."

MR. ADAMS' PAPER.

Mr. Adams' essay was a somewhat technical discussion of the bi-polar dynamo. He suggested a combination of the armature and field magnet over the methods usually employed, his idea being that the field magnet forms a magnetic path of much less resistance than the air. The same reasoning that leads to the completion of the magnetic circuit through the field magnet seems to indicate that the best metal for this purpose is that having the greatest magnetic carrying capacity and permeability per unit of area and cost.

The object of the paper was to point out some of the advantages of wrought-iron over cast-iron for the field magnet frames of bi-polar dynamos; and calculations were made to show why it should be so.

Magnetic leakage is considerably increased by the use of cast iron, as compared with wrought iron, by reason of the greater surface of the cast iron, also the much higher relative degree of saturation at which it is frequently used.

When the field magnet is made partly of wrought iron, the increase of iron and copper is not so great and varies with the relative section of the cast and wrought iron parts.

The advantages of wrought iron over cast for the field magnets of bi-polar dynamos seem to be more generally appreciated in England than with us, as nearly all the leading makers of such machines there use forged wrought iron entirely for field magnet frames.

As the relative magnetic value of wrought ane cast iron become more generally appreciated by dynamo builders in this country, the former will, no doubt, be much more generally adopted.

ELECTRICITY AT THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Judge E. A. Armstrong of Camden, N. J., read the report of the Committee on "World's Columbian Fair." The report begins with a statement of the electric lighting at the Paris Exposition of 1882 and 1889 and of the Expositions at New Orleans and Louisville. At Chicago the World's Columbian Exposition has placed contracts for 4,500 arc lights of 2,000 nominal candle power, and have placed contracts for about 80,000 incandescent lamps, and will have about 10,000 more lamps as special exhibits. They have placed contracts for 2,900 horse-power of generators and will have 1,600 horse power as donations. The contracts for electrical fountains require an installation of 900 horse power capacity. The total aggregate of the electric installation amounts to 19,500 horse power. The aggregate of boiler capacity is 18,000 horse power on the standard rating of thirty pounds of steam per horse power. With such efficiency as ought to be realized, there is an effective total of about 24,000 horse power.

These figures show that electricity will be employed at the Columbian Exposition on a scale far eclipsing that of any of the great fairs since electricity was used as an illuminant.

An interesting feature of the plant will be the use of oil as a fuel.

A point of exceeding interest in the engine and dynamo room will be the very large adaptation of dynamos to Corliss and medium speed types of engines in direct connected combination.

Next to the universal distribution of electric power for all purposes, to all points of the grounds, the most marked advance of the time is the application of electricity to the transportation service of the Exposition. This service will be by a three-mile, double-track elevated railroad, with block signaling systems, power brakes, etc. It will be operated from an independent power plant of more than the aggregate capacity installed at the Paris Exposition.

The report denies the sensational stories telegraphed from New York that many of the prominent electrical firms in that State had decided to pull out of the Exhibit. Every foot of space in the great building has been taken, and every electrical concern of any consequence in the world will be fully represented.

The active work of preparing for the exhibits has been going forward for some weeks, and many of the electrical firms have made substantial progress in the erection of their booths.

The intellectual programme, under the auspices of the World's Columbian Auxiliary, promises to be of remarkable interest. Prof. Elisha Gray is at the head of the electrical branch and he has now assurance that the gathering of electricians from all parts of the world will be a grand one.

ANNOUNCEMENTS, ETC.

Letters of regret were read from Mr. C. R. Huntley and others who hoped to be present.

Omaha sent in an application for the next meeting of the association.

The President announced the St. Louis Electric Club was keeping "open house," and delegates were cordially invited to conduct themselves accordingly.

All these matters were duly acted on, and at 12 in the convention adjourned until 2 p. m.

THE CHICAGO ELECTRIC SPECIAL.

The Chicago Electric special was late this morning, and the delegates had a late breakfast after registering at the Southern. The following is a complete roster of the visitors to the association:

Chicago—G. L. Reiman, President of Mosher Electric Co.; J. A Mosher, electrician Mosher Electric Co.; L. W. Collins, Western representative Electrical Engineer; D. H. Ogden (and wife), Western representative Electrical World; W. H. McKenlock (and wife), President Central Electrical Co., and Mrs. Mosher T. Green; H. S. Manning, General Electric Co.; W. C. McKinlock, President Enterprise Electric Co.; A. B. Connover of J. A. Roebling's Sons & Co.; S. F. B. Morse of Cushing & Morse; Charles Wyrt of Electrical Supply Co.; S. F. Terry of Electrical Supply Co.; Ed Powers of Electrical Industries; J. B. O'Hara, Western Electrician; C. H. Wilson of Jackson & Wilson, E. F. Seixas of Chicago & St. Louis Electric Railway; M. J. Sullivan of Street Railway Gazette; F. E. Degenhart George S. Searing of Hart & Hegeman Manufacturing Co., Thos. M. Greer of Bryant Electric Co., J. E. Gregory of C. E. Gregory Co., M. J. Bulkley, Western representative Electrical Review; E. A. Cummings of McDougal & Cummings, F. E. Drake of Standard Electric Co., George Cutler, E. W. Goldsmith of Western Electric Co.; J. Scribner of General Electric Co.; C. E. Brown of Central Electric Co.; W. F. Collins of Western Electrician.

W. B. Austin and wife, Rensselaer, Ind.
J. H. Miller, Springfield, O.
J. O. Ferguson, Schultz Belting Co., St. Louis.
J. R. Dee, Houghton, Mich.
J. V. B. Foote and W. A. Foote, Jackson, Mich.
P. Norcross and wife, Janesville, Wis.
C. W. Grant and wife, Davenport, Io.
P. H. Korst, Racine, Wis.
R. J. Randolph of General Electric Co., Cincinnati.
George Mayo of Rockford Electric Co., Rockford, Ill.

The electrical party was in charge of Mr. Scribner of the General Electric Co., and Mr. Frank S. Bishop of Chicago, the City Passenger Agent, represented the Illinois Central Railroad Co.

A feature of the "Electrical Special" that attracted attention last night was the electric headlight. It was reckoned at 500-candle power and lit up the road for miles in advance of the approach of the train. It was run by a Pyle automatic engine and a dynamo, which were placed between the light and the smokestack. It is not the first electric headlight used, however.

Mr. T. E. Crossman of Philadelphia is the official stenographer of the association.

There are about a dozen electrical journals in America, and they are all represented, editorially and otherwise.

The hall in which the convention is being held is elaborately decorated, the St. Louis Electrical Exchange having made great preparations for its guests. It is festooned with the federal colors bespangled with electric lights and hung about with streamers. Back of the stage are four immense American flags and on the platform four stands with floral decorations. Each stand has nine electric lights in globes of various colors. There are 200 lights in the entire hall, so arranged as to produce striking effects. The decorations were put up by George Brownlee, A. Borcheinstein, Otto Kuhn and A. Siegel.

NIKOLA TESLA.

The Wizard of Electricity Interviewed While Hard at Work.

Of all the experts in electricity called together by this remarkable convention, Nikola Tesla is the one upon whom all eyes are now centered. He is the bright light of the constellation and the prophet of the electrical future, from whom revelations of the mysterious forces and properties of the agent which he says is to revolutionize commercial enterprises are expected. Mr. Tesla reached St. Louis last night, and was met in East St. Louis by W. H. Bryan, Thomas Ashburner and A. C. Einstein of the Reception Committee of the St. Louis Electrical Exchange. From the Union Depot they accompanied him in a carriage to the Southern Hotel, where, since his arrival, he has been besieged by hundreds of people who were anxious to form the acquaintance of the man who could at one time sustain more volts of electricity that would be used in New York to kill 1,000 criminals. When the committeemen informed Mr. Tesla of the extent of the enthusiasm with which he was awaited he seemed very much surprised. This morning it was next to impossible to get near him on account of the crowds that thronged about him, but he broke away from them all, and with several experts of the Municipal Electric Light & Power Co. repaired to the Exposition building and was soon engrossed with the preparation of his apparatus. A POST-DISPATCH reporter found him bending over a wheel laboriously picking the thread binding from between the wires that bristled from its circumference. The wizard, who makes electricity glow from his finger nails and at will produces a voltage heretofore undreamed of, was not disposed to take time to talk of what he proposes to do. "I have not one moment to spare," said he. "All my time, until after the lecture, will be taken up in preparing for it, and even then I shall not have enough."

He was asked if he proposed to perform all the wonders of his Philadelphia lecture.

"I hope to do a great deal more," he replied. "But I cannot tell you what I shall do. I never have a programme, and I have not even mapped out in my mind what the lecture and demonstrations shall be. I shall only prepare my apparatus and then go on the stage, depending upon the inspiration of the moment for results. I know, though, that I shall show a great many things that will astonish some people and I hope my audience will be pleased."

Mr. Tesla had dispensed with all assistance except that of a negro boy. "You see," said he, "nobody can help me. I have to do all this myself." When the dinner hour arrived the boy wanted to excuse himself for an hour, but the magician, with some surprise that he should want to leave such work for the purpose of eating, refused to let him go. "Stick to it like a man," he said. "Work. You never can accomplish anything except by work. That is what brings results."

Mr. Tesla was then asked if he were not with the Westinghouse Electric Manufacturing Co. of Pitssburg, and he replied that he was not in its employ. "They have some of my patents, that's all. I work at my experiments through love of the science and for nothing else. I have taken out about 150 patents, but all the scientific men do that. I really cannot now give the press anything of interest. I think they had better wait until to-morrow night, when they can see the demonstrations for themselves."

Mr. Tesla is a tall, spare man, of youthful appearance and modest demeanor. Besides being a wonderful electrician he is a humorous lecturer and amuses his audience while he instructs them.

FOREMOST ELECTRIC COMPANY.

An Interesting Sketch of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Co.

The foremost electric company in the country, and the one which is of peculiar interest to the people of St. Louis, for the reason that its different systems are very extensively in operation here, is the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Co. of Pittsburg, Pa.

The Westinghouse company is the pioneer corporation in this country of what is known as the alternating current system of incandescent electric lighting, a system which, although only introduced by that company into this country in 1886, has made such a wonderful progress here, and met at once with such enormous favor among the public, that it is to-day used for the generation of nearly 2,000,000 sixteen candle-power incandescent lamps. One of the largest plants, if not the largest, operating the Westinghouse system of incandescent lighting is the Missouri Electric Light and Power Co. of this city, with a capacity of 90,000 incandescent lamps.

In the electric industry the Westinghouse company has always been known as the most progressive, enterprising and successful firm. Their apparatus, used as it is all over the globe, gained from the first the reputation of being the best electrical apparatus on the market. This characteristic distinction has become an acknowledged fact to every one from the great mechanical superiority of construction, which is demonstrated in all the Westinghouse machines. It is known that a Westinghouse apparatus, be it a dynamo, a motor or what not, lasts twice as long as any machine of any other make, and it will give a much higher efficiency, than all others. This to the electric men who have to purchase machinery and who are fully alive to the commercial advantages of the Westinghouse apparatus, is of great importance, and hence it is not to be wondered at that the Westinghouse apparatus has the preference of the electric light men.

The Westinghouse company has recently brought out a new incandescent lamp, which is know as the "stopper lamp." This lamp demonstrates to a high degree the wonderful progress of development the Westinghouse company has achieved in the electric art. The lamp has a longer life, burns with greater brilliancy than the old style of lamps, and in addition to that, owing to some important discoveries made by the Westinghouse people, they can make these lamps and sell them at half the price of the old ones. This, it is evident, will cause an enormous revolution in the electric lighting business of this country, because it will make it more and more the light of the people, an illuminant that can be afforded by everybody. The demand for this new lamp is truly phenomenal, and the company has not been able so far to keep up the supply with the demand.

Apart from the prominence of the Westinghouse company in the electric light business, their system of electric railway apparatus is also of great importance. The Lindell Street Railway Co. of this city has recently awarded a contract to the Westinghouse company for the electrical equipment of 100 street cars, and for power-house machines representing a generating capacity of 2,100 horse power. This contract is of special importance for the reason that this apparatus will replace the system of another electric company. * * *

Delegates are cordially invited to inspect the Chapman valve, specially designed for heavy pressure steam from 150 to 200 pounds, on exhibition at the Southern Hotel. E. W. Buss is the Western representative, headquarters at Chicago.

THIEBAUT'S PLAN.

He Wants France to Complete the Panama Canal and Is Applauded in Paris.

PARIS, Feb. 28.—M. Thiebaut lectured to an immense audience last evening in the Cique d'Ete on the Panama Canal, its past and present and its future prospects. The speaker urged that the French Government should make an annual grant of from 5,000,000 to 10,000,000 francs for operations on the canal until the work should be completed. The audience, which included many members of the Panama Committee, applauded with great enthusiasm M. Thiebaut's suggestion.

POOR FRED OSTERWALD.

He Leaves His Money to the Sweetheart Whose Refusal Caused His Suicide.

Frederick Osterwald, the young groceryman, who took an overdose of morphine with suicidal intent Sunday night last, because his fiancee, Miss Johanna Pott, refused to marry him, died shortly after 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Before taking the poison deceased straightened out his affairs in an eminently practical manner, by leaving instructions for the disposal of all his worldly possessions in two letters found in his room and addressed to Mrs. Potts. These letters were opened by the Coroner this morning. The first one, written upon one of his bill heads, contains the only expression he gave of the sentiment which caused him to end his life. It reads as follows:

Miss Johanna Pott:

The money for the clerks is given to them in envelop. My solid gold watch give to Fred Plege on Maiden lane. My furnitur you kep for yourself, and the $2,000 from Lafayette Lodge, No. 10, meeting at Broadway and Monroe every Friday. Henry can keep the other watch for himself. My ring is for Mike Calahan, 2514 North Market. Let Stiefel sell the place and the money left is for you. All the papers are in my trunk, on the side.

Dear Hanna life happy after this and never grave about me. We schuld not come together else it wuld not hapened wat did. God bless you, give you good luck for live time good by, good by, god bless you poor girl by by. Your true loving Fred Osterwald, 2351 Madison street, St. Louis, Mo.

Dear Hannah know I am dead money wat is left is yours, the Lodge money is in good standing excepting to pay dues then the other is all paid the amount is $2,000 after dead. My watch (solid gold) give to Fred Plege as remember! The other watch Henry can keep. Stiefel can du with the store wat ever he things is right that is all I can tell.

F. W. OSTERWALD.

In addition to these letters the Coroner has two sealed envelopes bearing the superscription "Clerks' money" and addressed to "Billy Hiffmann" and "William Wiese," respectively, stating the time for which the money inclosed was to be paid as salary. These have not as yet been opened.

REAL ESTATE NEWS.

Several Big Deals in Washington Avenue and Olive Street Property.

The real estate market to-day gave unmistakable evidence that the spring demand has commenced in earnest. A number of significant transactions in down-town business property were consummated and other deals are said to be on the tapis. Olive street and Washington avenue claimed the attention of the speculators and on these two streets alone over $100,000 worth of property was sold.

W. B. and D. F. Addington, purchased houses Nos. 2106, 2108, 2110 and 2112 Olive street, a row of three-story houses on lot 90x109 feet for $60,000 from Mrs. Heaad. Mrs. Heaad secured the property about thirteen months ago from John M. Sellers at a consideration of $45 000. These figures show an enhancement of $15,000 or 33⅓ per cent in the value of this one piece in a little over a year.

The Addington Bros., who have become heavy operators in St. Louis real estate, bought the property for investment. An idea of the enhancement of Olive street values in the past year or so may be gathered from the following statements of figures known to most real estate men. The property at the southwest corner of Twenty-second and Olive street was purchased by Mr. Glenn for $500 a foot. Mr. Glenn has refused within the past few days on offer of $700 a foot for his corner. Mr. Bates, who purchased 73 feet on the north side of Olive street, between Twenty-second and twenty-third streets ten months ago at $275 a foot has refused an offer of $825 a foot. An offer of $80,000 has been rfeused for the Beaumont flats at the Northwest corner of Jefferson avenue and Olive street, and the southeast corner of Jefferson and Olive which sold one year ago for $31,000, and which has a frontage of 29 feet, is now held at $1,250.

An offer of $400 a foot has been refused for the 80x110 feet at the southeast corner of Twenty-ninth and Olive streets, and $300 a foot for the southeast corner of Thirty-first and Olive streets was not accepted. Inside property between Cardinal and Compton avenues has been sold at $250 a foot. One thousand two hundred and fifty dollars a foot was refused for the northeast corner of Grand and Olive street, which is owned by Howard Blossom. The southwest and the southeast corners of Olive and Vandeventer, which were sold by the Hardy estate to T. J. Cousins and P. T. Little for $175 a foot, twelve months ago, and now held at $300 a foot.

***THE MOST POPULAR LETTER-CARRIER**



I VOTE FOR

____

(WRITE HIS NAME IN INK.)

CARRIER NO. __________

____

(SIGNATURE OF VOTER.)

Residence __________

*To Prevent Combination Against Your Favorite, Fill Out This Coupon in Ink and Send It to the Post-Dispatch.

MITCHELL'S BACKER

George Baird, Alias Squire Abingdon, at the Southern.

THE BOXER WILL NOT ARRIVE UNTIL THIS EVENING.

The Squire Denies His Identity and Says: "We Will Not Be Here Until To-Night" —Secretary Baley Talks for the Crowd —Sketch of the English Sport Who Is Backing Mitchell.

George A. Baird better known as "Squire Abingdon," of London, England, and his private secretary, W. G. Baley, arrived in this city this morning direct from New York and registered at the Southern Hotel. In addition to the names of Baird and Baley, the signature of Charlie Mitchell, England's boxing champion, was also attached to the hotel register. Baley, however, denied that either Mitchell or Baird has arrived. He said that they would not arrive until 11 o'clock to-night, but that he had registered them in advance.



Charles Mitchell.

Baley made this bluff while the Squire, who is readily recognizable from his picture, sat across the room looking out of the window. The party are on their way to New Orleans, where they will attend the Hall-Fitzsimmons fight. Mitchell is to be one of Hall's seconds, while Baird who is one of Hall's most enthusiastic admirers will undoubtedly back him heavily at the ring side.

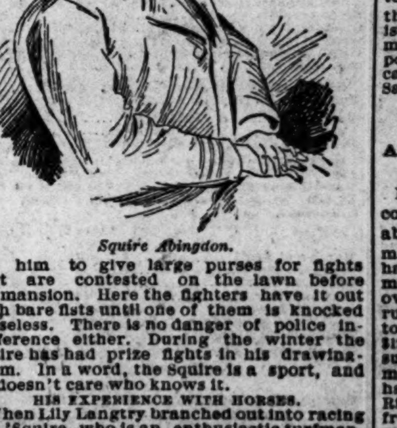
HE IS VERY RICH.

'Squire Abingdon is a typical English sportsman. He is a chunky man of medium size, with a smooth, ruddy face indicative of good living. Just what his manner is it would be hard to tell, as he was very taciturn.

Baird is the son of a wealthy Scotch iron manufacturer, and his inherited fortune is variously estimated. Some put the figures at £1,000,000, but whatever it may be, the Squire spends money with a lavish hand.

A QUEER ARISTOCRAT.

He is not æsthetic in his tastes. One of his principal forms of amusements consists in traveling about the world in the company of prize-fighters and spending his money on them. He owns a magnificent country seat in England and his aristocratic neighbors, his equals socially, shun him because of the remarkable affairs he offers for the entertainment of his guests. It is no uncommon thing



Squire Abingdon.

for him to give large purses for fights that are contested on the lawn before his mansion. Here the fighters have it out with bare fists until one of them is knocked senseless. There is no danger of police interference either. During the winter the squire has had prize fights in his drawing-room. In a word, the Squire is a sport, and he doesn't care who knows it.

HIS EXPERIENCE WITH HORSES.

When Lily Langtry branched out into racing the 'Squire, who is an enthusiastic turfman, passed from an admirer to a counselor. The transfer from advisor to intimate friend was rapid, but the 'Squire, who is slouchy and slow of speech, irritated the Lily and they had a disagreement, which ended, it was said at the time, by the Squire's administering her personal chastisement.

Speaking of racing reminds one that the 'Squire is one of the biggest owners of thoroughbreds in England. He has captured some of the classic turf events in his country and as the fashion is in England often rides his own horses. He has the reputation of being the cleverest welterweight rider in England, but his cleverness and heavy betting proclivities have gotten him into trouble with the racing Stewards on several occasions.

'Squire Abingdon, who is a warm admirer of Charles Mitchell, came to this country with him to view the scenery and back his friend in the match with Corbett. The day after his arrival in New York he caused a sensation by driving to the sub-treasury building and changing $40,000 in Bank of England notes for currency. This sum was to cover the incidental expenses of his American tour.

ABINGDON AS AN UNKNOWN.

When a POST-DISPATCH reporter called at room 272 at the Southern, to which T. A. Baird or 'Squire Abingdon, Charlie Mitchell and G. W. Baley were assigned, he was met at the door by Mr. Baley, a rosy cheeked Englishman with piercing gray eyes, gray hair and a goatee, which gave prominence to his nationality. With a decidedly English accent the reporter was informed by Mr. Baley that he was the private secretary of Squire Abington, who would arrive in the morning with Charlie Mitchell, they having been detained in New York. "Yes, that is a fact; all of that is true," but the gentleman who was sitting opposite the table from Secretary Baley. "The squire and Charlie will arrive here to-morrow. We came on ahead to engage rooms, but find out after our arrival here that we could only secure this one at this hotel, but we are promised another one when Charlie arrives." The gentlemen who imparted this information refused to give his name, but he was none other than Squire Abingdon himself, and disguised himself as an unknown merely to avoid being interviewed by newspaper reporters who kept bell boys on the run for over an hour sending cards up to the room where Charlie Mitchell was supposed to be quietly sleeping. A POST-DISPATCH reporter gained entrance to the room without going through the usual red tape business.

THE BELL BOYS KNEW HIM.

When Mr. Baird learned that his identity had been revealed he had nothing to say other than that he was busy and was compelled to leave the hotel at once, which he did, taking a cab on Walnut street, and driving west in the direction of Tom Allen's, who, by the way, has already departed for New Orleans. It is denied at the Southern that Charlie Mitchell is here but the bell boys who are well acquainted with him claim that he arrived this morning and is asleep in his room in the hotel. At any rate on the register appears the names of G. A. Baird, G. W. Baley and Charlie Mitchell, London, England.

THE KANSAS SURRENDER.

Populists March Into Representative Hall and Take Their Medicine.

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 28.—The Populist House in a body, except those not having certificates from the canvassing board and four Populists who were unseated, fifty-four in number, marched into Representative Hall this morning. The procession was headed by Populist Speaker Dunsmore and Populist Speaker pro tem Semple, followed by Populist Sergeant-at-Arms Rich, carrying the United States flag.

The Populists were quietly received, Speaker Douglass suppressing demonstration on part of the galleries. The roll was called and all members holding certificates answered. A few Populists entered their protests against coming into the Douglas House, but all submitted to the decrees of the court. An hour was spent drawing for seats.

MINISTER TO FRANCE.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—It is believed in political circles that one of the first of President Cleveland's appointments after the inauguration will be that of Frederick R. Coudert to be Minister to France. Mr. Coudert will leave for Europe on March 11 to participate in the Behring Sea arbitration. Persons who profess to know Mr. Cleveland's mind in this matter are reported as saying that whether or not he has yet told his intentions to Mr. Coudert, he fully determined on the appointment and if the lawyer will accept the mission, his credentials will follow him to Europe at the earliest possible date.

FAIRCHILD DENIES SULKING.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—Ex-Secretary Fairchild says there is no truth in the story that he is going away from the inauguration ceremonies because he had had a falling out with the President-elect. "My relations with Mr. Cleveland are as friendly as they have always been, as far as I know," said Mr. Fairchild. "I had no intention of attending the inauguration, and it is not true that I cancelled an order for a suite of rooms at the Arlington, Washington. I did not engage any rooms."

SENATOR PASCO.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Feb. 28.—Gov. Mitchell has appointed Samuel Pasco to be United States Senator from Florida, ad interim, beginning March 4 and ending with the election of Pasco's successor by the Legislature, which meets in April. His commission has been signed and is now in his possession at Washington, although the vacancy does not actually occur until next Saturday.

CUDAHY IN IT.

A Big Ore Deposit Uncovered in Colorado for Chicago's Benefit.

DENVER, Colo., Feb. 27.—The recent discovery was made that Chicago Park, a mile above the town of Pitkin, is underlaid for miles with mineral of a high grade. Miners have been going into the camp for over two months, and shafts are being run all over the park. Some of the mineral runs as high as $18,000 to the ton, but the average will be about $190. The character of the discovery was such that the Union Pacific Railroad will immediately reopen the old Alpine tunnel. It has been closed for several years and the Rio Grande company will construct a branch from Parline to Pitkin for the purpose of securing the business in view. Cudahy, the Chicago pork man, is interested largely in the company.

MONROE IS TALKING.

Hence the Standing Army of the Tennessee Will Remain in the Field.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Feb. 28.—Lieut. Patterson of the Tennessee troops stationed at Coal Creek is in the city to-day. He reports the miners in that region still very turbulent and says that if the troops were removed another assault would be made on the stockades and the convicts released.

D. B. Monroe, one of the leaders in the riots last summer and who was tried in the courts of Anderson County and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary, is now out on bond pending an appeal of his case to the Supreme Court and Lieut. Patterson reports that he has been making speeches to the miners of very inflammatory character. This state of affairs will probably prevent the speedy withdrawal of the troops from Coal Creek as was contemplated by Gov. Turney.

UNDER A WALL

Two Houses Wrecked by a Brick Avalanche.

Seven Persons Killed as They Lay in Their Beds.

MIRACULOUS ESCAPES OF A WOMAN, A GIRL AND A MAN.

A Child Eight Hours Under the Fire-Swept and Water-Flooded Mins Rescued Comparatively Uninjured—The Coroner Believes Some One Is Responsible and He Proposes to Locate That Person — Casualties in Other Places.

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 28.—By the falling of the walls of John York's new dry goods store at Halstead and Nineteenth streets at 1:30 o'clock this morning, seven persons were instantly killed and five seriously injured.

The killed are: John Smith, 45 years; Dollie Smith, 13 years; Hattie Smith, 4 years; Paulina Reutich, 19 years; F. Kunze, 48 years; Mrs. Mary Kunze, 45 years; George Mesterle.

The injured: J. Kunze, Jr.; Patrol Sergeant Loughran, Mrs. Amelia Smith, probably fatal; Policeman William Smith.

Missing: Joseph alias George, bartender; 27 years.

The catastrophe was caused by the collapsing, before the high wind, of the walls of the burned York building. These had been standing since the fire which last winter destroyed the store and contents. At this time the walls were soaked with water which, however, coated them with ice and aided in holding them together. It was feared that a change of temperature would weaken the walls by thawing out the ice which held them together, and last night this fear was realized. Yesterday's warmth and rain melted the ice and last night's wind shook the tottering walls until they fell with a crash, burying two houses and their sleeping inmates.

The two houses destroyed were the saloon of John Smith at 761 Halstead street, and the jewelry store of F. Kunze at 763 Halstead street. Both were frame structures and both were occupied on the second stories by the families of the owners of the places of business below. That all in the buildings were not killed seems almost a miracle, but while three were taken out alive, one of them—Mrs. Smith, wife of the saloon-keeper—can scarcely survive the day. Another one to escape was Fred Kunzel son of the jeweler, aged 21 years.

He, with his bed, was carried through the floor to the basement. A door was thrown across the bed and supported against the wall served to guard the occupant of the bed from injury by the falling debris.

Young Kunze was rescued out slightly injured. The work of rescuing the imprisoned people, aside from great danger of the firemen, was attended with much difficulty. It was unknown in what portion of the buildings the missing families had been sleeping, and the firemen, who were on the spot almost before the sound of the crash had died away, were without any guide in their work, save their own instinct. Disregarding the smoke and the licking tongues of the flame that appeared here and there amid the debris, they cut away the base of the York wall, at a point which appeared to be about the center of Kunze's jewelry store.

Their search was finally rewarded by a shout from beneath the bricks and broken timbers. They dug steadily on, but could not locate the voice. At last, however, came the cry "Here I am," and at the same instant a hand was thrust through to the open air. It was the hand of young Kunze. His rescue was then but a matter of a few minutes.

After being rescued he told the firemen where his father and mother had been sleeping, and he was then removed to the County Hospital.

The rescue alive of little Annie Smith was little short of miraculous. It was after 10 o'clock when the laborers extricated her from a great heap of rubbish near the front wall. She had been under the ruins, subject to the smoke, heat and water for over eight hours. She is not badly hurt and will recover. A little later the bodies of the two Smith girls—Lizzie and Hattie—were recovered.

The fate of Smith's bartender, George Mesterle, was for a long time a mystery. He occupied a room on the second story of the smith house, but as his bed, when found in the ruins, showed no trace of having been occupied, it was thought he may not have been at home at the time of the catastrophe. Later in the morning his body was found in the ruins.

Superintendent of Streets Burke put 150 men at work on the ruins early this morning. The work of excavation is difficult, owing to the heat and smoke that still ascend from the debris, and it is absolutely impossible that any of those buried in the debris can still be alive.

In addition to Supt. Burke's forces, which went to work on the ruins at daylight, Street Foreman Schlitz, with teams and fifty men, started in to help at 11 o'clock and thereafter rapid progress was made in clearing away the wreckage. More men would have been put to work, but the space was too limited to use them to advantage.

Coroner McHale was early on the ground and issued an order that the bodies as fast as recovered should be taken to the City Morgue to await the action of a coroner's jury.

"I shall secure the best jury I can find in the city," said the Coroner, "and will make a thorough investigation. I have already learned that there is a direct responsibility for this matter, and I propose to fix it upon the right party."

This statement of the Coroner refers no doubt to the action of the Building Commissioner, Mr. O'Neill, who only yesterday issued a permit allowing the contractors who were putting up the new building for Mr. York, to use the north and front walls of the old building in erecting the new one. Permission to use these walls was granted in the face of adverse reports from inspectors of the district. The walls which Building Commissioner O'Neill issued the permit on were the ones that fell and caused the catastrophe. Commissioner O'Neill had not arrived at his office up to 12:30 o'clock to-day, and his clerk had nothing to say.

The body of the hired girl, Paulina Mortina, was recovered at 1:40 this afternoon. Although it had been located two hours before the situation was such that the firemen were unable to extricate it. There are still three bodies in the ruins.

FIREMEN RESCUED.

HOBOKEN, N. J., Feb. 28.—A fire broke out to-day in the wood factory of Isaac Ingleson, on Jefferson street, this city. Mr. Ingleson and his family reside in a house adjoining the factory. Mr. Ingleson's dwelling and a tenement adjoining were destroyed, as was also the wood factory. While the firemen were at work one of the walls of the burned buildings fell and buried Capt. Wm. McGrath and Driver Simon Nobyne of Engine Company No. 8 underneath it. Their comrades speedily set to work to rescue them, and when the two injured firemen were taken out they were alive, but unconscious and bleeding. The total loss is about $40,000.

A HUNGARIAN TOWN FLOODED.

VIENNA, Feb. 28.—A terrible calamity has overtaken the village of Gergely, near the town of Paks, in Hungary, situated on the River Danube, about sixty miles south of Guda. Owing to the sudden rise of the Danube, the 1,600 inhabitants of Gergely found the mud huts in which they lived surrounded by water. The people took refuge in the church and school, which were constructed of stronger material, hoping that these buildings would be able to hold out against the flood. Mothers and children clung to the altar, beseeching the intercession of the saints. They saw their homes disappearing in the raging stream and the swelling waters began to beat against the church and school buildings with such strength that at last they decided that to remain would mean the destruction of all of them, while if they fled some at least might escape. Opening the doors they started out into the flood, which surged nearly to the waists of the grown people. Fathers and mothers carried their children, and the sick and feeble were helped along by those who were stronger. They fled as fast as they could in the direction of Paks. One mother with five children sank into the water and perished. Many others, the number is yet unknown, were drowned in the flood, and the survivors reached Paks in a most deplorable condition. The people of Paks gave the fugitives every help possible, although deeply concerned for their own safety, as the Danube is greatly above normal. There is no doubt that the number of dead is very large.

THE WORK OF A CIGARETTE.

PARIS, Ky., Feb. 28.—A passenger train on the Kentucky branch of the Louisville & Nashville road caught fire near Talbott Station near this place, and a dozen passengers were seriously burned. A plumber set a can of gasoline in a car when a gentleman after lighting his cigarette threw the match on the can, the oil immediately igniting. A passenger in attempting to kick the can off the coach knocked the stopper out, when the coach was enveloped in flames. Red Crawford of this city had his hands badly burned in helping to remove the corpse of Mrs. Florence L. Selton from the baggage car, the remains being on their way to Covington, Ky., for interment.

FLOUR MILLS DESTROYED.

FLINT, Mich., Feb. 28.—The buildings of the Thread Flouring Mills Co., together with 4,000 bushels of grain and 800 barrels of flour, burned this morning. Loss, $55,000; insurance, $25,000. The origin of the fire is unknown.

PUBLISHING HOUSE BURNED.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—The three top floors of Monroe's publishing house were gutted by fire to-day. Loss, $75,000.

LADIES' SHIRTS

Will Be All the Rage This Season.

About three years ago T. B. Boyd & Co. secured from Paris patterns for ladies' shirts, which had just been introduced. They became very popular in this country, and their enormous sale indicates that they have come to stay. They will be worn very extensively the coming season by ladies who will view the sights and wonders of the World's Fair. The above firm have imported the largest and handsomest assortment of fancy materials for making them to order they have ever shown, and, strange to say, they charge very little more than you pay for a ready-made garment.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Two Boys Have a Duel With Knives—News From Belleville.

Samuel Noton and Clyde Wilson, boys employed at the Nelson Morris Beef Cannery at the National Stock Yards, quarreled while at work to-day and fell to fighting with the knives they were using. Noton threw his knife at Wilson and the point of the weapon struck the latter on the left arm. The blade penetrated the wrist, inflicting an ugly gash. The injured boy was removed to his home on Third street, where his wound was dressed by a physician.

Hayes Isley and Grant Colley, colored boys, were arrested by the police to-day for stealing grain from cars in the Merchants' Bridge yards. They will have a hearing before a justice of the peace this afternoon.

The People's party will hold another meeting to-night at Finke's Hall. It is said that a convention will be called for the purpose of nominating a full city ticket.

The Knights of Honor have organized a uniformed division here with twenty-six members. The officers are J. B. Murray, President; M. S. Carr, Secretary, and Armand Mechin, Drillmaster.

A young man named Edward Brown was brought here yesterday from Coulterville, where he had been arrested for breach of promise. He secured his liberty by marrying Miss Dora Bool, who had caused his arrest.

Jeff Langley, who is a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Sheriff, has gone to Marissa to look after his interests in the southern part of the county.

Belleville.

The Fairfield accommodation train on the Air Line road had a light collision with a freight train last night and reached this city two hours behind time. The accident occurred between Harmony and Lenz Station, and was caused by the failure of the freight crew to properly guard the rear of their train with lights. As the engineer of the passenger train had time to set the brakes before the collision, the shock was light and little damage resulted. A woman named Hek sustained a slight scalp wound from contact with a seat, but none of the other passengers were injured. The caboose of the freight train was wrecked and the pilot and headlight of the locomotive drawing the passenger train were demolished.

The Mongolian Pheasant Association has been organized by local sportsmen, who propose to import the birds to the game preserves of this county. Charles M. Glaser is President, Fred Winkler, Secretary, and Emil Geil, Treasurer.

Louis Nichol, Jr., and Miss Lina Dietz were married to-day at the home of the bride's parents a mile south of Belleville, on the Freeburg road. Rev. Horn of Freeburg performed the ceremony.

Milton Waugh of Chicago was here yesterday on a visit to his brothers.

Cotton.

Local quotations 1-16c lower and steady. Sales: 495 bales.

LOCAL QUOTATIONS.

Ordinary	7 9-16	Middling	9 1-16
Good ordinary	8 1-16	Good middling	9 5-16
Low Middling	8 11-16	Middling fair	9 15-16

Tinged 1/2c and stained 1/2c lower than white.

New York—Reported by John E. Mulford & Co., St. Louis.—Futures closed quiet steady. Sales, 322,000 bales.

	Closed Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closed To-day
March	8.85	8.95	8.75	7.94
April	8.92	9.03	8.85	9.03
May	9.01	9.13	8.95	9.12
June	9.08	9.19	9.03	9.18
July	9.15	9.25	9.10	9.25
August	9.17	9.27	9.12	9.27
September	9.04	9.12	8.99	9.12

THE MOVEMENT IN ST. LOUIS.

	1892-3.	1891-2.
Net receipts to-day	1,109	1,286
Net receipts since Sept. 1	146,737	274,312
Net shipments to-day	2,010	333
Net shipments since Sept. 1	90,696	147,221
Gross receipts to-day	2,472	3,127
Gross receipts since Sept. 1	376,423	620,932
Gross shipments to-day	3,373	2,774
Gross shipments since Sept 1	320,582	494,141
Stock on hand	102,243	137,926

NEW ORLEANS—Spot quiet; middling, 9c. Futures at 12:12 p. m. steady.

March	8.68	June	8.89
April	8.76	July	8.94
May	8.84	August	8.95

LIVERPOOL—Dull, in buyers' favor; uplands, 4 3d. Sales, 6,000 bales, of which 4,900 were American. Receipts, 26,000 bales, of which 14,800 were American. Market closed quiet and steady.

	Closed Yesterday.	Closed To-day.
March and April	4 52-64	4 53-64
April and May	4 54-64	4 54-64
May and June	4 56-64	4 56-64
June and July	4 5?-64	4 58-64
July and August	4 59-64	4 1-0-64
August and September	4 59-64	4 59-64
September and October	4 54-64	4 54-64

NET RECEIPTS, EXPORTS AND STOCKS AT ALL UNITED STATES PORTS.

	1892-93.	1891-92.
Receipts for 4 days	39,221	69,493
Receipts since Sept 1	4,222,571	6,094,207
Exports for 4 days	28,419	79,276
Stocks	948,449	1,171,179

RECEIPTS AT OTHER POINTS.

Galveston	2,477	Wilmington	29
New Orleans	11,778	Memphis	1,316
Mobile	867	Augusta	101
Charleston	170	Boston	1,727
Norfolk	1,125	Philadelphia	81
Savannah	1,037		

Coffee Market.

Reported by the Hanley & Kinsella Coffee and Spice Co., 707, 709 and 711 Spruce st.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 28, 1893.

	First Call.	Second Call.	Third Call.
Feb	.....	.....	.....
March	17.60 b	17.60	.....
April	17.15 b	17.15	17.15
May	17.00	16.84	.....
June	16.80 b	.....	.....
July	16.75	.....	.....

Mail Pouch Coffee, 23.85c.

RIO—First ordinary 14 mil., 300; good seconds, 13 mil.; exchange, 13?; receipts, 2 days, 16,000; clearances to United States, 5,000; Europe, 10,000; stock, 228,000; market firm. Santos receipts, 2 days, 12,000; stock, 235,000; market firm; good average; Santos unchanged.

THEY HAD A TILT.

The Yore Will Case Proceedings Enlivened by a Wrangle.

ATTORNEY JOHN D. JOHNSON AND JUDGE KLEIN EXCHANGE WORDS.

The Trouble Arose Over Statements Made to the Jury by the Lawyer—Testimony Heard To-Day as to the Value of Capt. Yore's Property—News of the Civil Courts.

The feature to-day of the Yore will contest case, on trial in Judge Klein's court, was the tilt between Mr. J. D. Johnson, who is of counsel for the plaintiffs, and Judge Klein.

Mr. Johnson attempted to introduce evidence to show the rental value of the property on the southwest corner of Twelfth and Olive streets and also of the property at Eighth and St. Charles streets, which belong to the Yore estate. The Court held that the parties testifying, not being the agents of the property, could not give evidence as to its rental value.

Mr. Johnson then stated that his object in producing this evidence was to show that if the property could be leased at its present value it would pay a handsome income to the life tenants who were now receiving but a mere pittance from it, as it could not under the terms of the will even be improved.

Mr. J. C. Jones, attorney for the defendants, objected to these statements in the presence of the jury.

Judge Klein said he would sustain the objection, and at the same time take occasion to remark to the jury—even at the risk of having Mr. Johnson take exceptions to his remarks—that the jury were to take no notice of the statements made by counsel in the case which were in the nature of evidence. They were only to accept as evidence the statement of witnesses admitted by the court as proper evidence.

Col. Pat Dyer, also of plaintiff's counsel, here jumped to his feet and said:

"We do take exception to the remarks of the Court, inasmuch as they are unwarranted. The members of that jury are sworn to give a verdict on the evidence, and under the instructions given by the Court, so that it is not necessary for the Court to make any comments on that."

"And I wish to further take exception," said Mr. Johnson, "to the Court's remarks, as they were aimed at me personally, and consider them entirely unCalled for. I am a sworn officer of this court, the same as your honor, and in the trial of this case I have my rights as well as the court, which the law protects. I have the right to say in the presence of this jury that the property of the Yore estate was tied up by the will and I am going to drum it into them on every occasion."

"I note your exceptions, Mr. Johnson," said Judge Klein, "now proceed with the trial of the case." There were several other tilts of a milder character during the trial.

Dr. J. P. Bryson was the first witness. Among other things he said:

"About twenty-four hours before Capt. Yore's death the Captain was in a comatose state. It was produced by uræmic poisoning."

Witness saw him every day from June 27 to 29 and from the 1st to the 14th of July.

He could not tell how long Capt. Yore had been suffering from kidney disease.

Mr. John D. Johnson, attorney for the plaintiffs, here attempted to prove by Dr. Bryson that Capt. Yore was afflicted with Addison's disease of the kidneys for a long time prior to May 11. He put question after question to the witness, to all of which Mr. J. C. Jones objected, and the Court sustained the objections.

On cross-examination, he said that the only conversations he held with Capt. Yore were regarding his sickness, and he thought he answered the questions intelligently. He did not tell Capt. Yore, but he did tell others around him that he could not recover from his sickness.

The exhaustion from which he suffered was more bodily than mental exhaustion. He had seen him in a delirious state only once and that was a couple of days before his death. His death occurred on July 14.

Mr. Fred G. Ziebig was the next witness. He said that the property on the southwest corner of Olive and Twelfth streets was worth in May, 1889, about $100,000. At the present time he considered it worth about $250,000. The property at Eighth and St. Charles streets was worth about $600 a foot in 1889, or $42,000 for the lot. It is now worth about $1,500 a foot, or $105,000 for the whole.

Mr. Robt. Rutledge testified that the Twelfth street property was worth from $125,000 to $150,000 in 1889.

The Eighth street property was worth from $600 to $700 per foot. It is now worth about $2,500 per foot or $161,000 for the entire lot.

Court Notes.

The will of Antoine Sheffer was admitted to probate to-day. She directs that her body be cremated and the ashes placed in an urn and put on her husband's grave. After a few minor bequests of personal effects to friends she leaves the residue of her estate to her sister, Augusta Mueller.

The Charter Oak Investment Co. filed articles to increase its capital stock from $2,000 to $50,000. Assets $2,000, liabilities nothing.

The Grand Laundry Co. was incorporated to-day, with a capital stock of $150,000, all paid. The incorporators are: E. P. Huston of Evansville, Ind., 507 shares; W. H. Merriweather of St. Louis 253 shares and others.

Alice Belle Foster was granted a decree of divorce to-day by Judge Fisher from Joseph A. Foster on the ground of cruel treatment and abuse. The parties were married in July, 1881, and separated in August, 1892.

A decree of divorce was granted to-day to Anie Smith from Andrew Smith on the ground of desertion. They were married in 1879. She was also given the custody of their three children.

The Court of Appeals overruled motions for rehearing this morning in the following cases: O'Neal vs. Day, Cody vs. Vaughan, Mason vs. Pennington, McAllister vs. Rue, State vs. Rodden.

James W. Finley brought suit for divorce to-day against Mary R. Finley, whom he alleges he married in Bloomington, Ill., in March, 1868, and who, he claims, deserted him in March, 1887.

Among the divorces granted yesterday afternoon by Judge Fisher were the following: James Spencer from Hattie Spencer. Lizzie Lynch from James L. Lynch with $20 per month alimony and custody of child. Elizabeth Grant from John A. Grant. Mary Montgomery from John Montgomery. Thomas J. Bartholow from Fannie Bartholow. Alice Segrave from Peter Segrave with $2,500 alimony in gross and custody of children.

ROUND trip Denver ticket will be presented to first person giving dates on which Burlington Route ad. is omitted during 1893.

HIS SKULL CRUSHED.

Charles W. Robinson Killed by an Elevator's Fall To-Day.

Charles W. Robinson, who is employed running a freight elevator at the Simmons Hardware Co.'s warehouse on Poplar street, between Seventh and Eighth streets, was found dead, with his skull crushed in, beneath his elevator at 7:30 this morning. Deceased was 33 years old, unmarried and lived at 822 North Twenty-third street, and had been employed as elevator man by the Simmons Hardware Co. for the past three years. This morning he is believed to have come to work at the usual hour, as the man in charge of the adjoining elevator heard him moving about. It was noticed that the elevator was not running, and a search was made which resulted in finding his body beneath the elevator car at the bottom of the shaft. It is supposed that he went into the bottom of the shaft to bring the elevator down and was caught beneath the descending car. The inquest will be held this afternoon.

A LENTEN DELICACY.—Bayle's deviled cheese. Ask your grocer for a jar.

"FEELS LIKE A NEW WOMAN."



Oh, would I were dead now,
Or up in my bed now,
To cover up my head now,
And have a good cry!

Nerves jangled and out of tune wring this cry from a tired woman.

Many a one feels this wish for a good cry after the dinner is over and the guests gone. There are many trials that beset the faithful housewife and relax her nervous system.

"Four weeks ago," says Mrs. F. F. Vickery of East Auburn, Me., "I was suffering from one of those awful bad headaches which have been my companion for the past year, only worse at times. My back ached. I did not sleep well, and I had those frightened nights which only those who are nervous can understand. I did not care whether I ate anything or not—rather not. I felt so tired and had that all-gone feeling, with no strength to do my easiest home duties. One short flight of stairs took all the breath and strength I had, and then I could just sit down and cry.

"Every little noise made me jump and my head snap. My eyes felt as though they were being drawn in through the top of my head. I must confess I was feeling sick. A friend, who had only taken a few doses of Paine's celery compound herself and had received much benefit from it, said to me: 'Won't you please try some of my compound?' Well, I took some. In three days I was feeling like a new person, got me a bottle, and when that was gone I could take a full dose.

"I have gained strength every day, and can eat three or four times a day. I sleep like a log, and my head must be a new one, as I have not had a bad headache since I began taking the compound. I can get up two flights of stairs all right now, and feel so much better that I wish every one in the world who ever had these feelings would just try one bottle of Paine's celery compound and be convinced of its worth. I cannot say too much in its praise."

And Mrs. S. C. Perkins of the same place, whose portrait is given above, says. "For three years I was in a very weak and debilitated condition. I tried many physicians, but could get no relief from any of them.

"I tried Paine's celery compound and to that I owe my complete restoration to health. My nervous system was a total wreck; and I was unable to do my work much of the time, but now I am doing my own work, and can sleep nights well—the result of taking three bottles of the compound. I recommend it to all who are suffering from dyspepsia or are 'run down.' I do not think that I could say too much in favor of it."

Thousands of such letters from every State in the Union might be printed, but these years of splendid results have so connected Paine's celery compound with success that the name itself has become a perpetual letter of recommendation.

OUR NEW STORE,

613 and 615 Olive Street

(Next to Barr's),

Will open in about ten days with the grandest stock of Ladies', Misses', Children's, Boys' and Youths' Shoes in connection with our Men's Department ever shown in this city.

We mean to win your patronage and will offer you inducements in the shape of Honest Footwear at uniform close prices.

We have a surprise in store for the Ladies in the shape of an imported Bisque or China Souvenir—just the thing for your what-not or chiffonier.

Wait for us. Watch the daily papers for date of opening.

G. H. BOEHMER,

613 and 615 Olive St., next to Barr's.

Deaths.

BURK—On Monday, Feb. 27, at 3 p. m., MARY BURK, beloved wife of John Burk, after a lingering illness, aged 41 years.

Funeral will take place from family residence, 5918 Michigan avenue (Carondelet), on Wednesday, March 1, at 2 p. m., to Sts. Mary and Joseph Church, thence to Mt. Olive Cemetery. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

GRAHAM—WALTER G. GRAHAM, at 10:30 a. m. Tuesday, Feb. 28, only son of Margaret L. Graham, at the age of 33 years.

Chicago (Ill.) and Sedalia (Mo.) papers please copy.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

HEAD—On the 27th inst. at 11:45 p. m., JOSEPHINE HEAD, beloved daughter of Michael and Maggie Head (nee Healy), aged 18 years.

Funeral from residence, 1462 Madison street, Wednesday, March 1, at 2 o'clock, to St. Michael's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

MACK—At 2 o'clock a. m., Feb. 28, after a lingering illness, OTTO P. MACK, aged 44 years.

Funeral Thursday at 2 p. m. from family residence, 1900 Arsenal street. Friends of the family are invited to attend. Please omit flowers.

M'CANDLESS—On Tuesday, Feb. 28, at 9:45 a. m., of diphtheria, EFFIE LANSDEN MCCANDLESS, daughter of Dr. Wm. A. and Alice Lansden McCandless, aged 4 years and 8 months.

Funeral from the residence, 2329 Lafayette avenue, Wednesday, March 1, at 2 p. m. Interment private.

MENAUTH—On Tuesday, Feb. 28, at 1:50 p. m., MRS. JULIA MENAUTH, aged 65 years.

Funeral Thursday morning at 9:30 o'clock from the family residence, 2508 North Thirteenth street.

SOHN—Peacefully, on Sunday night, Feb. 26, ANNA GENEVIEVE SOHN (nee Robinson), beloved and devoted wife of Frank Sohn, 3152 Brantner place, passed away.

Funeral from Rock Church, Grand and Finney avenues, at 10 a. m., Wednesday, March 1.

New Orleans papers please copy.

THOMPSON—Feb. 27, 1 a. m., MRS. CATHERIN THOMPSON (nee Cahalin), aged 34 years, beloved sister of Lawrence and Mary Cahalin.

Funeral Wednesday, March 1, at 1:30 p. m., from family residence, 212 South Twenty-first street, to St. John's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends invited.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued today:

John Leobit	1319 N. 8th st
Celia Goldberg	3227 N. 9th st
Otta Steiner	1729 S. 10th st
Bertha Jurke	1729 S. 10th st
Wilbur S. Simmons	Terre Haute, Ind
Ella C. Coleman	3850 Easton av

PURE 24-KT. GOLD WEDDING RINGS.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
COR. BROADWAY AND LOCUST ST.

Carondelet Jottings.

Mayor Noonan is booked to address the Democrats of the Thirteenth Ward this evening at St. Boniface Hall. The committee in charge have procured a brass band and a number of pyrotechnics and will meet the Mayor at Broadway and Robert avenue, where they will, amid the toot of the horns and the boom of the rocket, escort him to the hall.

The congregation of the Carondelet M. E. Church will give a unique party this evening at the church parlors. The proceedings will go towards defraying the expenses of the church.

The remains of the late Mrs. Catherine Reiser, who died Sunday at her home at Bell Point, were interred at the Nickerson graveyard this morning at 10 o'clock.

While shopping in the city yesterday Mrs. M. Barkley of West Primm street had her pocket picked of a pocketbook containing $11.

Work on the Semlien line from Meramec street south on Virginia avenue to Stringtown road began this morning. The roadway, it is anticipated, will be completed and in operation by the middle of July.

Mr. George Bleitz of St. Louis County was seriously hurt yesterday afternoon by his horse running away and colliding with a telegraph pole on the Telegraph road. Mr. Bleitz fell from his buggy sustaining ugly scalp wounds.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney

DRY GOODS CO.

WASH GOODS DEPARTMENT

Basement Salesroom.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1,

SPECIAL OPENING OF ALL LATEST ARRIVALS.

Now is the time to make selections. There is always a choice, even in the largest variety, and first selections are liable to be the choicest patterns.

Just fresh from the Custom-house to-day, choice and elegant line

Printed Dotted Swisses,

The most beautiful Wash Dress Fabric imported. Designs entirely new and are confined to our house alone for St. Louis.

Just opened, new lot

French Organdies,

Light, dark and medium grounds. Designs are new and beautiful, patterns our own and not shown in any other establishment in St. Louis.

Satines Again Fashionable.

Will open the choicest selection of these new French goods imported.

New Styles in Old Time French Jaconets,

In all shades and designs. This will be one of the most popular wash fabrics introduced this season.

Linen Lawns in New Designs.

New French and Scotch Ginghams.

Never before this season have we shown such a variety of this most popular of all wash fabrics. Many styles shown by us that can not be duplicated, elsewhere, especially line of Silk Ginghams.

The largest Choice Selection of

Spring Silks

In the market will be on display Wednesday morning.

200 pieces

Imported Challies.

Styles exclusively our own, and are without exception choicest designs and qualities manufactured.

Next Sunday's Prizes!

Read the List!

Thirty-One Prizes.

Trip for Two to World's Fair!

Trip for One to World's Fair!

Via the WABASH, with hotel bills paid through World's Fair Hotel Bureau, 523 Chestnut street, Room 3, at a high-class hotel in Chicago.

THREE ELEGANT WATCHES!

Two Gold—One Silver,

On exhibition in the window of E. H. KORTKAMP JEWELRY CO., 507 Franklin av. Guaranteed to be first-class goods.

A BEAUTIFUL PICTURE

From GEO. F. HEFFERNAN, 1010 Olive street. A Picture worth $15 may be selected by the winner from his extensive stock, or two or more cheaper pictures not exceeding a value of $15 may be selected.

TWENTY-FIVE OTHER PRIZES OF VALUE.

EVEERYBODY

Knows all about the Sunday Post-Dispatch Bible Verse Contests. A coupon authorizing the holder to become a participant is published in the

SUNDAY "WANT" DIRECTORY.

All persons putting a Want Ad. in the Post-Dispatch will receive a green coupon, authorizing them to enter the contest. Want advertisers may send in an additional answer, provided Coupon published every Sunday is used in filling out answer.

The contest holds open until Tuesday, 6 p. m., to give country subscribers an equal opportunity with city readers. To the first correct answer examined the first prize is given, the next prize to the next correct answer, and so on, until the prizes are all given out.

There Are Thirty-One of Them!

And they go a long way. If you "ain't in on this," you ought to be.

THE INDIANA.

Launch of the Immense Battle Ship This Morning.

Atty.-Gen. Miller's Daughter Bathed the Bow in Champagne.

THE PRESIDENT AND HIS OFFICIAL ADVISERS WERE SPECTATORS.

Crowds of Citizens Gathered at the Cramps' Yards and on the Delaware to See the Great Vessel Slide Down the Ways—Dimensions and Armament of the Latest Addition to the Navy—She Is Not Intended for Running Away.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 28.—The great battle-ship Indiana was successfully launched at the ship-yard of the William Cramp & Sons Co. in the presence of thousands of persons, among them the President of the United States, the Secretary of the Navy, other members of the Cabinet and quite a large delegation of Congressmen, who arrived from Washington on a special train.

As if anxious to get into her native element the huge coast-defense ship slid down the well greased rails with rapidity and struck the smooth water of the Deleware River with a force that sent waves high into the air. Then she was towed back to the wharves and in about a year will be ready for service and turned over to the Government.

In the early morning crowds began to gather around the works, and as the day advanced the multitude increased. The anxiety of the gathering to catch a glimpse of the President and other distinguished members of the visiting party from Washington was so much greater than to see the launching that the entrance to the main office of the Cramps was blocked for hours before the arrival of the honored guests. The non-issuance of formal invitations, however, gave the thousands of sight-seers an opportunity to be present at the launch and points of vantage were numerous. The river abounded with crafts of every description and most every boat floated the national colors. The center of the ship yard presented a scene of activity. Flags were flying from dozens of poles; the cruiser New York and cruiser No. 12, the Columbia, which was launched last July, and other ships were gaily bedecked with flags and bunting, while flags innumerable and other decorations were stretched from stem to stern of the Indiana.

The arrival of the Presidential party was the signal for loud and continued cheering. The party came from Washington on a special train over the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad. Among the visitors were Secretary of the Navy Tracy, Postmaster General Wanamaker, Attorney General Miller and his daughter, Miss Jessie, Senators Voorhees and Turpie of Indiana, in honor of whose State the vessel is named, and others. The President and the other gentlemen of the party acknowledged the complimentary cheer by smiling and raising their hats.

The guests were received in the office of the company by Charles Cramp, President of the company; Henry W. Cramp, Treasurer, and other officials. The line was then formed and the christening party then proceeded to the battle ship and took positions on a raised platform at the bow. The noise of 500 workmen making the final preparations reverberated between the sides of the Indiana and the ship Massachusetts on the south and Cruiser No. 13 (the Minneapolis) on the north for a quarter of an hour, and then the order was given to "saw the ways."

Just as the 4,200 tons of steel started down the incline Miss Miller, daughter of the Attorney-General, broke the customary bottle of champagne, it being encased in a beautifully painted and embroidered satin cover, across the bow and said:

"I christen thee Indiana."

Whistles shrieked, bells rang and people cheered and waived handkerchiefs and flags. The demonstration continued until the ship reached mid stream, where anchors were dropped. Later the anchors were raised and the vessel was towed to the ship yard.

The Indiana is the eighth war ship that the Cramps have launched and is the largest ever sent from their ways. Up to this time the New York, with a tonnage of 8,000, was the largest. The Indiana, the most formidable of the vessels built or building for the new American navy, is a war ship of which any nation might be proud and is a triumph for American ship designers, ship-builders, and, it is hoped, of American marine engine building. So far as her engines are concerned their power and efficacy will have to be ascertained, but the contract calls for high power and good speed.

The keel of the Indiana was laid on May 7, 1891, she being the first of the three vessels authorized by the act of Congress approved June 30, 1890. The principal dimensions are: Length on load line, 348 feet; extreme beam, 68 feet 3 inches, draught on level keel, 23 feet. The vessel's displacement will be 10,288 tons. She is built of steel and has a double bottom for a distance of 196 feet, covering the machinery and magazine spaces. Thus all the vital portions are amply protected, and every feature is provided to enable her to cope successfully with vessels of the heaviest armor and armament.

The armament of the Indiana is four 13-inch breech-loading rifles, eight 8-inch breech-loading rifles, nine 6-inch breech-loading rifles, twenty 6-pound rapid fire guns, four 1-pound rapid fire guns, four Gatling guns, six torpedo tubes. All the guns are protected by the latest inventions from the fire of an enemy. The rapid fire guns are so arranged that a radiating fire of shot may be thrown around the vessel. The four 13-inch and the eight 6-inch guns are mounted in pairs within six turrets, two of which are erected on the main deck, the former containing the larger and the latter the smaller guns. The turrets are all mounted in redoubts.

The armor of the Indiana, which was made at the works of the Bethlehem Iron Co. is the heaviest that was ever placed on an American war ship. The following figures show the thickness of the plating: Thickness of the side belt, 14 inches; of end diagonal belt, 14 inches; of 13-inch breech-loading rifle redoubts, 17 inches, and of 8-inch rifle redoubts, 8 and 10 inches.

In addition to the armor protection, the engines will be protected by the coal in the bunkers, measuring 12 feet on each side of the side armor. Each boiler and engine is in a separate water-tight compartment, in order to localize any possible injury. The engines are of the twin screw, vertical, triple expansion, inverted cylinder type; diameter of cylinders as follows: High pressure, 34.5 inches; intermediate, 48 inches; low pressure, 75 inches; stroke, 42 inches. The normal coal supply is 400 tons, but a coal bunker capacity of 1,800 tons is provided. The vessel, according to contract, must develop a speed of sixteen knots an hour, and thus, with a full coal supply, she will be able to steam for ten days, giving her a radius of action of about 4,000 knots.

"The complement of the vessel, officers and crew, will be 460 persons. Good quarters and accommodations are provided for the men, all the latest sanitary improvements being placed on the ship. The Indiana is designed especially as a vessel to fight and do no running away at all, and it is the opinion of those acquainted with marine architecture as applied to war ships, that she will answer fully the purpose for which she was built. Her cost will be $3,025,000.

The Indiana can come alongside of any hostile vessel that could reach our shores and give and take fair battle in the style exhibited by the American navy of the time of Paul Jones and Decatur. There are six powerful search lights arranged along the sides to locate the enemy at night and to guard against small boat attacks under cover of darkness.

The complement of twelve boats and one balsa are stowed well above the flash of the guns and are handled by means of powerful cranes. The vessel is also provided with a complete incasement of torpedo netting.

THE PRESIDENT'S PARTY.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 28.—A heavy, steady fall of rain marked the departure of President Harrison from Washington to-day for Philadelphia, where he went with a large party to witness the christening of the Indiana. The excursionists left the B. & O. Station at 7:30 o'clock in the private car of Vice-President Lord. Besides the President, the party included the Postmaster-General and Mrs. and Miss Wanamaker; the Attorney General, Mrs. and the Misses Miller; Secretary Tracy, Secretary-elect and Miss Herbert, Assistant Secretary and Mrs. Soley, Senators Washburn and Butler, Admiral Jouett, Private Secretary Halford, Lieut. J. F. Parker, Miss Hurd, Miss Nora Michener and Mrs. and Miss Blackburn. The party expect to return to Washington at 7:30 o'clock this evening.

MECHANICS' and engineers' clothing cleansed like magic with Fairbank's Clairette Soap. It eclipses all others as a purifier. Your grocer keeps it. You will be glad when you try it.

RETURNED A CORPSE.

Thomas Tynan Came Back to His Family After an Absence of Eleven Years.

After an absence of eleven years Thomas Tynan, whose wife and children live at 3010 Thomas street, was brought home dead one day last week, and on Friday last Mrs. Tynan went to Hillsboro, Ill., to attend the interment of her long-lost husband.

It was the sequel of a story of a wife's life sorrow occasioned by the inconsideration and stubbornness of the husband. Tynan, when a young man resided at Hillsboro, Ill., and there he met Mrs. Anna Lynch, a handsome young widow, with one daughter, a small girl named Ella. He wooed and won the widow and the couple lived together for a number of years happily as everyone supposed, as the young man was industrious and steady and his wife amable and lovely. Six children were born to them, four sons and two daughters. Tynan was at times irritable, and easily vexed by small matters, and one day eleven years ago he found fault with his wife and in a fit flung himself out of the front door of his house, saying that he would never re-enter it. He kept his word, and from that day until a little over a week agy his family heard no tidings of him. Mrs. Tynan waited patiently frequently saying that "Tom would come back some day." He did come, but as a corpse.

At Leadville, Colot, about the 1st of February a man who had been known as Thos. Tynan died of camp colic in a hotel where he had lived many years. His most intimate friends had never learned anything of his antecedents, and his body was remaved to the Morgue, embalmed and held there to await complete identification. An old lady had at some time been told by Tynan that his family was formerly of Hillsboro, Ill., but had removed to St. Louis, and that his daughter was a telegraph operator. She informed Tynam's friends of this fact and they telegraphed to the Western Union officials here. This led to acomplete identification of the body, which was then shipped East. It was met at the depot by the family, who had no difficulty in recognizing the features of the deceased. Mrs. Mary Tynan, mother of the dead man, was buried last week at Hillsboro. Two of Tynan's daughters, who have grown up since he went away, his stepdaughter and two sons are employes of the Western Union Co. The younger children have no recollection of their father.

A Trip to the Gulf Country.

North Galveston, Tex., has of late been creating a lively curiosity among northern investors who have heard of the wonderful industrial and agricultural fertility of this southern spot. An excursion provided by the North Galveston Association will leave St. Louis for North Galveston March 1, 1893.

This affords a splendid opportunity to behold the marvelous resources of the coming industrial center of the Gulf and at the same time enjoy a brief sojourn in this mild and healthful climate, forgetting northern blizzards amid budding fruit and ripening strawberries.

Special inducements are offered. Apply for particulars to W. T. Dixon, 801 Wainwright Building, agent North Galveston Association, St. Louis, Mo.

SUING FOR BREACH OF PROMISE.

A Case With Peculiar Features Comes Up in Judge Spaulding's Court.

There was a breach of promise suit on Justice Spaulding's docket, to-day, the style of which was Sebilla Spahn against Julius Lampe, and thereby hangs a tale. Sebilla sues Julius for $300 damages for toying with her affections and then crushing them. The case is a peculiar one and the parties have once before figured in the newspapers. From the statement of Mr. Henry Roth, who represents Mr. Lampe in the suit, the story of love runs as follows: About Dec. 10 last Sebilla Spahn, who is about 32 years old, and who has a boy 3 years of age, met Julius Lampe, who is a widower and about 57 years of age. Neither party can speak English, though when Sebilla learned that Julius had a policy on his life for $2,000 and was not blind to her many charms and attractions, she told him she could speak English, and in proof of the assertion would now and then whisper softly in his ear, "Shulius, I lof you." This seemed to have caught him and an arrangement was made that the parties should marry and open a small butcher shop, which business she professed to know and said she could run to the profit of both.

Accordingly on Dec. 15 last a marriage license was procured and both parties took up their abode at 1448 South Third street, where a butcher shop was opened with money which Lampe borrowed. It was agreed by the parties that the ceremony should be performed on Christmas Day, but unfortunately or fortunately for both, a lady who was to act as bridemaid on the occasion was sick and the wedding was postponed.

During all this time the 3-year-old boy of Sebilla did not seem to take kindly to his newly acquired father, and, in the language of the street gamins, he "made it hot for him." He tortured and tormented him by day and would not let him sleep at night. For a lad of his tender years Lampe said he displayed the ingenuity of the devil in the way of making life a burden.

He reproached Sebilla for the boy's conduct and asked her who the daddy of the child was. Much to his surprise, so Lampe says, he was informed that the boy was an illegitimate child and that the fair Sebilla was never legally married before.

Then he began to kick and said that while he was willing to overlook this little piece of deception on his part he would be hanged if he lived under the same roof with that kid. She informed him that he would have to take both or neither. He said neither, and thereupon she and the boy betook themselves off and hence the suit.

The Justice is still hearing evidence in the case.

Charged With Illegal Liquor-Selling.

This morning John Stanfield of Pemiscott County, Mo., was arraigned before United States Commissioner Crawford on the charge of having sold liquor without the payment of a special tax. He was held in default of $200 bail to appear at the May term of the District Court.

DO YOU COUGH
DON'T DELAY
TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM
THE BEST COUGH CURE

It cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and $1.00.

WITH A FREE HAND

President Harrison Has Extended Pardon to Many Criminals.

BANK WRECKERS AND EMBEZZLERS SEE JAIL DOORS OPEN.

The Prospective Release of Harper Recalls a Long List of Gilt-Edge Crooks Who Are Beneficiaries of Mr. Harrison's Pardoning Power—Some of the Men and Their Crimes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 28.—The prospective release of ex-Banker Edward J. Harper from the penitentiary through a pardon by President Harrison calls attention to the long list of gilt-edged robbers who have been beneficiaries of the pardoning power during Mr. Harrison's administration. Harper, as President of the Fidelity National Bank of Cincinnati, used the money of the bank to carry on a reckless wheat deal in the Chicago market until the bank went down with claims amounting to $4,302,397 proved against it. He was convicted of a violation of the Federal banking laws and sentenced Dec. 12, 1887, to ten years in the Ohio penitentiary at Columbus. This sentence would expire in April, 1894. The commutation granted him by President Harrison makes it expire May 1, 1893, and is granted because the prisoner is said to be dangerously ill. Harper's crime brought penury and want to many households and shook all Ohio.

Sixteen other bank wreckers or embezzlers have been pardoned or have had their sentences commuted by President Harrison.

One of these was added to the number on last Wednesday, when the President reduced from seven years to five years the sentence imposed Sept. 25, 1890, on George P. Whitney, a bookkeeper in the Albany City National Bank of New York, convicted of making false entries and of embezzling.

Here are the others who have benefited by the exercise of the pardoning power of the President: Frederick F. Bickel of Minnesota, James M. Meech of Connecticut, William Herbst of Pennsylvania, Isaac A. Stanley of Ohio, B. H. Jones of Kansas, Fitch E. Stevens of Michigan, John M. McKee of Ohio, R. T. K. Bain of Virginia, Edward W. Donne of California, Joseph Knight of Pennsylvania, L. W. Buskey of Virginia, Isaac Rodgers of Pennsylvania, Emmet V. Rhoades of Ohio, Gen. Peter J. Claassen and James A. Simmons of New York.

Of this notorious company Claassen and Simmons are known most widely, for their operations were the most gigantic, daring and novel. Three banks were their prey. These two men are but recent objects of Executive clemency. President Harrison, on Feb. 14, granted Claassen a commutation of two years on his six yearss' sentence and pardoned Simmons outright on Nov. 21, 1892. About the same time Gov. Flower pardoned the third member of this band of conspirtors, George H. Pell.

Simmons was the head of the bankwreckers. Their method of work is colloquially known as check-kiting, and by it they got control of the Equitable and Lenox Hill State Banks and the Sixth National Bank of New York City and looted the strong boxes of securities. The crash came when the Bank Examiner took control of the Sixth National Bank in January, 1890, and the syndicate of wreckers fell with the banks which they had plundered. The deficit of the Sixth National Bank amounted to $622,000.

Some time before the operation of the syndicate began Simmons was a successful canal contractor. He first became known as the head of the North American Dredging Co., and organized other companies for canal construction. One of these was formed to build the Pontchartrain Canal, near New Orleans to save by a ten-mile waterway a distance of 120 miles in navigation between the Mississippi and the Gulf. Gen. Peter J. Claassen was president of the company.

Simmons and Claassen next negotiated for contracts amounting to $10,000,000 in the great Nicaragua Canal scheme. Both of the enterprises required much more capital than they could raise, and furnished the motive for the crime which followed. They first secured control of the Equitable Bank, the capital of which was largely on paper, and then reached out for the Lenox Hill Bank. By means of "kite checks" and other expedients known to reckless financiers they manipulated the finances of these banks to their own satisfaction.

A national bank was necessary to the success of the canal enterprises, and Simmons bought the Sixth National Bank from President Leland, its chief owner, paying for it much more than it was worth. Simmons did not have the money to do this, but "kite-checks" on the other banks represented cash until Simmons elected himself Pressdent and got all the gilt-edged securities of the Sixth National, with which he made good the checks he had given. There were several others interested in the juggling, and the syndicate became careless, as well as reckless. The crash followed.

The canal schemes and other financial enterprises of the conspirators dissolved. Simmons was arrested and convicted. Gen. Claassen, his associate, shared the same fate. Each was sentenced to six years' imprisonment. Claassen was sentenced March 18, 1891, to the Erie penitentiary.

George H. Pell was sentenced to seven and a half years in Sing Sing prison. Pell was convicted in a State court for stealing the bonds of the Lenox Hill Bank, which was not a national bank. The other men who figured in the wrecking band escaped punishment.

James M. Meech is considered one of the leading and most respected citizens of Norwich, Conn. Nine years ago he was prominent in social affairs and was the trusted cashier of the Merchants' National Bank of that city. On Jan. 18, 1885, the State was shocked by the announcement that Meech and Assistant Cashier Charles Webb had robbed the bank of nearly $150,000. At the same time it was discovered that Cashier William Roath of the Shetucket Bank was also an embezzler. Webb was also Treasurer of the City of Norwich, and used the public funds for his own use.

An investigation showed that the defalcations of the Merchants' Bank had extended over a period of ten years, although the greater part of the money had been stolen in the two years previous to the discovery, during the time when stocks took a tumble, soon after the assassination of President Garfield. The entire $150,090 was lost in Wall street speculation.

In asking for sentences District-Attorney Stanton called the Court's attention to the fact that not one national bank defaulter convicted in ten years had served out half his sentence. The three men began their prison life on Feb. 27, 1885. Meech was pardoned by President Harrison May 24, 1889, shortly before the expiration of his sentence.

Isaac A. Stanley was paying teller of the National Bank of Commerce, Cleveland, O. In 1883 he was arrested for the embezzlement of about $100,000 of the bank's funds, which he had lost in wheat speculation. He was indicted at once, but the case hung fire in the courts for nearly four years, when he was finally sentenced to serve six years in the penitentiary. He had served out two years of that sentence when, on Dec. 16, 1889, President Harrison commuted it to two years and six months.

So it has been throughout the whole list. All these men had political influence, or what amounts to the same thing, they had friends who possessed this magic power that caused a President to open wide their prison doors, while the poor devil whose thefts affected but one person, and that one but in a comparatively slight degree, is allowed to serve out his term as a warning to society.

The moral that many people will draw from all this is that it is much more respectable and an offense more easily forgiven to wreck and rob a bank than to pick pockets or pilfer in any of the more vulgar ways.

DR. PRICE'S
DELICIOUS
Flavoring Extracts
NATURAL FRUIT FLAVORS.
Vanilla
Lemon
Orange
Rose, etc.
Of perfect purity—
Of great strength—
Economy in their use.
Flavor as delicately
and deliciously as the fresh fruit.

COL. SILLOWAYE SPEAKS.

What a Colonel of Gen. McClellan's Staff Says.

He Saved President Lincoln From Capture.

He Was the Preserver Also of John Jacob Astor.

Col. William A. H. Silloway is 60 years old. He resides at Bellows Falls, Vt., and is connected with the Bellows Falls Times. He has something of the most vital interest to say to his fellow soldiers of the G. A. R., and to his fellow men the world over.

In "Rifle Shots and Bullet Shells," there can be found a sketch of Col. Sillowaye, wherein it is shown that he indirectly saved the Union when, in 1863, he prevented the capture of Lincoln by the Confederates. He also saved John Jacob Astor from a similar fate in 1862 in the Peninsular campaign. Col. Sillowaye served four years and eight month in the army and navy during the war, and from April, 1861, to February, 1863, he served his country without pay or reward of any kind.

He knew all the Union generals and Secretary Stanton and Mr. Welles. He was lieutenant-colonel on Gen McClellan's staff in 1862. Col. Sillowaye is a practical printer, engineer and linguist. He has set up works in Greek, French, Spanish, Latin and Hebrew. He was employed during five years at Oxford, England, on Homan's Greek bible, and there, in 1859, the degree of LL.D. was conferred upon him. His first wife was a daughter of Sir William Blackie and niece of Sir Richard Houghton. His present wife is a relative of Hon. William M. Evarts, and a very gifted lady.

Col. Sillowaye is a very modest man, and only consented to talk to the writer after it was shown that it would be criminal for him to keep his knowledge to himself while others suffered.

So here is his story as it fell from his lips. He saw it written out and he indersed every word of it.

"On the 19th of April, 1861, I enlisted in the army of the North. I weighed 162 pounds. After serving four years and eight months in the army and navy, and suffering from wounds and rheumatism I was discharged. I weighed the day I was discharged



Col. Sillowaye.

109 pounds. Every year I had attacks of nervous prostration; shortness of breath and loss of appetite were not the least of my misfortunes. I tried numberless things. Nothing did me any good.

"While employed in Boston I was compelled to resign my position on account of ill-health. I consulted several eminent physicians and took their medicines. No use—I grew worse day after day. They told me I could not live. I could not walk alone in the street without falling or clinging to railings. At times I would shake and twitch. Had spells of falling down in the office and on the street. In the house I had to lie down or drop down. Several times I believed I was at death's door.

"I had been commander of three different G. A. R. Posts and my comrades advised me to try Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. I bought a bottle and when I had taken two-thirds of it I began to improve. I kept on taking it, improving all the time. I now weigh 130 pounds and feel like my old self again.

"You can put it in your paper that I attribute my good health to nothing but Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. I am perfectly satisfied that it saved my life. I am 60 years of age, but as you can see for yourself, I am as active as a man of 40 and can do a good day's work as people here well know. My friends in Boston, New York and other places are surprised at my recovery. Indeed, I am surprised myself to be so well. I advise everybody afflicted to buy and try Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy at once."

At this season of the year, when everybody needs and is using a spring medicine, we advise the use of this wonderful health restorer. It is by all odds the best spring medicine ever discovered, and immediately invigorates the blood, strengthens the nerves and restores a healthy action of all the organs.

Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy is as harmless as it is good, and it is purely vegetable. It sells at $1 per bottle. Physicians recommend it to their patients, as it is not a patent medicine. It is the discovery of that eminent specialist, Dr. Greene, who can be consulted personally or by letter at 35 W. 14th st., New York, at all times.

THE boys, the girls, the young folks, the middle aged and the old folks have discovered a household treasure in Fairbank's Clairette Soap. Pure, cheap, handy. Give it a trial.

THE MINISTERS' CHOICE.

Dr. Werlein to Make the Address on Politics—Alliance Officers Recommended.

The regular monthly meeting of the Evangelical Alliance was held yesterday morning. The attendance was large. The Committee on Election recommended the following officers for the ensuing year. For President, Rev. John Mathews, D.D.; Vice-President, J. S. Keihly; Secretary and Treasurer, D. C. Stewart; Assistant Treasurer, S. C. Buckingham. Board of Counselors—Rev. Mark Rhodes, George E. Martin, J. F. Corrington, J. Early, M. L. Thomas, J. Henry George, E. H. Kellar, B. P. Fullerton, J. W. Ashwood and J. L. Barth. The report was adopted. Mrs. C. C. Rainwater was introduced and spoke in the interest of a State Board of Women's and Young Women's Christian Associations. Her plans was approved by resolution. Rev. R. C. L. Smith of the Third Baptist Church read a paper on "Church Discipline." Before adjourning the old Board of Counsellors reported that they had received the resolution referring to the present political situation and recommended an address on politics to be made at the next meeting by Dr. S. H. Werlein of Centenary Church.

Our Departure From the Beaten Path.

GRAND-LEADER
—STIX, BAER & FULLER—

To-Morrow, Wednesday, we Inaugurate the first of a series of Mid-Week Special Sales.

Commencing with the most Seasonable and Desirable goods now in Demand.

EMBROIDERIES

Field, Chapman & Fenner, prominent New York Auctioneers, received an immense invoice of Embroideries direct from St. Gall, Switzerland, with instructions to dispose of them at peremptory sale. Over $10,000.00 worth of the lot was purchased by us, and the entire lot, consisting of

SWISS, HAMBURG AND NAINSOOK EMBROIDERIES

WILL BE OFFERED TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY, IN

AT SLAUGHTERING PRICES. **3--LOTS--3** AT SLAUGHTERING PRICES.

LOT 1—Newest designs, assorted widths, at only .... **5c** per yard
LOT 2—Newest designs, assorted widths, at only ...... **10c** per yard
LOT 3—Newest designs, assorted widths, at only ...... **15c** per yard
Worth at least 2 and 3 times as much.

AT 33c PER YARD—Beautiful Skirt Flouncing, 27 inches wide, worth 50c and 75c yard

AT 12½c PER YARD—Real Torchon Lace, in choice patterns, assorted widths, up to 6 inches, such as others sell at 25c and 30c.

CLOAKS New Spring Styles. CLOAKS

A sample lot examples of the accepted styles for Spring are exhibited in our Cloak Department. We invite inspection of the New Spring

JACKETS, CAPES AND SUITS, ranging in price from - **$3.50 Upwards.**

GROCERY DEPARTMENT—Basement.

Most liberal offer ever made: With $1.00 worth of tea, any grade, at regular prices, we give a COIN SILVER THIMBLE, fitted and boxed.

BARGAINS FOR WEDNESDAY:

4c	Sapolio	4c
10c	Three Bars Lenox	10c
19c to 23c	Cross & Blackwell Jams	19c
25c	Cross & Blackwell Pickles	25c
9c	Dozen Fine Lemons	9c
25c	Ten Pounds Best Rolled Oats	25c
13c	Ten Pounds Best Corn Meal	13c

815--NORTH BROADWAY--821 Between Franklin Av. and Morgan St

FOUND NO SPONSOR.

Catholic Priests Try to Get a Bill Introduced in New Jersey's Legislature.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 28.—A number of Catholic priests gathered at the State-house last evening to talk over their measure to secure a portion of the State School funds for the maintenance of the parochial schools. They brought with them the act which has already been published. The Revs. Father Connolly of Perth Amboy, Wheelan of Paterson, Shepard of Passaic, Mumigen of New Brunswick and Corrigan of Hoboken were interested in the act.

They were anxious to find some Senator to introduce it. They sent for one Senator after another and solicited each in turn to present the bill for consideration.

Mr. Daly of Hudson said that he had been informed that there was a division among the Catholic priests about the wisdom of the policy the bill sought to enforce, and that he could not assume to settle the differences by introducing the act. So he declined. Mr. Karnett of Essex said that he was opposed to any interference with the State school fund, and so he declined. Mr. Heis, who was next sent for, asked to be excused, and finally the conferees sent for Senator-elect James Smith, Jr., who happened to be in town. Mr. Smith is a Catholic of great influence, but argued strongly against any further efforts being made to introduce the bill. At midnight the conferees had dispersed and the bill had not found its way into either house.

AGAINST SUNDAY CONCERTS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 28.—The Orthodox Church men of Washington are earnestly opposing the proposed Sunday promenade concerts in the Pension-office building, as is shown by the following telegram sent to Mr. Cleveland yesterday:

Grover Cleveland, Lakewood, N. J.:

Expressed Christian sentiment in city opposed to proposed use of Pension building next Sunday for concert. Can you aid in closing?

(Signed) A. W. PITZER,
President of Evangelical Alliance.

A committee, composed of Rev. T. S. Hamlin, D.D., Rev. S. H. Green, D.D., and Rev. Randolph McKim, D.D., called on the President yesterday and presented a strong and numerously signed petition on the same subject.

Missourians and Illinoisans.

The Missourians and Illinoisans registered at the hotels to-day are the following: John F. Lynn, Eldorado, Ill.; O. B. Cannon, Ellsberry, Mo.; J. B. Horne, J. B. Hirst, Kansas City, Mo.; Edgar Ross, St. Joseph, Mo.; L. H. Chesney, Jefferson City, Mo.; Thos. J. Raffety, J. H. Anderson, Carrollton, Ill., at the Moser. J. B. Carney, Slater, Mo., J. F. White, Duquoin, Ill.; M. S. Ainslee, Poplar Bluff, Mo.; R. D. Reeves, Frank C. Peck, H. P. Stewart, Kansas City, Mo.; James W. Wayland, Salisbury, Mo.; Sam Russell, Breckinridge, Mo.; W. B. Hunton, Canton, Mo.; J. H. Parker, Pat Dyer, St. Joseph, Mo.; W. M. Foster, Peoria, Ill., and M. Koenigberg, Chicago, Ill., are at the Laclede. H. S. Seibert, V. A. Thompson, St. Genevieve, Mo.; F. J. Carman, Jamesport, Mo.; H. Enderlo, Chicago, Ill.; W. S. Sparrow, Louisiana, Mo.; G. L. Ferris, Mexico, Mo.; E. A. Keller, Taylorville, Ill.; F. P. Read, St. Elmo, Ill., and J. J. Kinney, Centralia, Mo., are at Hurst's. M. R. Wise, Kansas City, Mo.; S. E. Spencer, Sedalia, Mo.; W. C. Coole, Clinton, Mo.; Thomas B. Tuttle, Carthage, Mo.; F. F. Wilson, Lexington, Mo., at the Lindell. T. J. Leech, Roodhouse, Ill.; J. B. Eberhart, Chicago, Ill.; Frank Williams, Peoria, Ill.; Thos. Tussell, Cape Girardeau, Mo.; John W. Griswold, Litchfield, Ill., at the St. James. J. K. Cummings, H. S. Pratt, Ed Stockwell, Chicago, Ill.; J. O. Lesuer, Lexington, Mo.; Chas. Mettzzer, Waterloo, Ill., at the Continental. A. G. Trumbese, Kansas City, Mo.; J. T. Atterburg, Marysville, Mo.; O. H. Wilson, John A. Mahon, F. E. Dorker, Frank A. Guild, L. W. Collins, D. H. Ogden, Chas. E. Brown, Chicago, Ill.; C. A. Ross, Kansas City, Mo., at the Southern.

JERSEY JINGLES
No Chance for an Argument.

Uncle 'Rastus McAfee,
Con-trairy as a man kin be—
Argy all day white is black,
Then turn 'round an' argy back.
'Twixt sun up an' settin' sun,
Beat Topeka six to one.
Only one 'twixt you and me
Did I git him to agree:
I says, "JERSEY is the drink,
He's a man to work an' think."
He says, winkin' at Aunt Jess,
"Wants another cup, I guess."

JERSEY COFFEE
Sold by All Grocers.

GRAND LODGE LEGION OF HONOR.

The Ninth Biennial Session Held To-Day at Masonic Hall.

The Missouri Grand Council, American Legion of Honor, opened its ninth biennial session this morning at Masonic Hall, on Seventh and Market streets. There were about 100 representatives from the minor lodges of this city and of the State. The session was presided over by Grand Commander Wm. A. Hobbs, the other officers officiating being:

Lyman Harding, Jr., Vice-Grand Commander; Mrs. Emma Wolfe, Grand Orator; Joseph N. Judge, Past Grand Commander; John A. Sloan, Grand Secretary; Mrs. M. P. Wickenden, Grand Treasurer; Miss Rosa Nieden, Grand Chaplain; August Booth, Grand Guide; J. Frank Dugan, Grand Warden; Charles F. Barth, Grand Sentinel; G. H. Conzelman, Grand Trustee; Mrs. Lena Willecken, Grand Trustee; W. N. Gibbs, Grand Trustee.

Grand Secretary John A. Sloan presented a report which showed that the Grand Lodge membership rolls had increased very much since the last report despite the fact that there were some eighty-six deaths in the term. The membership is now 2,718 as compared to 2,663 at the last report. The Secretary also reported that there had been paid by the Grand Lodge eighty-six death benefits amounting in all to $166,500, of which only $17,334 had been paid in the shape of insurance dues by the members deceased. The Supreme Council report showed that over $23,000,000 in benefits had been paid by the order since its origin. The session to-day was short, as the Council did not come to order until some time after the appointed time. The important question to come up during the session is the reduction of the per capita tax on members for the maintenance of the Grand Council. To-morrow the election of officers to serve for two years will be held.

THE ladies say—and they know—that Clairette Soap cleanses the clothes more rapidly and is more economical than any other. The best—the cheapest—could more be wanted?

Marry in Chicago To-Day.

This evening a marriage of considerable interest to St. Louis will take place in the city of Chicago, the bridegroom being Mr. Charles L. Grice, a popular and well known young railroad man of this city. The bride will be Miss Gertrude H. Witbeck, a charming young lady and a great favorite in the social circles of the Lake City. The marriage will be quietly consummated at 8 o'clock this evening at the residence of Mr. P. Lane, No. 599 Washington boulevard, Rev. Dr. Thomas officiating. The house will be beautifully decorated with palms and great clusters of tulips, a favorite flower of the bride.

The bride will be attended by Miss Kitty Leeper of St. Louis as her maid of honor, and the groom by Mr. F. W. Stockton as his best man.

There will be no other attendants except the ushers, Messrs. W. B. Barr of St. Louis, A. C. Waterman of St. Louis, Holms and Whitmore of Chicago.

The bride will wear a lovely robe of cream white silk, the heavy folds falling into a train, and the bodice made after the empire style, the neck and sleeves finished with a fall of point lace and a bridal veil of tulle covering and softening the effect of the toilette. The bridal bouquet will be of white tulips.

The maid of honor will be gowned in a pretty girlish confection of yellow silk, and will carry yellow tulips.

Only the immediate friends and relatives of the contracting parties will be present at this wedding, and Mr. and Mrs. Grice will leave at once for Florida.

They will go to housekeeping when they return to St. Louis.

Seventy-five Dollars Found by

Buying a piano of any grade on easy payments at Koerber's, 1108 Olive. Pianos for rent.

PLANS FOR IMPROVEMENT.

The Merchants' Exchange Real Estate Committee Considering Changes.

The Real Estate Committee of the Merchants' Exchange has under consideration a number of plans for the improvement of the Chamber of Commerce building. As long as a high rental is demanded, there seems to be little likelihood of the Fourth street arcade being constructed. Another plan is to place three or four elevators in the south arcade. Still another is to make an entrance from Pine street, at the northwest corner of the building. Another contemplates entrances about the middle of the building on both Chestnut and Pine streets, and an entire rearrangement of the floor. A meeting was held this afternoon, and all the plans were considered, but no definite conclusion was arrived at.

Married Teachers to Remain.

The Teachers Committee of the School Board met yesterday and decided to leave the married teachers question as it is for the present. All married teachers in the schools will be allowed to remain, but the embargo against the engaging of them will be maintained.

Mrs. Carrie Iams was appointed Principal of the Elleardsville School to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Thompson.

Kindergarten assistants were appointed as follows: Kate Higgins, Lyon, paid assistant, morning; Mamie Pothoff, director, Lyon, morning; Kate Grambs, director, Lowell, morning; Margaret Johnston, director, Clinton, evening; Annie Quinlan, paid assistant, Elleardsville, morning; Mary L. Finnegan, paid assistant, Bryan Hill, morning; Maggie Turnbull, paid assistant, Bryan Hill, morning; Frances S. Garland, paid assistant, Clinton, morning; Mary L. Kock, paid assistant, Ames, morning; Mary Driscoll, paid assistant, Ames, morning.

MISSING FROM HOME.—Harry Stouton, aged 14, is missing from his home, 3640 Rutger, since Feb. 8. He is about 4 feet 8 inches high, and has dark brown hair and blue eyes. He was dressed in a dark suit with knee pants and buttoned shoes. He is weak in the back and staggers when walking.

SYRUP of FIGS



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

STEAMSHIPS.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD S. S. CO.

SPRING SAILINGS, 1893.

to Southampton, (London,) BREMEN.

Lahn,	Tues., April 18	Lahn,	Tues., May 16
Saale,	Sat., April 22	Saale,	Sat., May 20
Spree,	Tues., April 25	Spree,	Tues., May 23
Elbe,	Sat., April 29	Elbe,	Sat., May 27
Aller,	Tues., May 2	Aller,	Tues., May 30
Havel,	Tues., May 9	Ems,	Sat., June 3
H. H. Meier,	Wed., May 10	Havel,	Tues., June 6
Trave,	Sat., May 13	Trave,	Sat., June 10

Time from New York to Southampton, 7½ days. From Southampton to Bremen, 24 or 30 hours. From Southampton to London, by Southwestern Ry. Co., 2½ hours. Trains every hour in the summer season. Railway carriages for London await passengers in Southampton docks on arrival of express steamers from New York. These steamers are well-known for their speed, comfort, and excellent cuisine.

OELRICHS & CO., 2 Bowling Green.
Fourth National Bank, cor. 4th st. and Washington av.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY

THE PULITZER PUBLISHING CO.

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

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Three months	2 50
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15
By the month (delivered by carrier)	65
Sunday edition, by mail, per year	2 00

Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor upon us by reporting the same to this office by postal card.

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513 Olive st.

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Daily or Sunday	8 Pages	1 Cent
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Business Office	4084

London Office, 32 Cockspur Street, Charing Cross. New York Bureau, Room 86, Pulitzer Building, Max H. Fischer, Manager.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1893.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—Fannie Davenport.
THE HAGAN—Hanlon's "Superba."
OLYMPIC—Mr. E. S. Willard.
POPE'S—"The Smugglers."
HAVLIN'S—John L. Sullivan.
STANDARD—Jack McAuliffe.
SIVALL'S WONDERLAND—Hourly shows.

MATINEES TO-MORROW.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—Fannie Davenport.
THE HAGAN—Hanlon's "Superba."
POPE'S—"The Smugglers."

Weather forecast for thirty-six hours, beginning at 8 a. m. to-day. For Missouri: Fair, westerly winds, slightly colder in northeastern portion Wednesday morning. A very severe storm is now central over Lake Superior, having moved during the past twenty-four hours from Southeastern Kansas. The barometer at Marquette is 29.1 inches. Rain and, where cold enough, snow has fallen in all districts from Kansas east. Behind a storm has occurred a cold wave amounting to a severe norther in Northern Texas, Oklahoma and Indian Territory. At Oklahoma City there has been a fall of 40 deg. in 24 hours.

St. Louis forecast: Fair, warmer Wednesday.

VICE-PRESIDENT MORTON is a "rich fellow with a pull on Wall street," but the Senate seems to think him a good fellow.

THE Reading collapse cost the Holy Willie of the Harrison Cabinet $900,000 and another lot of the varnish of righteousness.

IF every man who wants an office were to join in the inaugural procession the militia would have to remain at home for lack of standing room.

ATTY.-GEN. MILLER might get a little professional prestige in the few days remaining of his term by trying to knock out the prize-fight trust.

OFFICE-SEEKERS are likely to get some good clews from the inaugural address. It is well known that Mr. Cleveland has peculiar views on "offisses."

NOTHING but strong corporation glasses will prevent the Legislature from seeing the errors in the majority report of the Underground Wire Committee.

THE St. Louis Democrats are asking what Mr. Cleveland will do for them and Mr. Cleveland may ask what the St. Louis Democrats have done for him. That would be a stumper.

THE vessels of our "flying squadron" have been brought into port to be relieved of their barnacles and the good old ship of State will be given the same relief in the near future.

IF we should get a good Mayor this spring he would be badly handicapped if we should also get a bad Municipal Assembly. The key to good government is in the city legislature.

THE more the railroads cut inaugural passenger rates the more shekels there will be for capital people. When the caterers of a town combine against outsiders there is not much margin for railroad fare.

MR. CLEVELAND is right if, as the Brooklyn *Eagle* asserts, he regards the abolition of Federal interference in local elections as a decision of the people. That is one relic of plutocracy which the Democracy is pledged to sweep out.

IF Washington as he stood in the shallow boat in which he crossed the Delaware could have had a vision of the great battle ship launched in that famed stream to-day, how easy all the rest of the Revolution would have appeared to him.

THE wheels of Government should not be blocked in order that the holders of fraudulently issued railroad bonds may get their unearned principal and interest. This is the basis of Gov. Stone's recommendation for temporary County Judges.

THE Stone street improvement bill was defeated in the House at Jefferson City to-day by a vote of 60 to 57. This was done most probably on the ground that if the people of St. Louis want such a law they can have it by voting to amend their charter.

VICE-PRESIDENT MORTON admits that he had not explored the parliamentary path before he accepted the nomination to his office. But it isn't parliamentary skill that a national convention always seeks. A good man with a bar'l stands head and shoulders above a mere parliamentarian at the beginning of a presidential campaign in which large numbers of voters are to be convinced.

PERHAPS the fact that a Michigan Senator denounced President Harrison as "a hog" will incline the Chicagoese to the opinion that he should have a chair in their university. The eye of the Windy City is always looking toward the pork interest.

THE Kansas situation will be still more amusing should it turn out that Chief Justice Horton, who decided in favor of the "rebel" House, was not really elected in 1890. However, if the court can decide one case of disputed election it ought to have little trouble in settling another.

A PIOUS PROPOSAL.

Col. Elliott F. Shepard has made another contribution to the gaiety of nations by proposing a reform in the calendar which, he thinks, needs a renovation as much as in the days of Julius Cæsar. This, however, is to be confined to the "daily nomenclature so that the weeks shall no longer perpetuate the remembrance and power of heathen deities, which are devils, but shall be made to spread the knowledge and influence of the true religion of God."

Sunday he proposes to make Sonday, because "Our Lord said, 'for the Son of man is Lord also of the Sabbath." The Sabbath is part of his heritage and therefore really is the Son's day.' He says that to call it Sunday is to go back to the days of the sun worshippers and this gives him a chance to get in a fling at the "Romanists" whom he so much fears. The nations which worshipped the sun, he says, did not bow down before images and "in this they are far ahead of Romanists, Greeks and Armenians who worship images, pictures and saints." He thinks that "morally the change from sun to Son is the change from heathenism to Christianity."

The names of the other days are susceptible of still more meaning changes. "It might," says the moral Colonel, "encourage legitimate marriage, and God's beneficent institution of the family, if Tuesday were to be called Twosday, and if Wednesday were to be called Weddingsday." As a starter, however, he does not insist upon them. He only throws them out as suggestions for other moral and thoughtful people.

But he is immovable about Sonday. The *Mail and Express* will hereafter be guided by the new spelling. It is converted by this change from heathenism to Christianity. The other reforms will come, he thinks, as public opinion is awakened to the necessity of the attempt to "unshackle men's minds from the domination of false notions." As the Colonel says, "no really good reason can be urged against this change" in nomenclature, for we are all moral and thoughtful, or pretend to be, which comes to the same thing.

But how the Vanderbilts and Chauncey Depew will writhe and how the wicked Col. Ingersoll will laugh, and how the paragraphers will recall the old Commodore's saying that his son-in-law could be more kinds of a d—— fool than any other man on earth.

IBSEN'S LATEST MESSAGE.

Henrik Ibsen has given his admirers the task of extracting the meaning from another play, the first synopsis of which was presented to the American public by the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH. The task may be pleasant, but it will certainly be laborious, and one that will bring a vast diversity of results. The latest message of the Norwegian sage is largely written in cypher, and needs interpretation. His tendency to mysticism and symbolism is given more noticeable scope in this than perhaps any of his previous works.

"The Master Builder" exploits a large measure of Ibsen's marvelous skill of construction and his deftness in suggesting subtle meanings and points of character and of developing weird and impressive effects, but it lacks the clarity and directness of treatment which mark such powerful dramas as "The Pillars of Society," "The Enemy of Society," "Ghosts" and even "The Doll House." In these plays the keen knife of analysis cuts straight to the quick of social cancers and lays bare their repulsive rottenness with startling vividness.

This directness of purpose and clearness of meaning are not to be found in the new play. It deals with symbols and mystical elements. Its use of thought transference, the laws and limits of which are so vague as yet, gives it a touch of the supernatural. It is, however, full of suggestions which open inviting vistas of speculation.

It is easy to find an interpretation of Master Builder Solness, who bends all wills to his own, crushes all rivalry and living in terror of menacing youth and retribution, dies through an attempt to accomplish the impossible. He may be taken as the embodiment of selfish ambition, whose intensity of will and purpose in driving to its ends makes all forces, good and bad, its ministers. In Hilda, the girl who gets control of his will and prompts him to try the impossible, one may find the spirit that drives vaulting ambition to its fall. A jab at unfruitful narrowness may be detected in the devotion of the Master Builder's wife to a petty sense of duty and a warning against defiance of higher power and law in his fatal folly. But the work in the main is opaque and must be regarded rather as a mystic dramatic poem than a telling drama.

If Ibsen had not written so much truth and had not so much true art and profound thought mingled with his anarchism, the new play might strengthen the theory that he is juggling with the public and is laughing in his sleeve at its bewilderment. This strange genius has deeply stirred the world of culture and must be taken seriously. Plain, sensible people will take what appears good from him and leave it to worshipful critics and cranks to unveil the sanctuary and find all the gospel of a new heaven and a new earth.

AIDING TYRANNY.

The full significance of the clause of the Russian treaty relating to the extradition of refugees charged with attempts upon the life of the Czar was made clear by the exposition in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH of the Russian law on the subject. Under this law the crime is given the widest scope and may readily be made to include participation in any political movement looking to the overthrow of the Czar's government. Within the purview of this remarkable law the crime of attempting the life of the Czar is regarded as accomplished by the slightest preparation, joining a secret society or conspiracy or merely urging others or expressing an intention to plot against the Czar.

If this extradition agreement is kept in good faith the right of asylum in this country will be denied to every political refugee from Russia and to every Russian citizen who has dared to lift his voice against the Czar's oppression. The United States will lend its power to a cruel tyranny by an agreement abhorrent to civilized sentiment and violative of the recognized principles of international law.

In the light of the revelation of the real meaning of the extradition clause, and of the intent of the Russian Government, we cannot believe it possible that the President and Senate realized what they were doing in confirming the treaty. The wiles of unscrupulous Russian diplomacy duped them into an act contrary to the sentiments and principles of the American people. The blunder should be rectified at the earliest opportunity.

CARTER HARRISON has once more demonstrated his capacity as an anticipator and leader of public opinion in Chicago by sweeping the primaries as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Mayor. This is the sixth time he has overcome what his opponents claimed as the opposition of all the respectable element of society. In all of his previous campaigns he has had all the newspapers in the city arraigned against him and in this one all but the one he now owns. He has won as other so-called demagogues win by an abundance of political sense and a wide Democratic sympathy which is a real virtue, and which is appreciated by the masses. If members of the "better classes" would try to understand the popular heart, or would devote a small part of their mind to political influences, city governments would not fall into hands which are so often corrupt. In a Democracy men lose political influence and power as soon as they cease to be wholly democratic.

THE message of Gov. Stone on judicial usurpation does not revive any rebel issue, as some timid and undiscriminating citizens seem to think. It touches on a vital principle of our Government, which is as much alive now as it was before the war and it will be alive as long as the Government stands in its present form. It calls attention to a menace to the clear rights of States under the constitution and to consequences which must follow the continued encroachment upon them by the federal judiciary. Happily there is abundant evidence that the wisdom of the Governor's protest and the soundness of his reasoning are recognized by men of all parties. It is not a partisan question, but one that lies close to the heart of every citizen who wants our republican institutions preserved in their purity and strength.

AN editorial in the Baltimore *American* is commended to the residents of Collinsville. It says: "The dog shows are doing a good work in bringing this noble friend of man more closely to the intelligent knowledge of the public. Although the world is so old, the relation of the human race with its dumb friends is not yet thoroughly understood and placed on its proper footing." The relations of Collinsville to its dumb friends are rather on a rapid footing than a proper one just now, but a few dog shows might correct this. With the dumb friends of Collinsville all in cages, the Collinsvillers would have more leisure to study canine excellences.

ANNA EVA FAY's practice of holding her feet down with half-dollars may suggest something to the Chicago girls who have souvenir coins. Should the souvenir half-dollars prove a holding-down power adequate to the Chicago development the Fay show would be nowhere.

THE Ohio man who made $5,000,000 in the manufacture of chewing gum is now to work his own jaw in Congress. He will be a very ungrateful statesman if he does not think up some legislation for the benefit of the girls.

NEW YORK clergymen are already attacking Muhammed Webb. Muhammed is a shrewd advertiser, and Islam is in great luck to possess so able a prophet.

THE March lion must have got his dates a little mixed. Last night's roaring exhibition was first-class, but a trifle too previous, not being due until to-morrow.

THE weather on the planet Neptune is said to be 900 below zero. The Neptunian coal combines probably do not go to pieces in the spring.

THE new California law puts an end to prize fighting in that State, but it will doubtless be the making of the drama.

MR. SULLIVAN has probably heard disconcerting rumors of the impurity of the St. Louis water supply.

THE Count of Paris isn't congratulating the Pope this year. His holiness is no longer a good monarchist.

VOTED DOWN.

Senator Stone's Street Improvement Bill Meets Defeat.

The Objects of Its Promoters Roundly Denounced in the House.

HOW THE ST. LOUIS DELEGATION STOOD ON THE ROLL-CALL.

The Lobby Was Active, but Not Effective—Reasons Urged by Members for Their Opposition to the Measure—Failure of the Amendments to the Bradley Dramshop Bill—Allowance to St. Louis for Her Insane.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 28.—Senator Stone's street improvement bill was the special order in the House this morning and its consideration was attended by the liveliest debate since this session began. This is the celebrated Senate bill No. 9, which was introduced by Stone for the purpose of setting aside the 25 per cent limitation clause of the city charter, thereby throwing all the costs of street improvements on the abutting property. In the shape the bill passed the Senate its second section, in the opinion of many constitutional lawyers, relieved the street railroad companies of St. Louis of their chartered obligation to pay the cost of construction, reconstruction and repairs of the space they occupy between their rails and eighteen inches outside in the public streets.

When this matter was at first called to the attention of Senator Stone he said the claim was ridiculous; that the section would not thrust upon the abutting property-owners the costs assumed by the street railroad corporations when they accepted their charters, yet this morning he was supporting an amendment to make the section in question clear on the subject.

Drabelle, Bond and Tatum of St. Louis, Davidson of Marian and Moore of Laclede made lengthy arguments for the bill. Moore said he understood a majority of the St. Louis members favored the bill and Ameling retorted that if they did they did not represent their constituents. Moore then angrily retorted: "Why does St. Louis send up such fellows then?"

After the result was announced the champions of the bill obtained the roll-call and went to work to get enough votes from the country members to reconsider and pass the bill. Up to a late hour this afternoon they were still striving with the hope of success.

The Senate this afternoon passed Senator Sebree's joint and concurrent resolution, protesting against the annexation of Hawaii to this country. The Jackson County fee bills were laid over informally.

THE POOL LAW.

Ed Butler and Rolla Wells are both here to-day fighting on different sides of the Lyman pool law. Mr. Wells favors the bill in order to secure the right to the St. Louis track to sell pools on outside races during the regular meetings, while Butler opposes it because it will take away the monopoly enjoyed by the East Side track, in which he has an interest. He made the statement to-day that if the bill was passed the East Side people would start a new track in St. Louis and run "skates" for the privilege of selling pools and making books on outside races. This, he claims, would be cheaper than opening a pool room.

Butler took occasion this morning to get in some hard licks against Stone's street improvement bill. He said the bill meant a fortune for the asphaltum company, and that the bill was aimed to make the suburban property owners pay for all their streets after they had been taxed year after year to pay for improvements in the central portion of the city. "If I was the Asphaltum Co., I would give a snug sum to pass that bill."

DEERING BILL AGAIN DEFEATED.

Ben Deering's amendments to the Bradley dramshop bill were roughly handled in the House late yesterday afternoon. They were, in fact, all knocked out on a constitutional point raised by Moore of Laclede, Gernez of St. Louis, Tatum of St. Louis, Davis of Taney and Fogel of Schuyler. The principal amendment asked was for the creation of the office of Excise Commissioner St. Louis and Kansas City to have in charge the issuance and control of dramshop licenses. When the original bill was tabled Mr. Deering consulted with the House Committee on Criminal Jurisprudence and as a result the amendments were agreed upon and the recommendation made that they be added to the Bradley bill which had already passed the Senate. This bill raises the State dramshop license from $50 to $100 and will increase the State revenue $265,000 per year. When the bill was taken up in the House the point was made that the amendments were not germain to the Senate bill, and after a two hours' debate, in which Drabelle of St. Louis and Davidson of of Hannibal insisted that they were. Speaker Mabrey ruled in favor of the point of order raised, which knocked out the excise commissionerships. He based his ruling on art. 4, sec. 25 of the Constitution, which says: "No law shall be passed except by a bill, and no bill shall be so amended in its passage through either House as to change its original purpose."

The champions of the plan of remedying the evils in the large cities in connection with the granting of saloon license are not yet ready to admit defeat. They realized that to put such an amendment to the Bradley bill might impair its constitutionality, and therefore endanger the increase of revenue sought and which is badly needed. A new bill will be presented creating the new office and otherwise regulating the dramshops.

Mr. Deering was not in the House during the debate, having been detained in St. Louis.

VARIETIES OF LOBBYISTS.

The popular impression of the lobbyist is that he is a large, well-fed individual wearing clothes inclined to be gay and loud, bedecked with diamonds, ever ready to dispense hospitality with a profuse hand, and with a conscience elastic enough to suit the varying conditions of a Missouri Legislature. Such is the lobbyist of fiction, of the stage and of the newspaper. In reality he is as varied and different as are the members of the General Assembly and the bills they introduce. Besides the actual lobbyist or legislative agent or attorney as he prefers to be called, there is the man who lies in wait for the inexperienced and unwary, who, affected by legislation, rushes in person at once to the capital to save and protect his interests. He has hardly arrived at his hotel before he is approached, in the same manner that a tout approaches a visitor to a race track, with the information that there is no one who can more successfully influence legislation or who has more influence amongst the "farmer members" than the gentleman giving advice. Of course a little money is necessary to entertain members while doing the necessary work. If the stranger is influenced and yields he will see no more of Mr. Bunco Lobbyist, nor will he gain any good results from his money expenditure save that he will receive several more visits from others of the same ilk, and will in a very short time believe that members of the Missouri Legislature are easily influenced, but he will also learn that his informants deceived him.

As a matter of fact, a good measure needs no lobby to assist it, nor will a lobby stop good and necessary legislation as a rule. The fact that a lobby appears and circulates around among the members gives a prima facie cause for suspicion against the lobby and the measure they represent. The rules of the House and the universal custom of all committees is to grant an opportunity to interested parties to be heard prevents any great injustice being done. An adverse committee report is generally fatal to a measure, but notwithstanding such a report an industrious and persevering member can bring the matter before the House and quite possibly secure its favorable action.

However, a lobby does exist, but it is changeable from day to day as different measures arise, [illegible] excepting the constant railroad lobby, [illegible] present, who [illegible] by their continued [illegible] interest in legislation have become a part and parcel of the Assembly, just as much, almost, as any member. The methods of this lobby are well understood and they have that knowledge of the habits and character of the different members necessary to successfully control them. The amateur lobbyist is the bore of the capital. He presumes upon the hospitality shown by him to members and very often liberally returned by the member. A session of the Missouri Legislature without the presence of professional and amateur lobbyists would be regarded as a wonder indeed by the old members. The hotel keepers like the lobbyists much better than they do the members, and show them favors not extended other guests. The Jefferson City hotel men are all reaching for whatever money there is in sight and on the theory that the lobbyists are liberal spenders, they get whatever courtesies that are extended.

ILLIBERAL AND PARSIMONIOUS.

The House Committee on Appropriations is now fully determined not to allow St. Louis over $10,000 a year for the Insane Asylum, and, in fact, it looked for a time last night that not a penny would be appropriated, despite the fact that the city has to care for many insane from the country. At the meeting of the House Committee last night the point was raised that the State was not obliged by law to allow the St. Louis asylum anything and a discussion of some duration followed. When the committee adjourned a member of it said:

"It will not be advisable for St. Louis to make any protest, for if she does that $20,000 for the two coming fiscal years will be taken out. It is true that it is a drop of $65,000 from what was given two years ago, but there was no authority to allow that amount. There is no law which entitles the city to any assistance from the State in the conduct of that asylum. It is purely a local institution and in reality should be supported by the city."

The committee is still wrestling with the State University estimates. A quarter of a million dollars is asked for the new main building and the committee is undecided what to do.

The militia is allowed $23,000 for running expenses and $5,896 for the transportation of the State troops. This is a decrease compared with the allowances of two and four years ago.

A novel item in the general appropriation bill is a $200 pension allowance for Samuel Tarwater of Ray County. He is the only person in Missouri receiving a pension, and gets it under a special act. Years ago he became disabled from the effects of wounds received in the Black Hawk war, and the State has since been allowing him $100 a year.

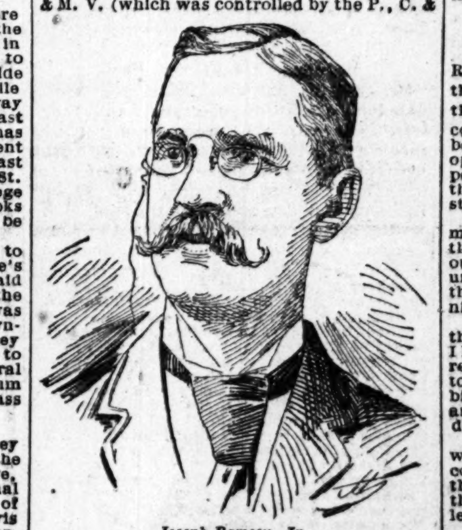
SNELL IS DEFIANT.

Ex-Chief Clerk J. C. Snell, who preferred the charges which led up to the Wickham investigation, is out in a published circular which was circulated all over town this morning. In this he intimates that the investigating committe will whitewash Adjt.-Gen. Wickham and makes this the reason for reiterating his charges. The circular enraged Wickham's friends, but the Adjutant had nothing to say himself. Among other things, Snell in his circular defied Wickham to prosecute him for criminal libel. The circular may yet lead up to serious trouble. Snell is furious and full of fight, and Wickham, it is understood, is also in no amiable frame of mind.

JOSEPH RAMSEY, JR.

Sketch of the New General Manager of the St. Louis Terminal Co.

Joseph Ramsey, Jr., the new manager of the Terminal company, was born in Pittsburg, Pa., April 17, 1850. After a course of engineering in the Western University, he entered the service of the P., C. & St. L. Railway in April, 1869, remaining with that company in the engineering department, and on the C. & M. V. (which was controlled by the P., C. & St. L.), until May 25, 1871, when he went to Pennsylvania as engineer of a branch from the Pennsylvania Railroad over the mountains. He was engaged in surveys and preliminary work for this road, and as assistant engineer on the Pennsylvania Railroad at Lewistown, Pa., until March, 1872. From March, 1872, to 1873 he was engaged as engineer in the construction of the Bells Gap Railway (now P. & N. W.), from the main line of the Pennsylvania railroad over the Allegheny mountains into the coal fields; and from 1873 to 1879 was superintendent of the same road. In 1879 he accepted the position of General Superintendent and Chief Engineer of the Pittsburg, New Castle & Lake Erie Railway (now Pittsburg & Western) remaining in that position until November of the same year, when he accepted a similar position with the Pittsburg Southern Railway (now Baltimore & Ohio), remaining in charge of that road until March, 1882, when he became Chief Engineer and General Manager of the Pittsburg, Chartiers & Youghiougheny Railway. In August, 1888, he left the P., C. & Y. R. R. and took service with the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton road as Chief Engineer, which position he held until January, 1890, when he became connected with this company as assistant to the President, and in June, 1891, was appointed to the position of General Manager. His appointment as General Manager of the St. Louis Terminal Association occurred recently. His predecessor in this position, Dr. Taussig, has retired.



Joseph Ramsey, Jr.

MINNESOTA BLOCKADES.

Results of Yesterday's Blizzard and Snow Fall in the North.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 28.—It is beautifully clear overhead to-day, but the heavy snow drifted last night, greatly interfering with all the lines throughout the Northwest. Train service was delayed all over the State, nd ordinary business made impossible. In these two cities the street-car lines had to stop running early in the night, and it was late to-day before traffic had been resumed on any of them. A large force of men with snow plows, shovels, etc., was kept at work all night, but the snow was so heavy and drifted so much that it was impossible to keep the cars running.

At Red Wing twenty-three inches of snow fell since yesterday morning and a brisk wind was blowing all night, resulting in the worst blockade in eight years. The city is entirely cut off from communication with the outside world. The Milwaukee vestibuled train and the fast train from the East are both in the yards at Red Wing, unable to move. The two morning trains from east and west were blockaded somewhere between Red Wing and Frontenac at 10 o'clock this morning. All trains on the Duluth, Red Wing & Southern are suspended, one being snowed up on the prairie three miles from Zumbrota, where it has remained for the past twenty-four hours. Another is blockaded at Claybank. The blizzard still rages at Red Wing.

Stillwater is also snowed up, no trains having reached there since yesterday. The snow is packed as hard as sand and the cuts are filled level with the ground. Several attempts have been made to clear them, but thus far without success. It is almost impossible for teams to get around at Stillwater to-day, the snow being from twelve to forty-eight inches deep on the level. A coal famine is feared unless traffic is soon resumed.

Drifts ten feet deep are reported on the main streets of Hudson, Wis., and all country traffic will be shut off there for a week; the storm extended thirty miles east of Hudson, being about two feet on the level and badly drifted.

Mr. W. C. Steigers

Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in POST-DISPATCH. Telephone 4084.

WANTS REVENGE.

Ex-Chairman John McFall Opens a Fight on Walbridge.

THE PRESIDENT VOTED AGAINST HIS MULLANPHY BOARD CANDIDACY.

Mr. Bannerman Scouts the Idea of Combination With Noonan—Mr. De Menil Denies a Report—Clarence Hoblitzelle and His Dummy Delegations—Misrepresented Delegates Protest—Notes.

John McFall, formerly the dead animal contractor, and till a short time ago the chairman of the Republican Central Committee, has just put up a Republican delegation in the Twentieth Ward for the purpose of beating the Walbridge delegation. This Walbridge delegation is headed by Amedee Cole, and Mr. McFall has got his work cut out for him. Mr. McFall has declared openly to friends of his that he intends to "get even" with Walbridge for his action in the Council when the Chairman of the Central Committee was proposed as a member of the Mullanphy Board. Mr. Walbridge voted against him on the ground that he did not consider him the proper man for the place. McFall was elected and went on the board just in time to be overtaken by Councilman Cole's investigating resolution which kept him uncomfortable for a month. Mr. McFall blames Mr. Walbridge for all the discomfort of that episode, and he is going to put all the vindictiveness of which he is capable into the canvass in the Twentieth.

Clarence Hoblitzelle's Advantage.

Clarence L. Hoblitzelle, Democratic City Central Committeeman of the Twenty-second Ward, is accused of peculiar conduct in the Mayoralty contest. Mr. Hoblitzelle has a Bernheimer delegation running in the ward. The second choice of the delegates is said to be De Menil. A Bannerman delegation is up against the Bernheimer ticket, and the supporters of Bannerman supposed that they had only one opposing delegation to fight. Yesterday the Bannerman men asked a friend of Mayor Noonan's to assist them, because it was assumed that Mayor Noonan had no interest in the Twenty-second Ward since he had no delegation running. But the Mayor's friend replied that Noonan had pronounced Hoblitzelle a friend of his and would not allow his Twenty-second Ward henchmen to work for Bannerman.

The Bannerman forces thought this strange and then they learned that Hoblitzelle had an independent delegation running in the ward. The Bannerman men allege that Hoblitzelle must have promized assistance both to Bernheimer and to Noonan.

Each delegation running obtains representation among the judges and clerks in the polling booths. An eloquent commentary on the Ryan law is the confidence felt by Mr. Hoblitzelle's friends in the success of his delegation. "He's got more judges than anybody else, how can they beat him?" is the argument.

The judges and clerks don't do all the voting themselves, but they count the vote.

Mr. Bannerman's Attitude.

For the last week or so the friends of Mr. Bernheimer and Mr. De Menil have reduced their fight on Maj. Bannerman to charges that he and Mayor Noonan were in a combination together. The statements have been made by circulars and in newspapers opposed to Maj. Bannerman. To-day a reporter of the POST-DISPATCH asked him if there was any ground whatever for the stories.

"Not the least," said he. "All such statements are not only false, but slanderous, and the interested parties who are so industriously giving circulation to such charges are unscrupulous falsifiers. It is well known that in every strong Noonan ward I am running a straight-out Bannerman ticket.

"I have been solicited frequently during the canvass to enter into combinations, but I have in every instance most emphatically refused. The Mayor of this city cannot afford to be the creature of any political boss, combination or class. I am not making war on any candidate, but am trying to conduct a decent and dignified campaign.

"If I cannot be nominated and elected without pledges or obligations which would control my official acts as chief executive of the city I should not aspire to the office; in that event I would have my own self-respect left to console me."

About the Delegations.

The Nineteenth Ward Hendricks Club met last night at the wigwam and selected as its Bannerman delegation David W. Caruth, M. J. Duddy, Chas. J. Gallagher, Wm. Scholl, John Clark, Steve Ohearn, P. J. Woodlock, E. A. Fennerty.

The delegation in the Fourth Ward running on the "straight Democratic ticket" is E. C. McGrath, James Miles, John McDermott, Jeremiah J. Sheehan, Peter Stoutch, John O'Neill, George McDonald and Fred Gerst. Committeeman Sheehan, a member of the delegation, says it is not for Bernheimer, as has been reported, but is absolutely unpledged.

The anti-Noonan delegation of the Twenty-sixth Ward is: John Buttermore, Abram Block, John B. Hennessy, James O'Brien Edward Rice, James Brennan, John W. Joyce, John J. McCarthy, John Kelleher, James A. Smith.

The Twenty-third Ward delegates who have been reported as Noonan men are: M. H. Steck, Louis J. Tichacek, Owen Shannon, Charles M. Suda, P. J. Shea, Thos. C. Barron and Walter C. Lempke. They have held a meeting and adopted resolutions declaring themselves unpledged.

Registering Republican Voters.

Central Committeeman Harry J. Pocock did such good work in registering Republican voters last fall from a headquarters on Chestnut street, opposite the City Hall, that it has been decided to try the plan again. A registration headquarters has been opened in a large room at 1110 Market street. It is furnished with desks, tables and plenty of chairs. In charge are H. C. Wageman, the brother of Al Wageman; W. P. Etting, Committeman Pocock and Charles Turner. Mr. Wageman said to-day that he and his associates were registering voters by scores every day. Many of them were struck off illegally by the last Board of Revision. The committee has a fund from which 50 cents is paid for every legal voter who is brought in to be registered, but most of the men so far have come in charge of Republican candidates for the House of Delegates who do not take any money for their services.

Bernheimer in the North.

A club has been organized at the Union Stock Yards under the leadership of Assistant Supt. E. P. Barrett to further the interests of M. Bernheimer in the coming contest for Mayor. The club is 150 strong and will cut quite a figure in the Sixth and Eighteenth Wards at the Democratic primaries.

J. W. Overstreet, W. D. Grant, G. A. McMillan, T. W. Watts, J. Pollock, C. E. Lemmon, M. E. Wightman, T. A. Wightman, J. J. Buttweiler, John Drake, J. C. Payne, J. T. Scudder, T. J. Smiri, J. Menderson, A. J. Miller, J. P. Miller, R. J. Sickles, R. Miller, J. Kellogg, C. W. Mitchell, J. Sander, C. Summers, S. T. Finnegan, P. Powderly, H. Mann, Col. Hull, T. Norris, S. Peters, H. H. Moss, T. Kirby, D. Smith, F. Lewis, Ed Kennedy, J. Sherich and Wm. Powers are among the members.

A Card From Mr. De Menil.

Alexander N. De Menil, one of the Democratic candidates for the mayoralty nomination, writes a card to the POST-DISPATCH, saying:

In your issue of to-day John Elsperman is reported as saying that I said to him that if his delegation in the Seventh Ward was elected they would not be seated; also, that I said to him that if I lost the Seventh Ward I feared defeat in the convention.

I emphatically deny that I made either of these statements to Mr. Elsperman.

The controversy is made important because of the power in the convention that will be wielded by Dr. Frank J. Lutz, the campaign manager of Mr. De Menil. Dr. Lutz is the Chairman of the Democratic Central Committee, and he will have much to do with the selection of the temporary Chairman. The candidate who gets a friend of his selected as temporary chairman scores an advantage at the start.

Their Names Used Without Permission.

Trouble is brewing in the Democratic ranks in Carondelet. There is some dissatisfaction among a few of the gentlemen who constitute the alternates on the regular Democratic ticket which will be voted for at the primary. These gentlemen are Joseph Debigare, Joseph Schaefer, Patrick Manion and Edward King.

They have filed a protest to the Recorder of Voters, stating that they were put on the ticket without their knowledge and wish to withdraw. They do not want their names on the ticket. The gentlemen left this morning for the city to confer with Recorder of Voters Carlisle.

In Favor of Taubold.

Henry Kortzendorfer, a Republican candidate for the House of Delegates in the Twenty-first Ward, writes to the POST-DISPATCH that he has withdrawn from the race for the nomination in favor of one of the other Republican candidates, John F. Taubold, who he wants to defeat Wm. F. Nolte.

Echoes From the Wards.

There will be a Bannerman meeting Wednesday night in Bernero's Hall, Ware and Lindell avenues.

A meeting of the Eighteenth Ward Bannerman Club will be held this evening at Mueller's Hall, Twentieth and Grand avenue.

Martin Stamps of the Twenty-seventh denies the statement of Walter Gray that he has offered places in the Fire and Police Departments for votes in the Noonan delegation.

The Socialistic Labor party of the city held mass meetings last night in the Third, Fifth, Seventh, Ninth, Sixteenth, Eighteenth and Twenty-seventh Wards. The Tenth Ward will have a meeting to-night in Sendlein's Hall, 1215 O'Fallon street. Ward clubs have called meetings for all the rest of the wards except the Twenty-fifth. At Tower Grove Hall next Sunday at 2 p. m., the party will hold a mass meeting for the Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth Wards. The meeting will be addressed by Albert J. Sanderson, their candidate for Mayor, and others.

Ex-Congressman William H. Stone, who is running for the Democratic nomination for Auditor, is making the friends of Auditor Joseph Brown get down to work. He claims already much strength in the Silk Stocking wards, where Auditor Brown is the strongest.

The West End Democratic Club will be addressed to-night at 3541 Easton avenue by Mr. Bannerman, Judge Thos. Morris, Andrew F. Haley, M. J. Murphy, Justice James McCaffrey and John E. Mahan.

The Democrats of the Twenty-sixth Ward will meet to-night at Whalen's Hall, Easton and Prairie avenues.

The Tammany Club of the Twenty-fourth Ward will hold a mass meeting in Albany Hall, Garrison and Cass avenues, to-night.

The Fifth Ward Bannerman Club has been organized, with Wm. Selack, President; James Doehl, Vice-President; John M. Tosick, Secretary, and Martin Mixel, Sergeant-at-Arms.

The Fourth Ward delegation is not for Bernheimer, but the men on it claim that they are unpledged.

The Sixteenth Ward Republican Club will hold its regular meeting on Friday evening next at its headquarters, Teutonia Hall, Twenty-second and Montgomery streets.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

[No matter written on both sides of the paper can appear under this head.—ED.]

Should Discontent Be Silenced?

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

By all means let Uncle Tom keep up his contributions to the Forum. I would be sorry to see him scared off by selfish growlers who, so long as they are in clover, don't want to know or have anything said about those who find themselves crowded out of the rich pasture.

I am much amused at "Aunt Matilda's" remark: "It would not do for every man to be rich, as there would be none to do the work." By inference, then, a few only must be rich, so as to have taskmasters for the balance of mankind, for whom a lightening of their life's task would be a calamity indeed. Or, inferring again, it would not do for every man to be poor, as there would be none to live off the work of others.

"Yelwah" invites Uncle Tom to leave this country if he is not satisfied with things as they are. If anyone in St. Louis doesn't like its Mayor, or the way municipal affairs are run, let him get out of town at once and stand not on the order of his going. No matter how imperfect the conditions of your surroundings are you have no right to raise your voice in behalf of something better. That would be an abomination in the estimation of "Yelwah," who is pretty well satisfied, thank you, with the way he is circumstanced and doesn't care a snap of his finger for the millions who are not so well off. He claims to be a worker. I believe Ward McAllister claims to be a worker also—so do the fellows whose only work is that of clipping coupons. We are all workers, including even those who "work" other people with bunco games.

Because Uncle Tom doesn't believe that our lawmakers and Government officials are not as honest and as right acting as they should be and doesn't see that we have so much of that much vaunted "liberty" as we claim to have, "Common Sense" thinks to squelch him by claiming that he is "no son of America."

It is getting so that every man who merely thinks of asking for a raise in his salary is an Anarchist in the mind of his employer. According to "common sense," an ideal American is he who takes everything as he finds it, or as it is forced onto him, and who makes no effort to have his conditions and surroundings improved. In fact, if Washington's compatriots had been such ideal Americans we would still be under English rule. The participants in the Boston tea party were most un-American in "Common Sense's" estimation.

MORDECAI.

Railroads as Landlords.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Your editorial calling attention to the bill before the State Legislature to prevent railroad corporations from engaging in other lines of business and showing that such schemes are unlawful because unconstitutional, made many hearts bound with hope and joy.

The writer's family, after paying taxes for over thirty years on a tract of Missouri land, finds that one railroad company gets a forged title from a convict in the name of its attorney because it is in the lumber business and wants timber lands cheap. And another company, the St. Louis Terminal, evicts his family of five small children in mid-winter for $9 rent in advance. The tenements are between the new depot and Grand avenue. To get another place the furniture is mortgaged. A note for $32 is given for the use of $25 for thirty days, which is the usual rate, or you could have $25 for six months by giving a note for $47, payable in monthly installments of $8. Of course the prospect of having this to pay along with rent in a strange house, is not encouraging. I can earn $4 a day when I chance to get work, and live as economically as possible. How must it be with those who cannot earn half as much?

J. M. WORKMAN.

Firemen's Pensions.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I have read with great care the communication which appeared in your paper yesterday, as it was communicated to you by Fire Chief Lindsay. It is all well enough as an effort to show what hardships a fireman has to contend with. But in its sequence it lacks logical acumen, and in vain does one look for any reason why a fireman should be pensioned. There are vocations in this world which are equally as hazardous as any task the fireman has to perform in the discharge of his duty. If a man is a boilermaker, and if after years of constant and most arduous labor his muscles should lose their vitality he is certainly and quickly disposed of, and if he has accumulated nothing of his earnings he simply must take his chances with the rest of struggling beings who have no pensions to fall back upon. No one begrudges to a fireman the salary he receives. No one has authority to dictate to him what use he ought to make of his earnings, but after paying him a very liberal salary I cannot see how on earth we workingmen can be induced to become reconciled to a law, which taxes us to support superannuated members of the Fire Department. Let the fireman practice economy, and he will be able to provide for those who are under his care.

J. [illegible]

DAWSON AND RYAN.

The Clever Welterweights to Battle To-Morrow Night.

IT IS A TOSS-UP WHICH OF THE MEN WILL WIN.

Dawson's Surprising Reach — Ryan's Record—The Wilkes-Allen Fight Off—Anson Declares for Sunday Base Ball—Lucky Yearling Purchases—Track and Stable Gossip—Sporting News.

George Dawson of Australia and Tommy Ryan of Chicago, Ill., the representative welterweights of two continents, will contest for a purse of $6,000 and the welterweight championship of America in the arena of the Olympic club to-morrow night. The fight will be the prelude to another pugilistic carnival, which will culminate in the sensational meeting between Hall and Fitzsimmons for a $40,000 purse. Although to-morrow night's battle is not the center of that acute interest which develops where world-wide reputation and an immense sum of money is involved, it is proving of more than ordinary attractiveness, especially throughout the western section of the country, where Ryan is a hot favorite, and the amount of money being wagered is very large, considering the men's class.

There are a good many sporting men who think that the safest way to learn how to bet on the fight is to toss a copper. Dawson has but one defeat to his credit and that was at the hands of the clever Tom Williams. He hopes to wipe off the blot by meeting his erstwhile vanquisher after he disposes of Ryan. His past record is brilliant, added to a long string of home victories are two brilliant conquests lately achieved in this country. In last July he finished Danny Needham and again in December he polished off "Doc" O'Connell. The fame of these affairs brought him the offer from the Olympic Club to meet America's representative welterweight. Dawson is not a hard man to get in condition, and gets to weight without any trouble whatever. He is never very fat, and when out of condition only weighs about 146 or 147 pounds. He has lived a very sober, moral and temperate life, having always taken the best of care of his body. He is quick and clever, and at the same time hits a hard blow. He is a good two-handed boxer, using both with great dexterity. His reach has been the subject of a dispute among a number of persons, and when it was given to the POST-DISPATCH representative recently it was so near that of Goddard's that it hardly looked reasonable. When Dawson was asked about it he said it was given in correctly, and that it was really true that there was only about one-half inch difference between the two. It is true that Goddard's reach is not so long for one of his weight, but Dawson has a tremendous reach for a man of his height and size. Eckert, who is training Dawson since Alexander left, thinks Dawson is great, and that he is not only very scientific, but long-winded and strong.

Goddard's money is going on Dawson, and he has picked him for a sure winner. He says, however, from what he has heard of Ryan, the contest will be a good one, and that no matter who wins, the victor will know he has had a hard contest. Dawson says less and thinks more than any man in the profession, and boxing and contesting are two subjects that he leaves alone, if possible. Dawson is at weight, and will not have to do any more hard exercise before his contest. He will be seconded by Joe Goddard, Jim Gibbons and Ed Ganney of San Francisco.

Their costume will consist of a pair of trunks, shoes and black stockings. The trunks will be light blue silk, the same worn when he fought Needham and Doc O'Connell. Like the average boxer, Dawson believes in luck, and, of course, clings to the costume that landed him a victor on two occasions.

Tommy Ryan has a record, long, clean and brilliant. Briefly told, here is the history of his conquests: Defeated Joe Johnson, 5 rounds; Dick England, 33; Martin Shaugnessy, 23; Martin Shaugnessy, second time, 52; Mike Dunn, 5; John McInerny, 55; Bob Harper, 5; Prof. McQuire, 5; Frank Gerard, 4; Con Doyle, 26; Con Doyle, second time, 8; Frank Howson, 9; Danny Needham, 76; Jack Pitts, 3; Jack Conway, 3; Pat Brennan, 3; Henry Baker, 3; Jim Murphy, 55 Jack Wilkes, 17; Jack Collins, 8.

He is a faithful trainer and is reported to be in the pink of condition and a delegation of his Windy City admirers, who are now on the way to New Orleans, have an unlimited supply of greenbacks to say that he will hang another scalp on his belt.

NO MORE FIGHTING IN 'FRISCO.

A dispatch from San Francisco says: The California, Pacific, Palo Alto and other professional athletic clubs have closed their doors and declared all pending contests off. Boxing is now certainly dead in San Francisco. All that remains to completely stamp it out is the Governor's signature, which is expected to be attached to the anti-prize fighting bill at any moment.

This will prevent the contest between Jack Wilkes of this city and Frank Allen, which was scheduled to take place this evening, from being pulled off. This match was arranged about two months ago, and Wilkes left for Frisco three or four weeks ago. Jack is one of the best men at his weight in the country, and he expected to fight the winner of the Dawson-Ryan contest had he defeated Allen. The action of the San Francisco authorities in stopping fighting in that city is undoubtedly due to the death of the pugilist named Miller from injuries received in a fight with Dal Hawkins last week.

BASE BALL.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—Sunday games, Capt. Anson thinks, are bound to be winners from the start. He says:

"It will only be a question of securing big enough grounds to hold the people. Chicago is a great Sunday town. Base ball is an innocent amusement and ought to prosper. I never had any objection to playing Sundays, and think we will draw large and orderly crowds. We hope to secure ten or twelve Sunday games at home. I will round up the Colts about the middle of next month and prepare for a Southern trip. We have a large number of exhibition games already arranged. I think that the club will return North in good form and that we will cut a clipping good pace from the start."

HARVARD RECALCITRANT.

PRINCETON, N. J., Feb. 28.—There is very little chance of Prince and Harvard meeting on the base ball field this year. The captains and managers have conferred and there was no hitch until the question of graduate players came up. Princeton had agreed with Yale to play this season under the provisions of the so-called undergraduate rule adopted in foot ball. The Harvard representatives refused point blank to play under this provision and, for this reason, efforts to arrange dates were abandoned.

BASE BALL GOSSIP.

Jimmy Canavan has been released to Cincinnati.

Third baseman Charley Reilley and Pitcher Taylor have signed with the Phillies.

"Bid" McPhee denies that he ever declared that he would retire, and asserts that he will certainly talk business with the Cincinnati officials shortly.

Bobby Carruthers has broken the cold chain of silence that hung round him so long and announces that Manager Watkins has extracted a promise from him to append his Parisian signature to a St. Louis contract.

In order to determine the eligibility of players under the new athletic ruling, Yale and Princeton have agreed on Walter Camp and T. F. Carter as a board of arbitration to settle all differences on this point that may arise.

John Ward announces his team for next year as follows: Rusie, King and Crane, pitchers; Doyle and Boyle, catchers; Ward second base; Keeler, third; Fuller, short; Eddie Burke, Davis and Tiernan in the field. The Kelly deal seems to have been frostbitten.

President Drexler of the Louisville Club was in the city Sunday to examine the grand stand and grounds of Von der Ahe's Park. While here he said that his club had secured the Kentucky and Indiana stock yards, a tract of land fifteen minutes' ride from the city, for their grounds next season. The Colonels will now become known as the Hog Killers.

THE TURF.

Walter Gratz, the well-known turfman whose death was announced through these columns yesterday, was a familiar figure about the Club-house and grounds of the St. Louis Jockey Club all through the last spring meeting. Gratz was a cosmopolitan, an Austrian by birth, blest with a good disposition and enough money to purchase all the pleasures of life. He was a great friend of Judge John Carter, and the trio were constantly together. Speaking of his friend's demise yesterday, the Judge said: "Gratz was a turfman for pleasure solely, for his racing ventures were particularly unfortunate. The year his horse Elkwood won the Suburban he had hardly anything on him, having backed his stable companion, Fenelon. He had an idea this horse would win and played him heavily in the winter books. Fenelon did not go to the post. Dry Monopole, who was a good horse in other hands, did nothing while running under his colors. I could recount any number of similar instances. His turf career was one prolonged hard-luck story. It cost him, I think, $250,000.

SIDNEY SELLS FOR $27,000.

CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 28.—Sidney, the celebrated California horse, was sold at the Tattersall-Fasig sale this forenoon for $27,000. George S. Hammond of Detroit was the purchaser.

CHARLES REED'S STALLIONS.

Charles Reed's orders, it is said, are imperative that his stallions, from St. Blaise down, shall be ridden a few miles every day when the weather is at all fit, and he insists, too, that each shall travel a different route every time they are taken out. Some of these horses are ridden ten miles a day through fields and woodlands, through public roads and along country lanes, and if possible are brought back by a different route. Mr. Reed has a notion that horses get tired of seeing the same object every time they are aired, and his idea is to furnish them not only exercise, but a variety of scenery. Mr. Reed uses peat moss bedding in his great stone barn, and this he changes once or twice a year.

AT EAST ST. LOUIS.

The last two races at the course across the river yesterday were run in a heavy rain storm, notwithstanding which, May Blossom, Zed and Blackwoods ran heads apart in the fourth event. Two favorites, a second choice at 3 to 1 and a pair of 4 to 1 shots were successful. Ivanhoe II, at 2 and 3 to 1 was sucessful in the opening race by three or four lengths, from Dan Farrell. St. Anthony, at even money, and 6 to 5, won the second event, driving by one length from Alice Clark. Capt. Jack, at 3 and 4 to 1, was successful in the third by about one length, from Crit Davis. May Blossom, at 3 and 4 to 1, captured the fourth by a head, and Leadville, at even money, at 4 to 5, won the closing scramble, with some two lengths to spare, from Grey Minnie.

YESTERDAY'S WINNERS ELSEWHERE.

At New Orleans—Kindora, Ansel, Jr., San Farmer, Dimples and Alphonse.

At Guttenburg—Deceitful, Mary S., Philuria, Lester, Xenophon and Miss Bess.

At Gloucester—Blitzard, Robin Hood, Censor, Verbena and Deer Lodge.

At Hawthorne—Settle Up, The Major, Oliver Twist, Zoolian and Tom Stevens.

At Washington—Marton, Flora B., St. Patrick, Strathmaid and Pelham.

PEDESTRIANISM.

Gus Guerrero, writing from Bath, Me., to the *Police News*, says: "After having $400 deposited in St. Louis since the last Christmas six-day race for Mr. Orie Moore to accept my challenge for a six-day race, and not hearing from him, I now give him another opportunity to accept, and if Mr. Moore will accept my challenge, he can send any deposit to the *Police News*, or cover my money in St. Louis in the hands of my backer, the race to come off the first week in April, as I am engaged for the Forepaugh Circus for the coming season. I am willing that the race shall occur either in Boston, St. Louis, Chicago or New York. I am also willing to have John Hughes compete, and to make it a sweepstakes for $500 a corner, winner to take all and half the gate receipts."

In regard to the above Prof. Clark says that he was under the impression that Guerrero, Moore, Bennett, Hughes and Herty had posted or would post their money in New York with the *Police News*. He says he will run the race at his place during Easter week if the men put up their money and come on.

HE LOST AN EYE.

Peter Halloren Receives a $50 Donation From the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

An injury to the eyes, necessitating removal, is one of the most painful and at the same time one of the most serious things which can befall a man. Unlike many other accidents, such as the breaking of an arm or a leg, which entails upon the sufferer much temporary inconvenience, the loss of an eye is an irreparable misfortune, and for this reason the POST-DISPATCH pays more to holders of accident coupons who suffer in this particular, than in cases of minor injuries. Benefit No. 93 under this system was yesterday paid to Peter Halloren, a laborer employed at Shickle, Harrison & Howard's iron works, and living at 2129 Singleton street. Feb. 22 last, while engaged at his work, he was struck in the right eye by a flying piece of iron with such force as to cut through the entire cornea, entirely destroying the sight and necessitating the removal of the orb. At the time of the accident Halloren had upon his person a coupon, clipped from the previous issue of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH, and properly filled out with his name and address in ink. Upon presentation of this, together with the necessary affidavit, to this office he was promptly paid $50. His receipt for the money reads as follows:

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 29, 1893.

Received of the POST-DISPATCH $50 for a SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH coupon which was on my person at the time I met with an accident by which I lost my right eye. I am employed at Shickle, Harrison & Howard's Iron Works, and live at 2129 Singleton street. PETER HALLOREN.

Every one should carry one of these coupons, as its benefits are always promptly paid in any of the accidents named therein. Persons living out of the city are equally eligible with residents of St. Louis.

THE Burlington Route's Centennial State Express leaves St. Louis at 12:40 p. m. daily, arrives at Denver 6:15 p. m. the following evening.

It carries a dining car for every meal and makes four hours faster time than any other line. Ticket office 218 North Broadway.

FANNY DAVENPORT AND WILLARD.

Strong Plays at the Grand and the Olympic.

Last night Fanny Davenport appeared in Sardou's "Cleopatra" at the Grand Opera-house. The play was most elaborately and on the whole accurately staged. The bark of Venus, the palace of Rameses, the temple of Isis, and in fact all the scenery was admirable. The costuming was also excellently done, although the costumer should remember that Roman soldiers wore their swords on the right and not on the left side. Miss Davenport's rendition of the character of Cleopatra is familiar to St. Louis theater-goers. It is not Bernhardt's Cleopatra by any means. There is none of the sinuous grace that the great French actress imparted to the character of "the serpent of old Nile," nor is there nearly so much fiery passion displayed. In fact Miss Davenport's Cleopatra is an Anglo Saxon, not an Egyptian or a Greek Cleopatra. There was too much sturdiness and too little sedative charm in Miss Davenport's rendition of the character of the great Egyptian Queen. But to judge any Cleopatra by the Bernhardt standard is a very severe test. Miss Davenport would probably compare favorably with any other woman on the stage. She threw much tenderness into some of the scenes, but it was the tenderness of the north temperate zone, not the passion of the tropics. Melbourne McDowell appeared as Mark Antony. There was in his conception of the character more of the courtly patrician and less of the rough, bluff soldier than many would impart, but it showed he remembered that Antony was trained in the court as well as in the camp. Annie Thornton made an attractive Charmion and Lillian Burke was excellent as Iras. As Demetrius Henry J. Bagge was stern and forceful, and, in fact, all the characters were well rendered. The performance is one that those who have seen Bernhardt will take great interest in watching, if for no other reason than to observe the difference in the methods of treatment.

* * *

At the Olympic E. S. Willard appeared as "The Middleman," the play in which he gained such success last year. Mr. Willard's conception of the character of Cyrus Blenkarn is admirable. He depicts the inventor who cannot be discouraged by failure, but who pursues his idea with untiring energy and undying hope. The innate simplicity of the man, and his unselfish devotion to his daughter was portrayed in a most touching and effective manner. When his daughter's misfortune was made known to him his despair and indignation caused him to lose none of the dignity of grief. This scene was one of the strongest in the play. As Mary Blenkarn Marie Burroughs made a decided hit. She brought out all the pathos of the character and refrained from tearing a passion to tatters. Nannie Craddock was a piquant and attractive Nancy Blenkarn and F. H. Tyler an excellent Jesse Pegg. On Wednesday night "Judah" will be the attraction. On Thursday "A Fool's Paradise" will be presented, and "The Professor's Love Story" will hold the boards for the rest of the week.

* * *

This evening at the Germania Theater Emma Grieb, who was formerly a member of the famous Meininger company, will appear in Lessing's "Minna von Barnhelm." On Thursday she will be seen in Lindau's translation of Sardou's "Fedora."

Have You a Picture to Frame

Or a frame that needs regilding? These are our specialties, and it would be wise to consult us before having anything done in those lines. Heffernan, 1010 Olive street.

Did Not Furnish the Beer.

Mr. John D. Woodlock, who is a candidate for the House of Delegates in the Fourteenth Ward, and who was alleged to have furnished the Chelsea Social Club with the beer that aroused them to a disturbance of the peace Saturday night, says that he not only did not furnish the beer, but that he no connection whatever with the club.



SKINS ON FIRE

With torturing, disfiguring eczemas, and every species of itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, pimply and blotchy skin and scalp diseases are relieved in the majority of cases by a single application, and speedily, permanently and economically cured by the CUTICURA REMEDIES when the best physicians, hospitals and all other remedies fail. To those who have suffered long and hopelessly, and who have lost faith in doctors, medicines and all things human, the CUTICURA REMEDIES appeal with a force never before realized in the history of medicine. Every hope, every expectation awakened by them, has been more than fulfilled. Their success has excited the wonder and admiration of physicians and druggists, familiar with the marvelous cures daily effected by them. They have friends in every quarter of the civilized world. People in every walk of life believe in them, use them and recommend them. They are in truth the greatest skin cures, blood purifiers and humor remedies of modern times. Sale greater than the combined sales of all other skin and blood remedies. Sold throughout the world.

Price: CUTICURA, 50c; CUTICURA SOAP, 25c; CUTICURA RESOLVENT, $1.00.

Prepared by POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

"All About the Skin, Scalp and Hair," 64 pages, 300 Diseases, mailed free.

Nothing Can Be Worse

for the stomach than strong purgatives and aperients. The genuine Carlsbad Sprudel Salt is a natural, pleasant aperient, laxative and diuretic. Be sure and secure only the genuine.

Farmers!



...lean up at night, and heal the day's cuts and bruises with

KIRK'S DUSKY DIAMOND TAR SOAP

because of its high percentage of tar.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT.

JAS. S. KIRK & CO., Chicago.

American Family Soap The Best Soap for Pleasure.



Famous

Soap Day!

To-Morrow (Wednesday) in our Economy Basement.

Our usual 50,000 Cakes "Famous" Nickel Laundry Soap will go at

2½c Cake.

Not More Than 20 Cakes to a Customer.

The Completest Line of House-Furnishing Goods in this city. Reliable Goods Only. Prices Very Much Lower than Elsewhere in St. Louis. For instance:

1000 5c Wire Egg Beaters for 3c

300 Fancy Salt Boxes, worth 35c each, will be 20c



500 10-inch Turkey Feather Dusters, worth 25c each, at 18c.



300 New Novelty Wringers, worth $2.48 each, will be.. $1.79





1000 Decorated China Sauce Dishes, worth 12c each, will be 7c.

The bad weather yesterday kept many away from our Great Sale of Table Cutlery, but it won't do to stay away. Come early to-morrow and get the Greatest Bargains St. Louis ever saw.



COFFEE MADE QUICK AS A WINK IN THE "FAMOUS" AGATE COLUMBIAN COFFEE POT.



Come and learn to make the best coffee you ever tasted—H. & K. Java and Mocha Coffee, roasted and ground fresh every day—all first-class grocers keep it. Try a cup of it FREE

IN FAMOUS BASEMENT.

Famous Advertisers of Facts, Broadway and Morgan.

DO YOU KNOW

That fancy shirts should have link cuffs and a white collar attached to be in good form for stylish dressers? I would like your orders at once, as we are very busy in this department. If we do not please you, you do not take the shirts, but you must call and be fitted as a tailor fits a coat.

LADIES' SHIRTS

To order for Swellish Dressers.

D. L. PARRISH,

Telephone 471. 702 Olive st.

HENRY SHAW



The Best Havana Filler Hand-made 5c Cigar on the Market.

To be had of all first-class dealers.

J. F. W. Doepke & Co

522 N. Third st., St. Louis.

POLITICAL.

GRAND BANNERMAN DEMONSTRATION—On Wednesday evening, March 1, 1893, there will be held at Lasleds Hall, southwest corner of Easton and Garrison avs., the closing meeting of the Banneman Club of the 22d Ward before the primaries. Every friend of Major Bannerman is urged to be present. J. E. BURLEIGH, Secy.

E. C. BUNN, Pres.

Mme. F. Jacquemin

REMOVED TO 310 N. Broadway

All the Latest Novelties of the Season on hand.

"SUPERIOR" STOVES Firebacks AND Guaranteed RANGES 5 Years. RINGEN STOVE CO. 414 N. BROADWAY.

Liebig COMPANY'S Extract of Beef.

Do you want a cup of BEEF TEA? See that it is made from the GENUINE. Incomparably the best. Pure, palatable, refreshing. Dissolves clearly.

See Baron Liebig's signature in blue on each label, thus: J. Liebig

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by Grocers, labelled thus.

JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

Something New. A Lenten Delicacy.

SAMUEL CRUMP'S



DIGESTIBLE, FIBERLESS COCOANUT, soluble in hot or cold water; a delightful drink in ice water; is adapted to all purposes where fresh or desiccated cocoanut is used for cooking. Ask your grocer for it. Telephone No. 3972.



SNIDER'S Puree of Tomato Soups. Contains no beef stock. For Sale by

David Nicholson,

106-108 N. Sixth Street.



I WENT TO HEADQUARTERS

THE ONLY M'NICHOL

I thought of poor old mother,
She who had worked for me;
I thought of what would please her
And set her old heart free;
She toiled and labored always
That we might have the best,
And now I thought she ought to have
A little space of rest.

Her rooms were old and shabby,
Her furniture decayed,
Her carpets worn to patches,
Her curtains all were frayed;
I thought how well a parlor
Would suit the dear old soul;
With dining-room and kitchen,
All under her control!

It took but little money,
I knew the place to seek,
I'd heard how others bought of him
For payments by the week.
I went to see McNichol,
A genial, honest man,
And bought the things I wanted
On his new installment plan.

And then I sought out Kitty,
She'd waited quite awhile;
I fully told her of my hopes,
She answered with a smile.
We live as few folks ever do,
Quite happy, free from woe,
And if you want to do likewise
I'll show you where to go.

To the man who helps all, whether they have money or not.

[Trade Mark.] THE ONLY M'NICHOL, 1015-1022-1024 Market st.

P. S.—The best Household Goods in the world and for the lowest price. The terms are so easy, the payments so light, that any man or woman can furnish a home, and with beautiful Furniture, Carpets, Pictures, Curtains, Beds, Lamps, Dishes, Clocks, Stoves, etc. Try it and see.

TAKE THE BROADWAY CABLE CARS.

You all know that we will sell from

25 to 50 Per Cent Cheaper

than any up town house.

100 Bed Room Suits.
100 Parlor Suits.
75 Bed Lounges.
75 Folding Beds.
50 Hall Trees.
50 Side Boards.
150 Plush Reed Rocking Chairs.
100 Hanging Lamps.
150 New Process Gasoline Stoves.
50 Home Steel Ranges.
75 Cook Stoves.
125 Baby Carriages.
150 Ice Chests and Refrigerators.
500 Rolls Brussels and Ingrain Carpets.
200 Pairs Lace Curtains.
And everything needed in housekeeping.

All goods sold for cash or on easy time payments. Terms to suit everybody. We must sell to make room. Call and be convinced. Mention this paper. Six large stores full of the best and latest styles.

GEO. J. FRITSCH,

FURNITURE, STOVE and CARPET CO.,

No. 1507, 1509, 1511, 1513, 1515, 1517 S. Broadway

A. P. ERKER & BRO.

OPTICIANS,

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Spectacles and Eye Glasses, Opera Glasses, Field Glasses, Drawing Instruments, Photo Cameras, Thermometers, etc.

PREVENT CHOLERA!

TYPHOID FEVER,

And all kindred diseases by using our wonderful IVORY DISINFECTANT. Place two tablespoonfuls in your Sinks, Closets and Drains, with water sufficient to dissolve it. Let it run off and with it will go all microbes, filthy matter and foul odors at once.

IT REMOVES THE CAUSE.

No obnoxious smell like lime or carbolic acid. Recommended by Physicians and Sanitary experts. Can be had of all druggists, or on receipt of 50 cents we will send package to your address free of charge.

IVORY DISINFECTANT CO.,

E. MYERS & CO., Agts.,

220 S. 3d St., St. Louis, Mo.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC.

MR. E. S. WILLARD

TO-NIGHT,

THE MIDDLEMAN.

Wednesday Night, only Performance of

JUDAH.

Thursday, the only time of

A FOOL'S PARADISE.

Friday, THE PROFESSOR'S LOVE STORY
Saturday Mat., THE PROFESSOR'S LOVE STORY
Saturday night, THE PROFESSOR'S LOVE STORY

Persons holding tickets for Wednesday matinee can have them exchanged for any other performance or their money returned.

Sunday, March 5—

De WOLFF HOPPER IN

WANG!

Sale of seats opens Thursday, March 2.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE

FANNY DAVENPORT,

Supported by MELBOURNE McDOWELL and Her Own Company in Sardou's

CLEOPATRA.

N. B.—Performance commences at 8 p. m. sharp. Matinee Saturday only, at 1:30 sharp.

N. B.—Sunday, March 5, HERRMANN THE GREAT.

MONDAY, MARCH 6—Wilson Barrett.

THE HAGAN—To-Night.

Matinee Wednesday 25c and 50c	HANLON BROS.' Unparalleled Spectacular Trick Pantomime, SUPERBA.	Matinee Wednesday 25c and 50c

Next Sunday—"Husband and Wife, or Mrs. Springfield's Flirtation." Tel. 771.

POPE'S — TO-NIGHT.

25c—Matinees Wednesday and Saturday—50c.

ARNOLD WOLFORD'S Magnificent Scenic Production, The Smugglers.

Next Sunday—Paul Kauvar. Tel. 1470.

HAVLIN'S—To-Night.

Engagement of the Champion for 12 years,

JOHN L. SULLIVAN

And company of players, in a sensational and romantic drama in four acts by Edmund E. Price, entitled The Man From Boston.

Next Sunday—Oliver Doud Byron

STANDARD

Matinee Friday. CHAMPION JACK McAULIFFE And His Big Specialty Co.

Next week—City Club Burlesque Co.



Sivalls' Wonderland AND FAMILY THEATER. Sixth and Franklin Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

WEEK OF MONDAY FEB. 27.

Greatest living curiosities ever exhibited in St. Louis.

TOCCI, THE 2 HEADED BOY. Salary $350 per week.

2 Heads. 2 Minds.
2 Brains. 2 Hearts.
2 Legs. 2 Feet.
4 Arms. 4 Hands.
4 Eyes. 4 Ears.
$10,000 for his equal.

TWO THEATERS.

Admission to All 10c.

The seventh lecture on "Travels In Europe" Will be given by M. RHODES, D. D., With Stereopticon, on Thursday Evening, March 2, at St. Mark's Lutheran Church, Corner Bell and Cardinal avs., at 8 o'clock, subject London, Munich, Dresden, Nuremberg, Stuttgart, Prague, Vienna, Lakes of Italy, Milan. Tickets, 25 cents.

EAST ST. LOUIS JOCKEY CLUB.

Alex. F. Ullman, President.

Racing Every Day Except Sunday.

COMMENCING AT 1:30 P. M.

EASTERN RACES, 12:45.

Trains leave Union Depot at 12:25 p. m., Main street at 12:30 p. m. Round trip 25 cents. Electric cars to bridge.

The publishers of the POST-DISPATCH reserve the right and privilege of revising or rejecting any advertisement left in their counting-room. In case of rejection money will be refunded.

LODGE NOTICES.

DAMON LODGE, No. 28, K. of P.—Regular meeting Wednesday evening, March 1, at Pythian Hall, No. 405 Locust st. Work in the Rank of Page and adoption of by-laws. All Knights cordially invited.
H. MAUCH, C. C.
Attest, CHAS. J. VUCH, K. of R. and S. 33

GEORGE WASHINGTON LODGE, No. 9, A. F. and A. M., will hold a regular communication at Freemasons' Hall, corner Seventh and Market streets, this (Tuesday) evening at 7:30 o'clock. "Work on E. A., Degree," with lecture, illustrated by stereopticon views. Visitors always welcome, and members earnestly requested to attend. P. J. HEUER, Secretary. 33

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Situation in jewelry store by young man of 18, with 3½ years' experience. Address S 235, this office. 37

WANTED—Situation by energetic young man of 18 in wholesale house as shipping or bill clerk or any other clerical position. Add. P 235, this office. 37

WANTED—By competent millwright and carpenter of good address and habits, position as salesman in some line in which a mechanical knowledge would be of value; best of reference from present employers. Address X 235, this office. 37

Stenographers.

WANTED—Sit. by a male stenographer having two years' experience. Add. H 235, this office. 41

Coachmen.

WANTED—An experienced coachman wants a situation in private family. Call two days at 1420 Wash st. 39

The Trades.

WANTED—Situation by bartender of some ability where he can further his experience; salary no object. Add. F 236, this office. 38

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Situation as driving delivery wagon by steady young man. Will Kerston, 2932 Olive. 43

WANTED—Situation by good colored porter or will drive wagon. Ad. G 236, this office. 43

WANTED—Situation by young man; work of some kind; is steady, sober and learned; is well acquainted in city. Add. G 235, this office. 43

WANTED—Situation as coachman in private family: understands care of horses and well acquainted in city. Address W 226, this office. 43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—An experienced clothing salesman. 622 Olive st., up-stairs. 54

WANTED—Good grocery clerk, with refs.; single preferred. Apply at 2600 St. Louis av. 54

WANTED—Your patronage; fine clothing made to order and sold upon easy time payment. Merchant Tailors, 14 and 16 7th st. 54

WANTED—Young man for office work; must be good at figures; state salary expected, also references. Address C 235, this office. 54

HAVE you tried "Harris' " $4 shoes; judge their value by the months they wear. 520 Pine st. 54

MONEY to loan on furniture; small house a specialty; cheap and quick. 619 Pine st. 54

HAYWARD'S SHORT-Hand and Business College, 702, 704 and 706 Olive st.; day and night sessions. Phone 479.

The Trades.

WANTED—At 814 St. Charles st., good baker on bread and pies. 58

WANTED—Job press-feeder. DeBolt Printing Co., 318 Locust st. 58

WANTED—Good steady coatmaker to work in the shop. 20 S. Broadway. 58

WANTED—A press feeder for small presses. J. A. Praehs, 717 Olive st. 58

WANTED—At once; first-class cake baker; no other need apply. 1529 Pine st. 58

WANTED—Bench molders at once. Ette & Henger Mfg. Co., 11th and Hebert sts. 58

WANTED—A first-class bartender. Apply between 10 a. m. and 12 m., 501 N. 13th st. 58

WANTED—At once a good band sawyer. St. Charles Furniture Co., St. Charles, Mo. 58

WANTED—All canmakers and assortment workers to attend meeting Tuesday, Feb. 28, at 8 p. m. 58

WANTED—Rattan and willow workers. St. Louis Refrigerator and Wooden Gutter Co., Main st. and Park av. 58

WANTED—A barkeeper for Sunday afternoon work; such as is working steady during week preferred. Apply, with reference, to P 231, this office 58

WANTED—A first-class job printer, used to special fine work; must be sober and industrious; state salary expected. Address D 236, this office 58

WANTED—A butcher, a young man, one willing to learn the grocery business and make himself generally useful; refs. required. Address N 235, this office. 58

MONEY to loan on furniture, horses and wagons. Call and get our terms. 619 Pine st. 58

TREATMENTFREE
For all diseases; small charges for medicine only; 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. daily; Sunday, 9 to 4; no students. Policlinic and Dispensary, 813 N. 6th st., St. Louis.

Laborers.

WANTED—Plumber's laborer. Apply at 2314 Cass av. 59

WANTED—Men and teams on Grand and Easton avs. Tim Maloney. 59

WANTED—Ten teamsters. Apply at stable, 3727 Garfield av. Jas. Carroll. 59

WANTED—50 teams, 8th and Olive; 50 on Locust, bet. 7th and 8th sts; 40 cents per load; also, 25 shovelers. L. Kennah. 59

WANTED—Two first-class teamsters; good wages and steady work to the right men. Inquire at Shipping Department, Wrought Iron Range Co., 20th st. and Washington av. 59

WE lend money on horses, wagons, mules and all kinds of personal property. 619 Pine st. 59

Boys.

WANTED—Colored boy for barber shop. 1929 Park av. 61

WANTED—Strong boy 17 to 18 years. Call 1030 N. Main st. 61

WANTED—Boy to feed job press. Sunday Mirror, 516 Walnut st. 61

WANTED—A colored boy; must bring references. 2839 Washington av. 61

WANTED—A butcher boy. Apply at Stand No. 16, French Market. 61

WANTED—A boy with some experience at house painting. 2305 Walnut, in rear, 7 a. m. 61

WANTED—Ten boys to distribute circulars. Apply 8:30 a. m. Wednesday, 919 Olive st., room 8, 2d floor. 61

WANTED—A boy for housework: must understand how to care for horse and cow. Apply at 4226 McPherson av. 61

WANTED—A boy aged 16 to 18 years for collecting and to help in the store; wholesale business; good references required. Apply at 615 N. 8th st. between 9 and 10 o'clock a. m. 61

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A good, sober hostler. 2732 Park av. 62

WANTED—Competent man for housework; references required. 2808 Olive st. 62

WANTED—Young man thoroughly acquainted with the city. 622 Olive st., up-stairs. 62

WANTED—Box cutter on cross cut; also couple of good nailers. Duross & Olcott, Broadway Planing Mills, 3300 N. Broadway. 62

WANTED—Experienced vampers on woman's work; good wages; steady employment. Apply at Des Moines Shoe Mfg. Co., Des Moines, Io. 62

WANTED—Young man with some experience in retail shoe business to take charge of stock room; also good boy to learn. C. E. Hilts Shoe Co., 604 and 606 Franklin av. and 829 N. 6th st. 62

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—A girl would like to get a place in store; can furnish ref. Ad. B 236, this office. 44

WANTED—By a thoroughly experienced saleslady, position in dry goods and notion store. Address R 224, this office. 44

WANTED—Situation by competent young lady; would like to do writing of evenings, such as sending out circulars, etc.; $2.50 per week. Address A 236, this office. 44

Nurses.

WANTED—Situation by first-class lady's nurse; disengaged for March and April; terms moderate; best references. Add. N 234, this office. 50

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Work by a dressmaker; teacher of Drumm's tailor system. Call day or evening 1819 Franklin av. 46

WANTED—Situation by a first-class seamstress to do light sewing and general housework; best of ref. 1817 Division st.

General Housework.

WANTED—A good German cook. Apply 3731 Pine st. 48

WANTED—Sit. by girl for general housework. 822 N. 22d st., up-stairs. 48

WANTED—Situations to do housework or as chambermaid, by 2 young girls. 210 N. Beaumont st.

WE do not misrepresent our goods or prices. A. Herman, 3024 Easton av.

STOVE REPAIRS.
Castings and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. A. G. Brauer, 219 Locust st. 48

Laundresses.

WANTED—Washing and scrubbing. 2602 N. 9th st., downstairs. 51

Cooks.

WANTED—Situation as 1st-class cook or general housework; without washing. 3001 Market. 49

WANTED—Situation by 1st-class cook; city or country; refs. 1400 N. 14th st., upstairs, in rear. 49

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Situation by a dining-room girl. Call bet. 2 and 4, 1437 N. 24th st. 52

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

General Housework.

WANTED—A housegirl at 1707 Olive st. 66

WANTED—Girl for housework. 1509 Hickory st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 801 Hickory st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework at 3645 Laclede av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply 4112 Finney av. 66

WANTED—Housegirl; must give references. 1411 Washington av. 66

WANTED—German girl for general housework. 3028 Thomas st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework; small family. 3032 Clark av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; family of three. 4524 Page av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family. 4260 Olive st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family. 2915 Olive st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; no washing. 3319 Chestnut st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework in private family. 1312 Chouteau av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework or one to assist. 2853 N. Grand av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework in new flat. 616A N. Garrison av. 66

WANTED—Girl to assist in light housework. Mrs. Seligsohn, 1123 Channing av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; must be a good cook. 2631 Chestnut st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework; a pleasant home. 3854 Windsor pl. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework in a family; no washing. 3533 Olive st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; no washing or ironing. 4321 W. Belle pl. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework and cooking; no washing. 2918 Dickson st. 66

WANTED—Young girl for housework; no washing nor coal to carry. 222 S. 14th st. 66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework; (small family). Apply at 4461 Page av. 66

WANTED—German girl for general housework; good wages; small family. 1105 S. 10th st. 66

WANTED—Good German girl for general housework in small family. Ap. 1803 Dolman st. 66

WANTED—A reliable girl for general housework in family of 2. N. e. cor. Eads and Nebraska. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework in small family; no children. Apply at 5559 Cabanne pl. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; 2 in family; no washing nor ironing. 506 Cabanne, cor. Olive. 66

WANTED—Girl in small family; must understand cooking; good wages. Call Thursday 1112 S. 10th st. 66

WANTED—Immediately; good girl for general housework; small house; good wages; 3119 Lemp av. 66

WANTED—Good girl or middle-aged woman for general housework; wages $5 per week. 1425 Bremen av. 66

WANTED—Young girl to assist with general housework in small family; good wages. 2926 Olive st. 66

WANTED—Woman to do general housework in the suburbs. Call at 1002 Pine st. at 9 a. m. Wednesday. 66

WANTED—German girl for housework and assist in cooking; no outside or laundry work. 3126 Washington av. 66

WANTED—Steady girl or middle-aged woman to do general housework in family of 2 adults at 2812 Gamble st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family; good wages; refs. required. Apply 2801 Caroline street. 66

WANTED—German girl for general housework; must be good cook; good pay to suitable party. 3937 Washington av. 66

WANTED—A few good girls for housework; small families; extra good wages; no office fee to pay. National Employment Co., 11½ N. Broadway. 66

CALL and see the new reliable process gasoline stove at A. Herman's, 3024 Easton av.

Nurses.

WANTED—A nursegirl for young baby at once. 622 Olive, upstairs. 70

WANTED—A nurse girl, about 15 or 16 years old. 1657 S. Jefferson av. 70

WANTED—At 62 Vandeventer pl.; girl to nurse and help clean up stairs. 70

WANTED—Girl of 16 years to nurse child and for upstairs work. 2631 Chestnut st. 70

WANTED—A lady nurse for confinement. Call at 1209 Howard st., Mrs. Mary Slipsey. 70

WANTED—Young girl to nurse year-old child; good wages. Apply at once at 5524 Cates av. 70

WANTED—A nurse girl to travel in Texas and assist in taking care of three children. Inquire at 2822 Washington av. 70

WANTED—Nurse girl about 16 years of age, to assist with housework. 2804 Eads av., 2 blocks north of Lafayette av. 70

WANTED—An experienced nurse to take charge of an only child, 7 months old; good wages; reference required. 2830 Lafayette av. 70

Cooks, Etc.

WANTED—A German cook and house girl. Apply 3428 Morgan st. 68

WANTED—German girl to cook, wash and iron. 3507 Laclede av. 68

WANTED—Competent diningroom house girl. 2647 Washington av. 71

WANTED—Good German girl as cook in boarding-house. 230 Sidney st. 68

WANTED—A girl to cook, wash and iron in family of 3. 3145 Washington av. 68

WANTED—Girl to do cooking and down-stairs work; no washing. Apply 2736 Chestnut. 68

WANTED—Girl to cook. Apply to Mrs. Charles W. Nugent, cor. McPherson and Taylor avs. 68

WANTED—Cook. German; $20 cook, wash and iron; $16 cook and iron. 3838 Westminster pl. 68

WANTED—A good girl to cook, wash and iron and help with downstairs work; wages, $15. 2106 Lafayette av. 68

WANTED—Two girls, 1 to cook, wash and iron, the other to nurse: small family; good wages. Apply to James G. Nugent, cor. Washington av. and Broadway. 68

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Girl at 116 Olive st. 71

WANTED—A good girl at 1330 Hickory st. 71

WANTED—Girl to help in kitchen. 311 Olive st. 71

WANTED—Good girl for private boarding-house. 1218 Monroe st. 71

WANTED—Girl to work by the week. Apply 1702 O'Fallon st. 71

WANTED—Lady compositor and girls to learn. Add. E 236, this office. 71

WANTED—Girls about 12 years old to trim awnings at St. Louis Tent and Awning Co., 117 Olive st. 71

WANTED—3 chambermaids, dining-room girl, 2 cooks. National Employment Co., 11½ N. Broadway. 71

Laundresses.

WANTED—A washwoman at 1817 California av. 67

WANTED—At once, three good bosom ironers. Queen City Laundry, East St. Louis, Ill. 67

WANTED—A 1st-class white laundress for tomorrow; must apply before 6 o'clock this evening. 3680 Olive st. 67

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Girl to work on custom coats. 1104 N. 9th st. 69

WANTED—Good seamstress for children's clothes. 4331 W. Belle pl. 69

WANTED—By dressmaker, girls to improve; also learners. Call 2927 Pine st. 69

WANTED—Hand and machine girls to sew pants; also girl to press. 614 Barry st. 69

WANTED—Good shirt finishers. Broadway Steam Laundry, 2405 S. Broadway. 69

WANTED—Eight hands to work on coats; two for machine, others for hand work. 1519 Clinton. 69

WANTED—Apprentices—20 good sewers and girls to learn dressmaking and cutting. 614 Olive. 69

WANTED—Good buttonhole-makers; bring sample; good pay. 205 N. Broadway, 3d floor. 69

WANTED—PARTNERS.

$3.00 UP. Pants to order. Mesritz Tailoring Co., 219 N. 8th, near Olive st., 2d floor. 54

EDUCATIONAL.

WANTED—By experienced lady teacher, position in school or private scholars. Address R 235, this office. 29

MONEY WANTED.

WANTED—To borrow $85; short time; first-class security. Add. N 236, this office. 25

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Lady's gold watch and chain. Reward if returned to 704 Pine st. 30

LOST—A Newfoundland dog about 1 year old. Return to 4200 Grove st. and get reward. 30

LOST—Sunday evening, pug dog, medium size, 3 years old; answers to name of Muggins. $5 reward if returned to 1801 Rutger st. 30

LOST—Dogs—1 red Irish setter, front teeth well worn, and 1 Scotch terrier, evenly marked on head; liberal reward if returned. 3672 Pine st. 30

LOST—A book; Remington Pharmacy, at the n. w. cor. Jefferson and Washington avs. Finder will receive reward by returning same to J. A. Duttman, 1100 Franklin av. 30

FOUND—"Bilious Buttons" prevent constipation and cure bilious attacks; 25c a box by druggists.

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—In vicinity of Lafayette Park, pleasant room with good board in private family by gentleman and wife with year-old baby; state terms, which must be reasonable. Add. A 235, this office. 20

WANTED—By a couple without children, a room and kitchen or one large room with water on the same floor, top floor, by nice neighbors, between 40 and 50 north and between Broadway and 14th st. Address T 235, this office. 21

FURNISHED FLATS WANTED.

WANTED—To rent 1st floor furnished for light housekeeping; would take parlor and kitchen floor or regular flat furnished; family of three adults; responsible party. Add. O 235, this office.

FURNISHED HOUSES WANTED.

FOR RENT—8-room house or flat for which owner will take board in payment of rent. Add Mrs. L., 3006 Thomas st. 15

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—Board by two young ladies employed, not to exceed $3.50 per week. Address W 235, this office. 19

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—Board and rooms by 3 gents. Ad. E. R. Baker, 2702 Lucas av. 20

WANTED—Board and rooms by gent, wife and child, Ad. E. R. Baker, 2702 Lucas av. 20

WANTED—Board for two and two furnished rooms in a private family preferred; references exchanged. Add. for 3 days, C 236, this office.

IF parties wishing rooms and board or rooms for light housekeeping will send their address or call on E. R. Baker, 2702 Lucas av., a list of desirable places will be furnished free of charge; no room agency. 20

STORES, STABLES, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—To rent a good stable for 2 horses and wagons. Add. Arthur Jutz, 1006 N. 16th st. 82

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—Lady canvassers; $10 per day to good workers. Room A, 816½ Chestnut st. 73

WANTED—4 or 5 good lady canvassers to take orders for toilet preparations; something new; good commission; hustlers only. Apply to 1406 Pine st., 2d floor. 73

WANTED—6 first-class canvassers to take orders for toilet soap; good commission; none but hustlers and those who mean business need apply. 1406 Pine st., 2d floor. 73

SALARY OR COMMISSION to agents to handle the Patent Chemical Ink Erasing Pencil. The most useful and novel invention of the age. Erases ink thoroughly in two seconds. Works like magic. 200 to 500 per cent profit. Agents making $50 per week. We also want a general agent to take charge of territory and appoint sub agents. A rare chance to make money. Write for terms and specimen of erasing. Monroe Eraser Mfg. Co., X 15, La Crosse, Wis. 73

BOOKS.

A. J. CRAWFORD—312 N. 7th st. Books all kinds; bought and sold. 28

ALL SORTS.

CASTINGS furnished for any stove or range made. Jos. Forshaw, 113 N. 12th st. 32

THE cheapest house in St. Louis for furniture is A. Herman, 3024 Easton av.

4SHAW removed to Franklin and Easton avs.; stove repairs of all kinds. 32

2,000 UNREDEEMED gold and silver watches, 3,000 rings, 1,000 clocks and large quantities of gold and silver chains, bracelets, jewelry, etc. For sale cheap at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 32



ST. LOUIS MUTUAL HOUSE BUILDING CO., Office No. 513 Walnut st., Samuel Simmons, Pres.; Hugo Kromrey, Sec'y. This pioneer company builds or purchases houses at option of applicant, on monthly payment plan, in St. Louis City. Prospectus at office free of charge.

WHEN YOU WANT
Your house, store or office painted do not forget to give us a call.
F. L. McGinness Painting Co.,
Telephone 421. (3) 214 N. 7th st.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—Regular storage house for furniture, pianos, vehicles, trunks, boxes, etc.; safe, reliable, clean rooms; get our rates; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc.; estimates free; money loaned. ☞ Consign goods to our care. Telephone 4122. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1219-1221 Olive.

Fidelty Storage, Packing and Moving Co.
1723 and 1725 Morgan St.
Branch office—1003 Pine st. Telephone Nos. 2800 and 4101.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

HORSES clipped in first-class style for $2. 2840 Clark av., rear. 11

For Sale.

FOR SALE—Or exchange, 250 new and 2d-hand open and top wagons. Vehicles and harness of all kinds. 1112 N. Broadway. 12

MONEY to loan on horses and wagons, furniture and pianos. 619 Pine st. 12

STORM BUGGIES.
12 EMBREE-M'LEAN. 1817-23 Olive st.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Cheap; shelving. Apply at 2226 Franklin av. Bargain. 5

FOR SALE—250 "Carriers' Coupons." Address K 236, this office. 5

FOR SALE—One large parrot (Macaw); splendid talker. 1141 Park av. 5

FOR SALE—Joist, scantling and kindling wood, 22d and University st. T. J. Kennah. 5

FURNITURE, carpets, stoves, refrigerators sold at the lowest possible figure. A. Herman, 3024 Easton av.

COAL—Best grades hard and soft; lowest prices. Holschen Coal Co., 1015 N. 10th st. Telephone 3411 or send postal. 5

NEWFOUNDLAND pups, thoroughbreds only; also pugs; we buy and sell. Roesch, 215 Market.

SEWING MACHINES from $7 to $15, all in perfect order, at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 5

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. Advertisements in this column not of a business nature, of two lines and over, FIFTEEN cents per line.

PERSONAL—Will lady at opera-house last night in fifth row parquet grant interview. Address M 236, this office. 1

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

A GENUINE trance medium, Mrs. Tabor; 23 S. 14th st. Ladies 50c, gents $1. 74

ARRIVED—Mme. Moss, celebrated clairvoyant and magnetic healer. 2641 Olive st.; 50c and $1. 74

ANDRUS' Electric Belt, 919 Olive st., cures the sick, weak, nervous, pains, aches, etc.; book free.

ALL kinds of baths and massage treatment; experienced op.; first-class patronage solicited. Hours 9 a. m. to 11 p. m. Mrs. Brooks, 1509 Chestnut st. 74

BATHS—Mrs. Adams gives massage and elec. treatment; 1st-class patronage solic. 2204 Chestnut. 74

BATHS—Mrs. S. Shaw, 1124 Pine st., massage treatment; professional attend'ts; lady operators.

BATHS—Mrs. Webber of New York gives all kinds of baths, magnetic and massage treatment; skilled operators. Parlors 902 Pine st., in rear. 74

CALL for the Doctor, 1115 Olive st.; charges only for medicine; visits $1; formerly 9th and Olive. 74

DR. MARY ARTHUR treats female irregularities successfully; receives and boards ladies in con.; reas. terms; bus. confidential. Call 2344 Wash. 74

DR. ANNA NEWLAND, ladies' physician and midwife; treats and cures female troubles; board dur. con. Ladies in trouble call or write. 29 S. 14th.

DR. LOTTIE REINEE, midwife; grad. 2 colleges; receives ladies during confine.; female complaints treated successfully; charges reas. 120 S. 14th st. 14

HIGHEST price paid for gents' cast-off clothing. Call or address N. Jacobs, 318 Locust st. 74

JUST received an elegant line of new spring goods. A. Herman, 3024 Easton av.

MRS. M. EDWARDS gives massage, magnetic and electric treatment. 2217 Market st. 74

MRS. C. AMES gives massage, alcohol rubbing and baths; skilled operators. 26 S. 16th. 74

MME. ANNA, the fortune teller of the West, 326 Market st., near 4th. Established 1851. 74

MRS. L. HOTSON, midwife, receives ladies during con.; reasonable rates; ladies in trouble call or write; take Market st. car. 2305 Market st. 74

MRS. J. SONNEN, graduate midwife, receives ladies during confinement; first-class accommodations at reasonable prices; strictly confidential. Call or write 1031 Park av.; take U. D. cars south. 74

MRS. DR. M. DOSSEN, the world renowned female specialist; 25 years' practical experience; skilfully treats and cures all female complaints, with great success; call or write. 1006 Chouteau av. 74

1,000 BUSINESS CARDS, $1. H. B. Crole & Co., printers. 815 Locust st.; send for estimates.



PRIVATE LYING-IN INSTITUTE
AND COLLEGE OF MIDWIFERY,
Incorporated.
The only regular institute of the kind in the West.
Ladies who expect their confinement can be accommodated and find perfect seclusion. Female diseases a specialty.
DR. H. NEWLAND,
2201 and 2203 Olive St.

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. Dr. J. Stephens, Lebanon, O.

MUSICAL.

BANJO and mandolin thoroughly taught by S. T. Kase, 4357 North Market st.; my own method; easy and quick to learn. 27

DECKER BROS. Pianos, Estey pianos, Haines Bros. pianos, Estey organs. Low prices, easy terms. Pianos rented, tuned, repaired or moved. Estey & Camp, 916 Olive st. 27

$165 WILL buy a fine 7⅓-octave upright piano. J. A. Kieselhorst, 1000 Olive st. 27

PIANO LESSONS.
Wanted a few more beginners, by thorough and competent teacher; terms reasonable. For further particulars address Y 227, this office. 27

THE CELEBRATED
SOHMER
PIANOS,
The favorite of the Eastern musical public can be seen at
KOERBER PIANO CO., 1108 Olive Street

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE.

$500 000 For loan on choice business property at 5 per cent.
JAS. M. CARPENTER & CO.

MONEY TO LOAN ON PERSONAL PROPERTY.



MONEY TO LOAN from $1 to $10,000 on watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, musical instruments, etc. Low rates of interest. S. VAN RAALTE, 12 and 14 S. 4th st.

CONFIDENTIAL LOANS on furniture, pianos, building association books, etc.; no publicity, no charge for papers; monthly payments received, thereby reducing both principal and interest. J. W. Staley, 717 and 719 Market st. 31

St. Louis Mortgage Co., 720 1-2 Pine St.,
Loan money on furniture; you can keep possession of your property and pay off the loan in installments at your convenience; no commission charged; all business confidential; we guarantee the lowest terms on these loans, and parties wishing temporary accommodations will find it to their advantage to apply to us; if you have a loan elsewhere and wish it carried at a reasonable rate give us a call. 31

IF YOU WANT MONEY
In sums to suit, on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, without publicity or removal of property, then call on us. Part payments taken and cost reduced in proportion. German-American Loan Co., F. W. Peters, manager, 515 Pine st., 2d floor. 31

MUTUAL LOAN CO., 218 N. 8TH ST. Near Olive.
Money loaned at reduced rates on furniture and other personal property. No removal necessary. Business confidential. No commission or charge for papers. Borrowers will receive the best terms and be treated right. Loans can be paid off part at a time and save interest. Do not fail to see us before making a loan.

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, revolvers, trunks, musical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1017 Morgan st. 31

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Room 2, 904 Olive st. 31

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; any amount; lowest rate. John C. King, 814 Morgan.

Money Cheap. 619 Pine St. Money Quick.
We lend money on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons and all kinds of personal property; you can pay it back in small payments; each payment reduces your interest. See us before borrowing. Fidelity Loan & Guarantee Co. 31

FURNITURE LOANS.
Money to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. Union Loan Co., 1003 Pine st.

DO YOU WANT MONEY
ADVANCED ON FURNITURE AND PIANOS?
Responsible parties can be accommodated with sums from $25 and upwards at low rates; no removal; business private; can be paid back to suit your own convenience.
31 O. C. VOELCKER & CO., 1025 Chestnut st.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

FOR RENT—The basement in the northeast corner of the Wainwright Building; elegantly lighted, finely ventilated, electric light, heat, hot and cold water included in rent. See us at once, as the early bird catches the worm.
F. H. & C. B. GERHART,
17 707 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT—OFFICES.
Mermod-Jaccard Building.
Rialto Building.
Columbia Building.
Hammett-Anderson-Wade. 213 N. 8th St.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Folding bed, wardrobe, table, dresser and other furniture. Apply 1006 Olive st. 65

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

204 S. 16TH ST.—2 rooms, furnished for housekeeping; $7 and $10 per month. 13

620 N. 5TH ST.—Rooms, $1 per week. 13

622 N. BEAUMONT ST.—Four unfurnished rooms, two front and two back; terms reasonable. 13

1008 GRATTAN ST.—Nicely furnished room; will be vacant March 15. 13

1012 CHOUTEAU AV.—2 nicely furnished rooms for housekeeping. 13

1019 OLIVE ST.—Front 2d-floor fur. rooms; $2.50 per week up; entrance on 11th st. 13

1025 N. 18TH ST.—A newly furnished room for 2 gentlemen with all conveniences; also bath room. 13

1118 PINE ST.—Newly furnished rooms on 1st or 2d floors. 13

1121 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished 2d-story front room; moderate terms. 13

1129 WASHINGTON AV.—Two adjoining rooms suitable for dentist or doctor; one large room for 4 gentlemen $1 each; 1 room for two gentlemen, $1.50 each. 13

1132½ WASHINGTON AV.—Nice rooms by day, week or month; transients a specialty; 50c a night for gentlemen. 13

1214 PARK AV.—Four rooms, first floor. 13

1334 CHOUTEAU AV.—Elegantly furnished 2d-story front room; board if desired for 2 gents; furnace heat, hot bath; private family. 13

1337 GARRISON AV.—3 neatly furnished rooms complete for light housekeeping; reasonable. 13

1402 OLIVE ST.—2d-story front room for one or two gents. 13

1415 MORGAN ST.—Three nice rooms in yard; 1st or 2d floor; water in kitchen; good front entrance; $10. JOHN MAGUIRE & CO., 13 107 N. 8th st.

1631 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished room, $2 a week, with fire. 13

1845 DIVISION ST.—2 large rooms and kitchen. Key at 1851 Division st. 13

2227 RUTGER ST.—Flat, 4 rooms, stone front, $16. 13

2337 OLIVE ST.—Furnished front room suitable for housekeeping; front parlor and hall room. 13

2618 LOCUST ST.—2 nicely furnished rooms. 13

2630 LAFAYETTE AV.—Nicely furnished rooms. 13

2705 LUCAS AV.—Handsomely furnished room, 1st floor, for sleeping or housekeeping. 13

2729 DAYTON ST.—Four rooms; all conveniences. 13

2738 MORGAN ST.—Very pleasant furnished rooms. 13

2747 MORGAN ST.—Elegantly furnished rooms, en suite; complete for housekeeping. 13

2831 CHESTNUT ST.—3 handsomely fur. rooms; complete for housekeeping. 13

3031 OLIVE ST.—A pleasant room, furnished, gas and bath; $12 and $14. 13

3328 BELLE AV.—A large desirable 2d-story front room furnished; $10 per month or 3 rooms for light housekeeping. 13

FOR RENT—Handsome furnished saloon parlor, gas, bath and fire; quiet couple, board the lady; location 29th and Olive. Add. H 236, this office. 13

WANTED—Lady room mate in a front parlor; board if desired; good opportunity for dressmaker; refs. exchanged. 1909 Carr st. 13

THE ERICSSON, 2608 Locust. Apartments for gentlemen, offices for physicians or dentists. W. C. McCreery, 506 Security bld. 13

HOTEL ROSSMORE.
European; 8th and Chestnut. Elegant rooms newly furnished. 50c, 75c and $1. 13

BOARDING.

315 S. 22D ST.—Two nicely furnished front rooms for light housekeeping; low rent. 13

1116 CHAMBERS ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, with board; also day boarders accommodated; terms reasonable. 18

1706 LUCAS PL.—Nicely furnished rooms; first-class board; transients accommodated. 18

2109 WALNUT ST.—Nice pleasant front room, good board; terms reasonable, day board. 18

2113 LUCAS PL.—Elegantly furnished rooms; first-class board; transients accommodated.

2621 PINE ST.—Room and board for 2; hot and cold bath, gas, etc., $34. 18

2631 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished 2d-story front room with excellent board; home comforts. 18

2808 LOCUST ST.—Furnished rooms with board. 18

2831 STODDARD ST.—Handsomely fur. large front room, with board; all conveniences. 18

2835 WASHINGTON AV.—Elegantly furn. room; first-class table board: day boarders accommodated. 18

3022 PINE ST.—First-class rooms and board; reference exchanged. 18

3038 LUCAS AV.—Handsome room, with board, for man and wife, or two young men. 18

3213 PINE ST.—Elegantly furnished rooms, with or without board, first-class accom. 18

3412 LUCAS AV.—Pleasant second-story front, with other rooms; with or without board. 18

3503 EASTON AV.—Handsomely furnished room with 1st-class board for 2 gents; reasonable.

3719 PAGE AV.—Nicely furnished room, with board. 18

FOR RENT—Furnished front room, second story, for two gents; breakfast and supper, $50; near Lafayette Park. Address P 224, this office. 18

FOR RENT—Well fur. room and board to quiet couple, with board for lady; good neighborhood. Add. O 236, this office. 18

FOR RENT—Elegantly furnished rooms, single or en suite, with all modern improvements and first-class board; very desirable location. Add. P 232, this office. 18

MERCHANTS' HOTEL—12th and Olive st., can accommodate, at low rates, a few more regular boarders; special rates can also be made by meal boarders without rooms. 18

WANTED—Child or young lady to board. Call at 2930 Hickory, Mrs. W. K. 18

WANTED—Two gentlemen to take elegantly furnished room and meals if desired with private family on Franklin av., near Grand. Add. S 234, this office. 18

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

801 CARDINAL AV., cor. of Morgan st.—Very neat 6-room house, bath, hall and gas, hot and cold water. Apply to
J. E. KAIME & BRO.,
House and Real Estate Agents,
14 619 Chestnut st.

1516 CORA PL.—Very desirable 7-room brick house, with hall, gas, bath, furnace; $33 per month.
J. E. KAIME & BRO.,
House and Real Estate Agents,
14 619 Chestnut st.

2214 CARR ST.—7-room house; large yard; gas and bath; $35. 14

3923 EVANS AV.—Modern new brick residence, 9 rooms and reception hall; half block of two lines of cars. Add. G. A. Taylor, care Chem. Nat. Bank. 14

FOR RENT—House, 10 rooms, Webster Groves, on Mo. Pacific R. R.; frequent trains; school, churches near. Apply to E. Tirkner, 16 N. 7th st. 14

FOR RENT—3616 Finney av., an elegant 8-room stone front mansard roof dwelling; all conveniences. See F. H. & C. B. GERHART,
14 707 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT—No. 3925 Finney av., 10-room house; hall, gas and bath; in good order throughout.
J. E. KAIME & BRO.,
14 House and Real Estate Agents, 619 Chestnut.

FOR RENT—No. 3309 Morgan st., 10-room stone front house with hall, gas and bath; $45 month. Apply to J. E. KAIME & BRO.,
House and Real Estate Agents,
14 619 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT—No. 2222 Walnut st., 8-room brick house; bath and gas; $25 per month.
J. E. KAIME & BRO.,
14 House and Real Estate Agents, 619 Chestnut.

FOR RENT—No. 3136-3138 Chestnut st., 9-room brick houses with hall, gas, bath; $35 per mo.
J. E. KAIME & BRO.,
14 House and Real Estate Agents, 619 Chestnut.

FOR RENT—Very neat 6-room brick house, with hot and cold water, bath and gas; 3103 Morgan st.; $30 per month. J. E. KAIME & BRO.,
14 619 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT—2800 Morgan st., 12 rooms, 3-story brick house, hall, gas, bath and furnace; $50 a month. Apply to J. E. KAIME & BRO.,
House and Real Estate Agents,
14 619 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT—505 Cabanne st., 8 room and reception hall residence, between Washington boulevard and Olive st.; best of sanitary plumbing, porcelain bath, hot and cold water, furnace, etc. See us at once.
F. H. & C. B. GERHART,
14 707 Chestnut st.

FINANCIAL.

FIRST DEEDS OF TRUST FOR SALE.
We have first deeds of trust on city real estate, bearing 6 per cent interest in sums of $100, $200, $300, $400, $500 and $1,000.
T. P. BELL & BRO.,
Phone 3998. (31) 104 N. 10th st.

INVEST YOUR MONEY.
Nothing safer than first mortgage notes secured on real estate. We have for sale first-class 6 per cent paper, secured by first deed of trust on city property, in amounts from $450 up to $20,000; ample security on every loan.
NICHOLLS-RITTER REALTY & FINANCIAL CO.
Phone 885. (31) 713 Chestnut st.

IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE

$5,200—1327-29 N. 10TH ST.—Rent $68; sure income 16 pr ct. HASKINS, 107 N. 8th.

REAL ESTATE.
We have sold several of our bargains this week. We still have a few left. Buy now, you will not have the opportunity long at these prices.

Easton Av.; Rent, $930.
BOTTOM PRICE, $9,000.
T'is seldom you find a good speculation combined with a choice investment. We offer such in 2826, 2828 and 2828½ Easton av. The great business thoroughfare, practically a continuation of Franklin av. We have a fine thing for a shrewd buyer; the income is now good, but any one who will investigate can see that a large revenue can be derived by expending a small sum in converting the residences to stores to meet the demand. As a speculation it cannot be equaled on the street; lot 50x144 to wide alley; bricks of solid construction; also tenements in rear. See this property.
HAMMETT-ANDERSON-WADE,
213 N. 8th st.

Have You Trust Funds to Invest?
We have a very desirable property that will pay large interest, and being in a rapidly developing district, will increase in value. The property is a large building on Locust st., in the new territory adjacent to the depot, is now occupied by one of St. Louis' leading wholesale houses. We can make a 5 year lease to net over 7¼ per cent. This is clean property and choice investment. We will be glad to give particulars to interested parties. Price $60,000.
HAMMETT-ANDERSON-WADE, 213 N. 8th st.

OLIVE STREET INVESTMENT.
We have a splendid investment on Olive st., west of Jefferson av., 50 foot lot on which is erected store with rooms above and residence adjoining, nice clean property, that will increase in value; now leased to pay $2,520 per annum; we can sell this for $25,000. Full particulars upon application. This is the best thing on Olive street and will sell soon. See us.
HAMMETT ANDERSON & WADE,
213 N. 8th St.

SPECULATION.
BUILDERS' NOTICE.
We have the cheapest lot on Franklin avenue just west of 20th st., north side; lot 25x155 to wide alley; street and alley paved; this is the best bargain by long odds on the street; our authority is limited; 'twill be higher soon; we can sell the ground at $250 per foot and throw in the little frame now on same. 2011 Franklin av. Call and buy this.
HAMMETT-ANDERSON-WADE,
213 N. 8th st.

VACANT LOT BARGAINS.
Easton Av.,
North side, just 90 feet east of Euclid av.; lot 40x137; owner wants cash at once; we can deliver this at $1,640, which makes it a "snap;" will go soon.
HAMMETT-ANDERSON-WADE,
213 N. 8th st.

CHOICE CORNER.
Academy and Ridge, northwest corner, lot 65.5x167; a grand opportunity for builder; store on corner, houses and flats adjoining; this is a splendid speculation; we can sell this to-day or to-morrow at $42.50 cash. HAMMETT-ANDERSON-WADE,
7 213 N. 8th st.

CHESTNUT ST.
Nos. 1522-4, in the great speculative district, 50x73. For price see HAYDEL & SON,
7 109 N. 7th st.

Washington
Av., near Newstead, magnificent 11-room house, handsomely decorated; lot 4x150; if sold this week will go at big bargain; call and get particulars and make offer.
M'LARAN REAL ESTATE CO.,
7 722 Pine st.

WASHINGTON AV.
Splendid 3-story mansion, large stable and carriage house, 50 ft. of ground, at a great bargain. Improvements alone would cost nearly double what we ask for this property.
RUTLEDGE & KILPATRICK,
7 720 Pine St.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FINISHED COUNTRY HOME AT GLENDALE.
On 'Frisco and Missouri Pacific railroads, two minutes' walk from depot, a well-built modern 9-room frame house, with everything complete for country home, ten acres of ground, all outbuildings complete, cistern and well water, windmill and tank, with piping to house, barns, lawns, pasture, shrubbery, etc.; plank walk to both depots; neighborhood first-class; property all under new fencing, etc. For full particulars call on
L. V. CARTAN & CO.,
Telephone 737. 811 Chestnut st.

FOR LEASE.

1214 OLIVE ST.
For Lease—Four-story building, with large store on first floor and 16 rooms on 2d, 3d and 4th floors.
10 KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

Lease!!!
Cor. 17th & Market
If taken in twenty-four hours, small capital can secure a good thing. See us at once. Tenants are ready as soon as improvements are completed.
GEORGE C. ARBUCKLE & CO.,
10 813 Wainwright Building.

FOR LEASE
For a short or long term of years.
CENTRAL BUSINESS PROPERTY
515 and 517 Market Street.
52 feet front by 113 feet deep to a 15-foot alley.
OWNER WILL IMPROVE
TO SUIT TENANT.
Apply to
NICHOLLS - RITTER
REALTY & FINANCIAL CO.,
713 Chestnut st.
Phone 885 10

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—Letter carriers' coupons; state price. Address E. K., 4119 Westminster pl. 26

WANTED—Parties going to housekeeping to buy furniture of A. Herman, 3024 Easton av.

WANTED—By the People's, at 1005 Market st., lots of furniture and household goods for cash.

HIGHEST cash price paid for household goods and feathers by M. Durnin, 107 N. 12th st. 26

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

$50—PARK AND COMPTON, n. w. cor., lot 61.7x82; a bargain. (8) HASKINS, 107 N. 8th st.

SPECULATORS SEE
Where others are blind. They know the enhancement of values that follows rapid transit railway extension. The new Grand av. railroad and the Compton Heights railroad are bound to redeem the Compton Hill district and send up values 50 per cent or more in the next 12 months. Look at this: 275x127 on w. s. Compton av., cor. Powhattan; also 275x127 on e. s. Virginia av., cor Powhattan; will sell the two parcels separate or together; Compton Heights railroad will pass one block from this property.
8 HAYDEL & SON, 109 N. 7th st.

AS A RESULT OF OUR AD.
Of Choice Washington Av. Lots
For Sale in Sunday's paper, we sold two lots yesterday and more are being negotiated for. If you want a choice lot on one of the best residence streets in the city now is the time to purchase it. The most eligible sites are being rapidly taken up.
CHAS. H. GLEASON & CO.,
8 211 N. Eighth st.

FLATS FOR RENT.

1553 CHOUTEAU AV.—Beautiful 2d-story flats; $15; best references required. 83

1752 MISSISSIPPI AV.—New 4-room flat, hall, bath, gas. KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut.

1817 OREGON AV.—New 4-room flat; hall, bath, gas. KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st. 83

2139 OREGON AV.—One block west of California and one block south of Russell av.; 7-room flat; hall, bath and gas, hot water.
83 KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

2217 WALNUT ST.—Four-room flat. (83) KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

2808 WALNUT ST.—Nice 4-room flat; rent, $15. (83) KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

2822 PARK AV.—Brand-new flat, 4 rooms, bath, gas, inside water closet, laundry, etc.
83 KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

3216 ST. VINCENT AV.—Compton Hill, new 4-room flat; $18. 83

4126 PECK ST.—New 3-room flat on corner; only $14. 83

FOR RENT—Flat 5 rooms; gas fixtures, gas stove heat furnished. Apply at 3700 Pine st. 83

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—First-class morning paper route, 1710 S. Linn st. 4

FOR SALE—Meat and vegetable market; good corner; long lease. Add. K 235, this office. 4

FOR SALE—One-third interest in good real estate firm; $175 required. Add. M 235, this office. 4

FOR SALE—Cheap—On account of owner leaving city, a good saloon opposite Heim's Brewery. Inquire at 925 Illinois av., East St. Louis.

The Wonderful Character of Ozone.

The wonderful chemical product has for several years puzzled the chemists of both hemispheres. Yet there can be no doubt that it is a triple oxide of hydrogen combining three instead of two equivalents of oxygen. Priestley was the first to isolate oxygen in 1774. When oxygen is exposed to the action of electricity, and more especially when the processes are slow and silent in its discharge oxygen contracts and assumes distinct characteristics. Its chemical energy is much enhanced and an allotropic form of oxygen is the result. This allotropic oxygen has received the name of ozone. Sir Benjamin Brodie was the first to demonstrate its molecular triplet formula. Its peculiar odor is well known to every electrician and its use in the treatment of pulmonary disease has attracted the attention of our practicing physicians for many years, hence many patients are sent to the higher altitudes, where it is usually found in large quantities. It was the knowledge of these facts that suggested to Prof. Wilson the peculiar electrical and chemical combination as found in his patented electro-chemico vaporizer, known all the world over under the name of Actina, the name being derived from the actinic ray of the sunbeam, which, as is well known to scientists, is the vegetative chemical ray which produces animal and vegetable life. We can, therefore, with scientific propriety, designate "Actina" as the life giver.

The peculiar chemicals used never fail to keep up a constant supply of the health-giving and germ-destroying ozone, and we assert that germs of any form cannot live where the ozonic vapors of "Actina" are caused to act on the mucous membrane of any part of the animal economy. Under its influence the blind see, the deaf hear and every form of eye, ear, throat, lung and head troubles is always cured where "Actina" is used as directed. Catarrh, hay fever and kindred forms of disease never fail to succumb to this wonderful pocket battery. Usable at all times and in all places by children or adults.

Private parlors for ladies. Office hours—8 a. m. to 10 p. m. Sundays—9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Address all private matter to Prof. Wilson.

☞ Send for Treatise on the Human System. Free. New York and London Electric Association, manufacturers, 608 Olive street.

TRUSTEE'S SALES.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Isabella Wiggins, by her certain deed of trust dated the 6th day of February, 1890, and duly recorded on the 5th day of May, 1890, in the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis, in book 948, at page 458, conveyed to David H. Stewart, as trustee, the following described real estate lying, being and situate in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit;

The south half of lot No. three (3) of "Bissell Park" in Block No. twenty-four hundred and forty-two (2442) of the said City of St. Louis, having a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the east line of Blair avenue, formerly 12th street, with equal depth eastwardly of one hundred and eighty-six (186) feet nine and one-eighth (9⅛) inches to an alley twenty (20) feet wide; bounded east by said alley, west by Blair avenue, south by lot No. two (2) and north by the north one-half of lot No. three (3) of said Bissell Park. And, whereas, said conveyance was made to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust, particularly described, and the keeping of certain covenants therein set forth as to payment of taxes; and, whereas, the said David H. Stewart, trustee as aforesaid, has since the date of the execution and delivery of said deed of trust departed this life; and, whereas, under the terms of said deed of trust the undersigned, the Acting Sheriff of the City of St. Louis, in default of the payment of said notes, is authorized upon request of the legal holder of said notes, his agent or attorney, in fact, to act as trustee under the terms of said deed of trust, and upon default to proceed to sell the property hereinabove described; and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of the principal note therein, and also the last interest note secured by said deed of trust, and also in the repayment of the taxes for the year 1892, which were paid by the holder of said notes and under the terms of said deed of trust as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, I, the undersigned Sheriff of the City of St. Louis, acting as trustee under and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust at the request of the legal holder of said notes, who has also advanced and paid said taxes for the year 1892, and in pursuance of the conditions of said deed of trust, as aforesaid, will on

THURSDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF MARCH, A. D. 1893,

at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Mo., between the hours of 9 a. m. and 5 p. m. of that day, offer for sale at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, the aforesaid real estate for the purpose of satisfying said trust and the costs of executing same.

PATRICK M. STAED,
Sheriff and Trustee.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 16, 1893.

TRADE MARK
BIG G
CURE YOURSELF!
Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only non-poisonous remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor.
The Universal American Cure.
Manufactured by
The Evans Chemical Co.
CINCINNATI, O.
U. S. A.

COMMERCIAL.

Regular Cash Market Price To-Day.

	To-day.	Yesterday.	Year Ago.
WHEAT.			
No 2 red.......	67¼	67¼ b	92
No 3 red.......	64½	64¼@64½	88½
No 4..........	60 b	61 a	80 b
CORN.			
No 2..........	37	37	36½
No 2 white.....	38	38¼	36¾
No 3..........	35¼	35¾	34¾
OATS.			
No 2..........	32½ a	31½ b	30¼
No 2 white....	35 n	....	30½
No 3..........	31½ a	30 b	29¼

Future Prices.

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest Sales.	Lowest Sales.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
Feb.	67⅛ b	....	....	67¼ b
Mch.	67½	67½	67½	67½
April	69 b	....	....	68⅞ a
May.	70½@⅝ a	70⅞	70½	70¾ a
June	71⅛ n	....	....	71¼ n
July	71⅝ a	72	71¼	72 b
CORN.				
Feb.	37 a	....	....	37 n
Mch	37 a	37	37	37
April	38½	38	38	38
May	38¾@⅞ b	39	38¾	39 a
July	40 b	40⅛	40⅛	40¼ b
OATS.				
May	32⅝ b	32¾	32⅝	32¾

CHICAGO—Reported by Gaylord, Blessing & Co., 307 Olive street.

WHEAT.				
May	75¾	76¼	75¾	76⅛@¼ b
CORN.				
May	42⅞ a	43⅛	42¾	43
OATS.				
May	32⅛@¼ b	32½	32¼	32½
PORK.				
May	18.25	18.42½	18.02½	18.30
LARD.				
May	12.67½	12.75	12.65	12.72½
SHORT RIBS.				
May	10.05	10.15	10.02½	10.15

CHICAGO — Wheat — May, 76⅛@¼c b; July, 75¼@⅜c.
Corn—May, 43c a; July, 43⅝@½c. Oats—March, 30½c; May, 32½c a.
PORK—May, $18.30 b; Sept, $18.40 n. Lard—May, 12.72½c b; Sept, 11.37½c; Short ribs—May, 10.15c; Sept, —.
NEW YORK—Wheat—May, 79⅝c b.
Corn—May, 50½c b.
Oats—May——.
TOLEDO—Wheat—Cash, 71c; May, 74½c; July, 75⅜c.

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	To-day.	Yesterday	Year Ago.
Wheat, bu.......	5,097,174	5,094,050	1,834,624
Corn, bu.......	1,779,663	1,742,491	1,135,403
Oats, bu.......	110,182	102,318	210,070
Rye, bu.......	32,315	32,852	2,766
Barley, bu.......	34,626	85,131	89,594
No 2 red win. wheat	3,683,058	3,678,544	1,028,863
No 2 corn.......	1,610,378	1,577,495	2,745,578
No 2 white corn.....	42,685	41,249	109,423
No 2 oats.......	81,406	78,820	93,178
No 2 rye.......	28,153	28,153	280

Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts.		Shipments.	
	Wheat.	Corn.	Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis..	14,915	194,600	65,088	245,393
Chicago ...	148,456	202,610	52,024	93,366
Toledo....	20,461	61,242	13,196	20,200
Detroit ...	22,587	13,161	6,346	2,556
Kansas City	60,450	23,100	......	......
Milwaukee..	7,200	12,650	10,400	5,263
Minn'polis..	72,320	......	26,240	......
Duluth....	7,556	......	......	......
New York..	6,200	32,800	161,136	32,287
Baltimore..	30,496	58,795	......	......
Philadel'a.	665	9,360	......	......
Boston....	......	......	......	......

SHIPMENTS OF FLOUR—St. Louis, 7,563 bbls; Chicago, 20,662 bbls; Detroit, 1,242 bbls; Milwaukee, 4,600 bbls; Minneapolis, 33,282 bbls; New York, 1,961 bbls, 14,941 sks; Baltimore, 500 bbls; Philadelphia, —— bbls; Boston, 30 bbls —— sks.

Grain Inspections.

	Sacks.	In. Cars.	Out. Cars.	Bushels.
WHEAT.				
No 2 red winter...	......	5	8	......
No 3 red winter...	......	10	14	......
No 4 winter...	......	1	1	......
Rejected winter...	......	1	......	......
No 2 hard winter...	......	11	......	......
Total wheat....	......	28	23	......
CORN.				
No 2	......	106	4	......
No 3	......	11	5	......
No 2 yellow	......	1	......	......
No 2 color	......	2	......	......
No 3 color	......	1	......	......
No 2 white	......	5	......	......
No 3 white	......	4	......	......
Total corn....	......	130	9	......
OATS.				
No 2	......	12	2	......
No 3	......	8	2	......
No 4	......	......	1	......
No 2 white	......	3	1	......
No 3 white	......	1	1	......
No 2 color	......	1	......	......
No 3 color	......	2	......	......
Total oats....	......	28	7	......
BARLEY.				
No 3 spring.....	......	2	1	......
Rejected.....	......	......	1	......
Total barley...	......	2	2	......
Grand total....	......	188	41	......

Amount on Ocean Passage.

	Feb. 25, '93.	Feb. 18, '93.	Feb. 27, '92.
Wheat and Flour, bu......	25,240,000	25,992,000	24,648,000
Corn, bu......	4,131,000	2,957,000	3,420,000
On passage to the Continent:			
Wheat, bu.....	5,704,000	5,440,000	9,152,000
Corn, bu.....	991,000	677,000	4,628,000

Available Supply of Grain.

	Wheat.	Corn.
Visible supply	79,463,000	15,093,000
On ocean passage........	31,944,000	5,122,000
Total Feb. 25, 1893	111,407,000	20,215,000
Total Feb 18, 1893........	111,636,000	18,341,000
Total Feb. 27, 1891........	74,911,000	18,433,000
Total Feb. 28, 1890........	47,942,000	5,835,000
Total March 1, 1889........	51,924,000	25,905,000
Total March 2, 1888........	52,256,000	20,517,000

Exports From Atlantic Seaboard

From Sept. 1 to Feb. 25 for flour and grain, and from Nov. 1 to Feb. 25 for provisions:

	1892-'93.	1891-'92.	1890-91.
Flour, bbls.	7,104,541	7,448,437	4,583,437
Wheat, bu.	55,559,417	68,455,000	6,739,830
Corn, bu ..	16,388,870	37,937,302	10,576,717
	1892-'93.	1891-'92.	1890-'91.
Pork, lbs..	14,655,200	20,557,460	24,065,000
Bacon, lbs.	153,945,548	196,767,461	220,518,610
Lard, lbs.	134,155,109	178,597,063	161,077,165
Total.....	302,755,857	395,921,824	425,660,775

Future Sales To-Day.

Wheat—Mch—5 at 67½c. May—20 at 70¼c, 30 at 70⅜@½c, 315 at 70⅝c, 280 at 70¾@⅞c, 680 at 70⅞c, 30 at 70⅞@71c, 40 at 70⅞. July—45 at 71⅞c, 110 at 71⅝@⅞c, 150 at 71⅞c, 20 at 71⅞@72c, 45 at 72c. Corn—March—50 at 37c. April—50 at 38c. May—5 at 38⅝c, 50 at 38⅞c, 40 at 38⅞@39c, 120 at 39c. July—20 at 40⅛c.

No 2 white—May—10 at 41½c. Oats—May—5 at 32⅝c, 5 at 32¾c.

ON 'CHANGE.

Grain.

Wheat—It was a weather market this morning, but though selling ⅜c higher there was no activity and little snap to trading, nor was the feeling particularly strong, as there was plenty for sale at the advance against calls and by bears anxious to take advantage of the rally. After this early advance the market was unsettled and fluctuated within a small range, May at one time selling ⅛c below the top. At close May was held ⅛@¼c and July had buyers ⅜c above the prices asked at close of yesterday. The weather map was a cold one, the Kansas temperature ranging from 8 to 18, Missouri 18 to 24, and Illinois and Indiana 20 to 30 deg above, and Nebraska zero and 12 deg above, with no snow, except in Nebraska, Iowa and the Northwest, a blizzard raging in the latter section. This hard freeze, after the rains in the main winter wheat belt, was the influence that strengthened the market this morning. The very small receipts locally, where out of 19 cars only 4 stopped here, had some effect also. At Minneapolis and Duluth only 119 cars arrived, but this was supposed to be due to the snow blockade in the Northwest, the worst this winter it was stated. At all Western and Northwestern points 354,000 bu were received. The other side held out no encouragement, the first cables reporting Liverpool quiet and ½@1d lower. London steady but with not much inquiry, and the amount on passage as increased 512,000 bu. Clearances from five ports were 16,445 pkgs flour and 335,722 bu wheat. There was a belief that Congressman Hatch would press for a vote on the anti-option bill and doubts as to how this would result had a reactive effect upon speculation and upon the course of values, holding the market within narrow bounds. Several rumors and romances were heard that came direct (?) from Washington, but nothing definite or reliable, and the trade would take no chances on false reports. The closing Beerbohm quoted Liverpool depressed and 1@1½d lower and Paris slow at ⅛c decline, other public cables reporting London quiet, Liverpool active at ⅛@¼d lower and Antwerp ⅛c lower for California, unchanged for red winter. Domestic markets were unsettled and showed little change.

FUTURES—March sold at 67½c and closed at 67½c. May opened at 70⅝c, sold to 70⅞c, to 70½c, to 70⅞c, to 70¾c to 70⅝c, closing at 70⅞c sellers. July sold at 72c to 71⅝c to 72c to 70⅞c to 72c, closing at 72c bid. Feb was offered early at 67¾c, with 67⅜c bid, closing at 67¼c bid. April offered at 69½c, bid 69c; Aug at 72¼c, bid 71⅞c.

SPOT GRADES—Some light buying of No 2 and No 3 red by local and outside millers: an elevator outside the combine cutting the price of No 2 ¼c to effect sales, and then not placing much. The whole market was dull and heavy. No 2 red regular sold at 67¼c, the price bid and refused yesterday. No 3 red, scarce this side, selling at 64½c and then mainly from irregular houses. No 4 winter offered regular at 61c bid, 60c for different houses this side. Rejected in D and C, 50c bid. No 2 hard winter offered regular at 64c, bid 63c.

Sales: No 2 red—5 cars regular at 67¼c, 5,000 bu in F, 5,000 bu E side, 5,000 bu and 2 cars f o b. East track on p t. No 3 red—1 car in C and 2,500 bu in Crown at 64⅛c, 4,000 bu in United elevators on p t, 5,000 bu f o b, East trk, at 65c.

SAMPLES—Receipts, 4 cars and 1,140 sks. The market was very dull. Millers made a few purchases of choice sacked lots and with this exception very little was done. Sales: Special bin—5,000 bu fancy No. 3 red at 66⅜c, 700 bu in store at 65¼c. Track this side—1 car ungraded at 61¼c, 1 car smutty at 51c, 2 No 2 at 77½c. Track East side—1 car No 4 winter at 61c. Sacks—100 at 66c, 148 at 66⅜c, 10 and 142 at 67c. 72 at 67¼c, 19, 47, 96 and 198 at 67½c, 116 at 67⅞c.

Corn—There was a stronger feeling, but not much activity in the early trading. From 1-16c higher opening the market fell back ⅛@¼c and then advanced ⅛c, after which it became very dull. Liverpool cables quoted spot ½d and futures ¾d lower. The amount on ocean showed an increase of nearly 1,500,000 bu. The receipts in this market were good for a Tuesday and at four Western centers were 482,000 bu, while clearances from four ports were less than 60,000 bu. A blizzard and heavy snow storms preventing the movement of trains on some of the roads leading to Chicago was expected to cut off part of the receipts there to-morrow, and this strengthening that market in conjunction with the rally in wheat caused the improvement. Little was done after the early up and down movement, and there was not over ⅛c fluctuation in price. The close was ⅛@¼c above yesterday.

FUTURES—March sold at 37c and closed at 37c. April sold at 38c and closed at that. May opened at 38⅞@39c and sold to 38¾c, to 39c, afterwards fluctuating between 38⅞@39c, closing at 39c sellers. July sold at 40⅛c and closed at 40¼c sellers. Feb was offered on call at 37¼c, and nominally worth 37c at the close. May—No 2 white sold at 41½c.

Sales: No 2—1 car in D at 37½c, 1 in St L, 1 in C, 2 in M, 2 in F, 10 in Belmont, 2 East side and 14 East track at 37c. No 2 white—3 cars at 38c. No 3—3 cars in M at 35½c, 5 in M, 2 in U, 6 east side and 6 east track at 35¼c, 4 regular at 35c.

SPOT GRADES—Some speculative buying of No 2 and receipts that could be delivered on Feb contracts brought 37c, but regular offered at that and 36¾c the best bid. No 3 declined ½c with most sales at 35¼c, regular selling as low as 35¼c and M as high as 35½c. No 2 white ¼c lower at 38c bid for regular. No 3 do offered in A at 37c, no bid.

SAMPLES—Small offerings. Market dull. Sales: 1 car No 3 in special bin at 35½c, 1 No 2 white track this side at 38½c, 1 white ear East track at 47½c. Skd lots on orders, 42½@44½c.

Oats—Higher, but very quiet. Offerings small and buyers paid ⅜c advance at close. May sold at 32⅝c early to 32¾c, closing at the latter.

SPOT GRADES—No 2 offered regular at 32½c, bid 30c; No 3 in F at 31½c, bid 30c.

Samples—Received 16 cars. There was a fairly good demand, all grades being wanted. Order buyers were looking for mixed while the local dealers took all offerings of white. Notwithstanding the drop in corn prices on all grades of oats was fairly well sustained. Sales special bin—5 cars No 3 white at 34½c, 3 No 2 at 32½c, 1 choice No 3 at 32c, 5 No 3 at 31½c. Track this side—3 cars No 2 white at 35½c, 2 do at 35c, 1 No 3 white at 34½c, 1 black No 2 at 33½c, 1 No 2 at 33c, 2 do at 32½c. Sacked lots on orders 37@38c.

Rye—Nothing offered on Call and the only bid was 50c for No 2 regular.

Barley—Steady, with demand fair. Sales: Minnesota—1 car at 54c, 6 at 55c, 1 at 57c.

Hay.

Received, 895 tons; shipped, 350 tons. A very quiet market. The best grades only were wanted and then in limited quantities, while the low grades were neglected. Large receipts made buyers hold back for declines and they could not be induced to take hold except in a small way, to meet immediate wants, unless at sharp concessions.

Sales this side—Mixed, 2 cars at $9.50, 4 at $10. Timothy, 1 car threshed at $8, 1 stained at $10, 3 prime at $11, 1 strictly do at $11.50, 4 strictly choice at $12.50, 3 fancy at $13. Prairie—Territory—1 car at $7.50, 1 at $8, 1 at $9.50. Kansas—2 cars at $10.50, 1 free of storage at $11. East side—3 cars strictly fancy timothy at $13, 1 gilt-edge at $13.50.

Late sales: Straw—1 car rye this side at $7.25.

Flour and Feed.

Flour—Quiet and easy. Offerings of country lots very small, but demand equally so. Sales—2 cars and 500 bbls on p t.

Patents....................	$3 40@3 50
Extra Fancy...............	3 00@3 10
Fancy.....................	2 60@2 70
Choice....................	2 25@2 35
Family....................	2 00@2 15

Buckwheat Flour—Eastern pure jobbing at $5.75 per bbl.

Rye Flour—Pure jobbing at $3.40@3.50.

Cornmeal—Weak. On orders—Cornmeal, $2.05@2.10 per bbl.; pearl meal, grits and hominy, $2.65@2.70.

Bran—Steadily strengthening, as current offerings small and the Eastern demand taking all that could be obtained. Sales: Country point—2 cars skd at 61c, 1 at 62c, 5 E St L rate at 65½c, 4 do at 66c, 2 middlings at 70c. East track—13 cars skd at 66c, 6 do at 66½c.

Provisions.

While there was some improvement on the Southern order demand the general market was very dull. Fully cured dry salt c'ribs were offered to arrive at 5c over the May price in Chicago.

ON THE CALL.—Dry salt c'ribs—Feb, March and April, 10c bid; May, 10.05c bid; offered at 10.20c.

Bacon c'ribs—Feb offered at 10.87½c, March and April at 10.75c. May at 10.87½c bid.

Pork—Standard mess, old, jobbing at $19.25; new, $19.25.

Lard—Prime steam, 12½c; nominal.

Dry Salt Meats—Shipping age f o b on cash orders—Shoulders at 9¼@⅜c; longs and c'ribs, 10¼c; shorts, 10½c; strips, 9¾c; boxed, 15c higher. On orders—Boxed shoulders, 10¼c; longs, 11¼c; c'ribs, 11¼c; shorts, 11¼c.

Bacon—Packed shoulders, 10¼c; longs, 11¼c; c'ribs, 11¼c; shorts, 11½c; strips, 10¾c. On orders—Shoulders, 10¾c; longs, 11¾; c'ribs, 11¾c; short clear, 12¼c.

Hams—Sugar-cured, 14@15c, as to size and brand. On orders, 15@16c, according to brand, size of ham and size of order.

Beef—Mess $9.50 and rolled $11 ₩ bbl, dried 9@12c and selected 13c ₩ lb. On orders—Mess, $10.50; fancy plate beef, $11.50; Fulton Market, $10; fancy boneless rolls, $11.50 ₩ bbl; smoked beef, tongue, $4.50 ₩ doz; on orders, $5@5.50.

Breakfast Bacon—14½c ₩ lb, on orders, 15@15½c, according to brand.

Green Meats—Hams from the block, 12c; bellies, 11½c; shoulders, 9c.

Highwines—Quotable at $1.17.

Lead and Spelter.

Lead—Firmer, 50 tons selling at 3.67½c.

Spelter—Dull at 4.02½c asked.

ON THE STREET.

[The Post-Dispatch quotations are for lots in first hands, unless otherwise stated. Orders are filled with choice goods and are higher.]

Fruits.

Apples—Choice and fancy fruit is scarce, the little of this class arriving and on sale is held at outside figures and while the demand is not large it is ample to absorb all offerings. Medium and fair fruit in fair supply and demand at steady prices. We Quote: Canadian, $3.75@4; fancy, $3.50@3.75; choice, $3@3.25; No 2, $2@2.50; frosted, slack packed and specked, $1.50@2 ₩ bbl, according to condition. Sales: 50 bbls at $3.25, 100 at $3.30, 105 at $3.40, 150 choice at $3.50.

Oranges—Supplies of all kinds only fair and demand was good. We quote: California navels, $3.75@4 50; seedling, $2.50@3; Florida consigned in lots from first hands, $2.25@2.75; repacked and well-known brands, $2.75@3.50, according to size; Messina and Palermo, $2.50@3 per box.

Mandarines—Light supply and a fair demand at $3.50@4 per box.

Tangerines—There was a good demand for the little offerings at $4.50@6 per box.

Grape Fruit—Light supply, fair demand at $2@2.50 per box.

Lemons—There was a good demand at steady prices. We quote fancy, $3.75@4; choice, $3.25@3.75; common, $2.75@3 per box.

Pineapples—Light offerings and demand at $1.75@2.00 ₩ doz for choice and $3.00 for fancy ₩ doz.

Bananas—Choice bunches are billed out on orders at $1.50@1.75 and fancy at $2@2.25 ₩ bunch.

Dates—New Persian Hallowe'en, 60-lb boxes, 5c ₩ lb; Fards, 12-lb boxes, 7c; 60-lb boxes, 5½@6c ₩ lb.

Figs—Layers, new, in boxes, fancy, 14@15c; choice, 12@13c; prime, 11@12c ₩ lb; ovals, $3.00 ₩ 100.

Cranberries—Cape Cod sell at $10.50@11.00 ₩ bbl; Jersey at $9.50@10.00 ₩ bbl, and $3.25@3.50 ₩ crate.

Dried Fruit—No change, the market ruling about steady. Demand only fair.

Apples.		Peaches.	
Sun-dried......	6 @ 6½	Sun-dried.........	5½@ 6
Evaporated rings	8 @10	Evap., unpeel'd..	8 @10
Evaporated ¼s...	7 @ 8	Blackberries.	
Jolly stock.......	1 @ 1½	Fair to choice....	5½@ 6½

Vegetables.

Potatoes—Receipts, 9,108 bu; shipped, 3,050 bu. Quiet, but steady. Local demand good and the order demand fair. Early Ohio were in the best request of all seeding varieties, all offerings meeting quick sale at strong prices. We quote: Early Ohio, $1.25@1.35; Peerless, 82½c; Rose, 80c. Burbanks, 80@83c; Hebron, 80c; mixed, 70@72½c per bu delivered. Sales—2 cars Burbanks at 82c; 1 Rose at 80c.

Sweet Potatoes—Fair offerings and demand. We quote: Yellow, $3@3.25, and red $2.75@3; Bermudas, $2.25@2.50 per bbl.

Onions—Received, 1,148 bu; shipped, 1,113 bu. Firm on good offerings and quiet on frosted and inferior. The range was: $1@1.25 for poor, $1.25@1.40 for fair to choice and $1.50 for fancy. Sales—1 car yellow at $2.05 per sx, 1 do and 1 red at $1.50 per bu.

Asparagus—Fair offerings and demand at 75c@$1.00 per doz.

Cabbage—California, Eastern and Northern in fair supply and good demand. Southern arriving in fair quantities, but generally in poor condition, being loose, leafy and heated, and had to be sold at best offers in order to save sharp losses. We quote: California, $40@45 per ton in bulk and $2.60@2.70 per crate; Eastern and Northern, $35@40 per ton; Southern, $1@2.50 per crate, according to condition. On orders, $3@3.25 was the billing price.

Celery—Home grown and California in fair supply and light offerings of Northern. Demand was fair at 75@$1.25 per doz for home grown; 35@50c for Northern, and $6@8 per crate for California.

Cucumbers—Fair receipts but mainly culls; choice offerings were in fair request at $1.75@2.25 per doz, the latter for selections on orders. Culls were about unsalable.

Cauliflower—California in fair supply and sold fairly well at $1.50@4 per crate, according to condition. Home-grown brought $2@3.50 per doz.

Tomatoes—Fair supplies, but mainly inferior in quality. Choice was in fair request at $3.50@4.50 per 6-basket case and $2.50@3.50 per bu box. Inferior much lower.

Spanish Onions—Light supply and good demand at $1.75 per crate.

Pie Plant—Sells fairly well at 40@75 per doz.

Radish—Fair supplies and sale at 30@40 per doz.

Oyster Plant—Moderately good demand at 30@40 per doz.

New Egg Plant—Light offerings and demand at $2.50 per case.

New Squash—Light offerings; slow sale at $1 per bu box and $2 per crate.

Parsnips—Fair demand at $3.50 per bbl for washed and $2.75@3.00 for unwashed.

Carrots—Fair offering and demand at 75@90c per 100 lbs and $2 per bbl.

Beets—Demand good at 50c for choice new and 10@25c for inferior per doz and $4 per bbl for old.

Turnips—Fair supply and demand at $2@2.25 per bbl.

Rutabagas—The demand was good at 37½c ₩ bu and $1.35 ₩ bbl. Sale: 1 car at 37½c ₩ bu del.

Horseradish—The offerings were light and the demand good at $7.50@8 ₩ bbl.

Lettuce—Fair receipts of Southern and deliveries of home-grown. Demand good at $4@4.50 ₩ bbl, according to condition, for Southern, and $1@1.25 ₩ box for home-grown.

Sauerkraut—Lower. Choice city make can be bought at $6.50 ₩ bbl and $3.25 ₩ ½-bbl. On orders, 50c@$1 higher.

Nuts.

Pecans—About steady, but demand slow. Texas range at 5@6½c per lb; Southern and Western at 3¾@4¼c. Cleaned and polished on orders more.

Peanuts—Farmers' stock sells at 1@1½c for red and at 2½@3¼c for white. Recleaned on orders higher.

Walnuts—California, 11@12c per lb. Foreign—Naples, 12c; Chili, 11c; black domestic, 25c per bu.

Filberts—Sicily, choice, 9@10c; fancy, 10@12c per lb.

Almonds—New California, 16@17c; Taragona, 17@18c per lb.

Brazil Nuts—Choice, 8@9c; fancy, 9@10c per lb.

Cocoanuts—Selling at $35 per 1,000 and $4.00 per 100.

Hickory Nuts—Shellbark, 50c; large, 25@30c per bu.

Beech Nuts—Quotable at 8@10c per lb.

Chestnuts—Italian, 8@9c ₩ lb.

Eggs.

Received, 1,683 cases; shipped, 2,745 cases. Lower and dull. Offerings were quite large and the demand slow, not taking all the stock offered for sale. The market closed with 15c the best obtainable price, though some sales were made earlier in the day at ¼@½c more.

Butter and Cheese.

Butter—The market has eased off a little in sympathy with the decline at Elgin yesterday, and dealers are inclined to the belief that trade will improve. As yet the movement is light. Fancy Elgin creamery is selling fairly at 28@29c, but it is difficult to get over 25c for other table qualities, while defective goods are very slow at 22@23c.

Creamery		Dairy.	
Choice separator.....	24@26	Choice............	24@25
Gathered cream......	23@24	Medium to good.	18@22
Roll.		Common	14@16
Near-by............	12@15	Country packed.	
Northern	19@20	Fair to choice.....	11@14

Cheese—Holding about steady. Demand fair. Full cream, fall made, twins, 11½c; singles, 11¾c; Young America, 11¾c; winter make, twins, 9½@10½c; singles and Young America, 10@11c; skims, 5@8c; Swiss, choice, 15@16c; low, 10@13c; brick, 14@15c; limburger, 13c.

Poultry and Game.

Dressed Poultry—The weather being more favorable for dressed stock created a better feeling, and the moderate offerings moved off at steady prices as follows:

Turkeys.		Chickens.	
Average stock..	14	Choice...........	10 @10½
Heavy gobblers.	12½@13	Rough stock.....	8 @ 9
Geese.		Heavy roosters.	7 @ 7½
Choice fat.......	9 @10	Ducks.	
Poor..............	7 @ 8	Fair to choice..	10 @12

Live Poultry—Steady and unchanged. Chickens in rather light supply and meeting with ready sale, there being a good demand at present prices. Turkeys in moderate supply and in demand. Ducks scarce and wanted. Choice geese salable, but bulk of receipts are plucked and poor, which sell slow.

Chickens.		Ducks.	
Hens..............	9	Choice..........	10
Young roosters..	7½	Poor............	8 @ 9
Old roosters....	4½@ 5	Geese.	
Turkeys.		Choice feathered	7
Choice stock....	11 @11½	Poor............	5 @ 6

Game—Fair offerings of ducks, light of all others. Demand about equal to supply at the following prices:

Ducks:—Mallards, $3.50@3.75; teal, $2.50; mixed, $1.50. Snipe, $1.75 ₩ doz. Rabbits—Kansas, 75c @$1; Illinois and Missouri, $1 ₩ doz; jack, $1.75 ₩ doz.

Live Veals—Supply not large and under a fair demand the market was steady at unchanged prices. We quote: Choice fat, 5@5¼c; medium, 4½c; heretics, rough and thin, 2½@3½c ₩ lb.

Dressed Veals—Receipts fair and demand moderate at 6@7c ₩ lb.

Sheep—Light offerings, fair demand at 4@4½c ₩ lb.

Wool.

Recived, 2,895 lbs; shipped, 71,120 lbs. Supplies have been pretty well reduced for the time of the season and with all conditions favorable for holders, what is left is confidently held.

MISSOURI, ILLINOIS, ETC.			
Medium........	23 @24	Fine medium..	20 @21
Coarse.........	22 @22½	Light fine......	19 @20
Braid..........	20 @20½	Heavy fine.....	16 @18
Low and cotted.	17 @18	Hard burry.....	14½@15
KANSAS AND NEBRASKA.			
Bright medium.	20 @21	Fine medium..	18 @19
Good medium..	19 @20	Light fine......	17 @18
Coarse........	15 @17	Heavy fine.....	14 @16
Brashy & earthy	13 @14	Hard burry.....	11 @13
TEXAS, INDIAN TERRITORY, ARKANSAS, ETC.			
8 to 12 months.		4 to 6 months.	
Choice medium	23 @24	Medium........	21 @22
Fair medium...	22 @22½	Fair medium....	19 @20
Coarse and low.	16 @17	Coarse and low.	15 @16
Fine medium...	19 @21	Fine medium....	17 @19
Light fine......	18 @19	Light fine.......	17 @18
Heavy fine.....	15 @17	Heavy fine......	13 @15
Sandy & earthy.	13 @15	Sandy & earthy.	12 @14
Hard burry....	13½@14½	Hard burry......	12½@13½
MONTANA, WYOMING, DAKOTA, ETC.			
Bright medium.	20 @22	Fine medium..	19 @20
Fair medium...	16 @20	Light fine......	18 @19
Low and coarse.	16 @17	Heavy fine.....	14 @16
COLORADO, UTAH, NEW MEXICO, ARIZONA.			
Bright medium.	19 @21	Fine medium..	18 @19
Fair medium...	17 @18	Light fine......	17 @18
Low and coarse.	14 @16	Heavy fine.....	13 @15
TUBWASHED.			
Choice........	33 @33½	Coarse........	28 @29
Fair...........	31 @32	Low, cotted...	25 @27

Furs.

The market is displaying the weakness natural at this season of the year. The time for making shipments for the March sales in London is about over, which makes competition less brisk, and besides some of the furs coming are beginning to run poor.

	No. 1 Large.	No. 1 Med.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No 4.
Racoon..........	70	60	45	25	10
Mink..........	1 35	1 10	75	40	15
Fox, red.........	1 10	90	65	50	15
Fox, gray........	90	70	45	25	10
Otter...........	7 50	5 50	3 50	2 00	75
Beaver..........	7 00	5 00	2 00	2 00	75
Bear...........	10 00	7 50	5 00	2 50	75
Wolf, prairie....	1 00	75	50	25	10
Wolf, timber....	2 00	1 25	75	40	15
Coyote..........	90	70	40	20	10
Badger..........	70	50	30	15	05

Skunk, black, prime	$1 00	Civet............	10@20
Short, stripe, prime	75	Opossum.........	18@20
Narrow do, prime..	40	Muskrat.........	10@12
Broad do and white	15	Wildcat.........	10@50
Tex and Ter. round	25@50	Housecat........	10

Northern range 10@15 per cent higher and extreme southern 15@20 per cent lower. For open mink, fox, otter, skunk, civet cat, opossum and muskrat 10@15 per cent is deducted; others are preferred open. All scabs are worthless, as are also groundhog, rabbit and squirrel skins.

Hides, Feathers, Pelts, Etc.

Hides—Very firm, with receipts light and demand active.

On Selection.		Round.	
Green salted, No 1....	4¾	Green salted......	4 @4¼
Green salted, No 2 ...	3¾	Dry flint, Western	8 @8¼
Dry flint, No 1........	9	Southern..........	7¼@7¾
Dry flint, No 2........	7	Dry glue and culls	4 @4½
Dry salted, No 1......	6½	Green glue........	2 @2½
Dry salted, No 2......	5½	Dry salted........	5½@6

Feathers—The moderate offerings are meeting with steady sale at full prices, as follows:

Prime live geese sell at 44c in large sks and 45c in small sks; quilly, damp, unripe, 38@40c; prime gray, 38c. Old—X, 30@33c; XX, 25@28c; XXX, 15@18c; XXXX, 7@10c. Ducks—White, 35c; dark, 25c. Chicken—Dry picked, 4½c; white, 15c. Turkey—Tail, 32c; wing, 23c; pointers, 4c; wing and tail mixed, 26c; wing, tail and pointers mixed, 18c; body, 3c. Tare, 3c to 10c.

Sheep Pelts—Green, 75c@$1; dry skins, 10@20c less; dry fallen, 9@10c ₩ lb.

Deer and Antelope Skins—Deerskins firm, prime, 31c; Texas and black-tail mountain, 23@25c; damaged, half price. Antelope, 14@16c.

Goatskins—Sell at 15@30c apiece.

Hogskins—Sell at 10@15c apiece.

Tallow—Prime in oil bbls quiet at 7½c, irregular pkgs at 7¼c, No 2 at 6⅜c, cake at 8c.

Grease—White, 8@8½c ₩ lb; yellow, 7@7½c; brown, 6@6½c.

Beeswax—Prime, 26c.

Roots—Ginseng, $2.40@2.65; choice large more; seneca, 36@38c; snake, 16c; golden seal, 14@15c; Mayapple, 2@2½c; blue flag (fiber off), 6c; pink, 18@19c; blood, 1½@2c; bittersweet bark, 5@6c; golden thread, 12c; lady slipper, 5@6c; black, 4@5c; angelica, 6@7c; wahoo, bark of tree, 4c; bark of root, 9c; ash bark, 3½c; pleurisy, 4½c; beth, 4c.

Seeds and Castor Beans.

[Flaxseed and castor beans are sold subject to inspection and inspector's weight.]

Grass Seed—Quiet, as offerings were light. Clover ranged at $11.00 to $12.00 per 100 lbs, timothy at $4.00 to $4.50, German millet at $1 to $1.50, common millet and Hungarian at 90c to $1.25, red top at $2.50@3. Sales: 8 sks clover at $7.16, 4 at $7.23.

Flax Seed—Lower. A car selling at $1.19.

Castor Beans—Quiet. Car lots prime at $1.45, sacked lots at $1.42.

Miscellaneous Markets.

Broom Corn—Quiet and steady. Common quotable at 3@3¼c, fair at 3¾@4¼c, choice at 4½c@5c. Crooked and damaged half price.

Pop Corn—New, ¾@1¼c; old, 1@1½c ₩ lb.

Moss—Rough gray, 1½@1¾c; gray and brown mixed, 2@2½c; brown and black mixed, 2½@3c. Country machine picked—XXXX, 4½c; XXX, 3½c; XX, 2½c; X, 2c.

Scrap Iron and Metal—Wrought, 60c; heavy cast and trimmings, 40c; plow and steel, 40c; stove-plate, 30c; malleable, 25c; burnt, 25c. Brass—Heavy, 8c; light, 5c. Copper, 8c; babbit metal and lead, 3¼c; zinc, 2½c; pewter, 9c.

Hemp—Missouri, undressed, $75@85 ₩ ton.

Stock Peas—Black eye and lady quotable at $1.25, whip-poor-will and clay at 90c, mixed at 75@80c.

Beans—Eastern hand-picked sell at $2.15@2.20 for medium, $2.25@2.30 for pea beans. Lima beans at 4@4¼c ₩ lb. Country lots range at $1.25@1.75.

Peas—Domestic, green, $1.95@2.00; Scotch, $2.30@2.35; split, $1.50@1.60.

Sausage—Cervelat, 15@16c ₩ lb; salami, 17@18c.

Rags, Etc.—Country mixed rags, $1.30@1.50; old rubber, $2; old rope, No 1, $1.90; No 2, $1.

Bones—Choice bleached, $18 ₩ ton; partly bleached, $14@15; junk, $13; green or slaughter-house, $10@11.

Honey—Comb, choice white clover, 17@18c ₩ lb; ordinary, $13@15c; inferior or broken, 10@12c; extracted and strained, in bbls, 5½@6c; in cans, 8@9c.

Sacks—Burlaps, 2-bu, 5½c; 2½-bu, 5⅞c; 2¾-bu, 6¼c; 3-bu, 6⅜c; 4-bu, 7¼c; 5-bu, 7⅞c; 6-bu, 8⅛c; 7-bu, 8⅜c. Cotton, seamless, 12@20c. Flour—48-lb, 4½@5c; 98-lb, 7c; 140-lb, 9@10c. Wool, 25@30c.

Balingstuff—Bagging, 1½-lb, 5¼c; 1¾-lb, 5⅝c; 2-lb, 6¼c; 2¼-lb, 6⅝c. Hemp twine, 10c. Iron cotton ties, $1.05.

Empty Barrels—Coal oil, 90c; lard oil, 65c; linseed oil, 75c; black oil, 50; vinegar, 60c; whisky, 80c; ½-bbls, 40; sugar, 12½@15c.

Salt—Domestic, this side, $1.00; East side, 95c ₩ bbl.

Oils—Linseed oil, raw, 47c; boiled, 50c. Castor oil, best, 13½c; No. 3, 10½c. Cottonseed oil, summer yellow, 67c; white, 68c; winter yellow, 71c; white, 72c. For small quantities more is charged.

Cooperstuffs—Shaved hoops—Hoosier flour bbls, $3.25@3.75; cooper flour bbls, $5.50@6; flour, ½-bbls, $3@3.50. Pork bbls, $7@8; lard tcs, oak, $8.50@9; hickory, $10.50. Staves—Flour bbls, $5.50; culls or seconds, $4@4.50; beer kegs, $16@18; lard tcs, $22; pork bbls, $16. Heading—Flour bbls, 5c per set.

Cooperage—Flour bbls, round hoop, 32½@33c; flat hoops, 28c; ½-bbls, 22c; meal bbls, 25c; produce bbls, 21@23c; pork bbls, 80c; ½-bbls, 60c; lard tcs, 87½c; ½-tcs, 60c.

Commercial Notes.

Last week 8 cargoes wheat cleared from San Francisco.

New Orleans cleared 149,114 bu wheat to Havre and 20,000 bu to Barcelona.

Chicago now has in stock in public and private warehouses and afloat in harbor, 21,044,000 bu wheat, an increase last week of 247,000 bu.

Receipts at Liverpool during past three days were 306,600 bu wheat, of which 238,300 bu were from America and 91,600 bu corn.

The imports last week into the United Kingdom were 1,712,000 bu wheat and 170,000 bbls flour, a decrease from week before of 80,000 bu and 50,000 bbls.

The exports from seven Atlantic ports last week were 218,524 bbls flour, 991,235 bu wheat, 1,270,841 bu corn, 92,276 bu oats, 9,573 bu rye, 2,316 bbls pork, 5,269,995 lbs bacon and hams and 3,543,824 lbs lard.

The storm central yesterday in Kansas has moved northeastward to Lake Superior, increasing in force. Rain was general yesterday in the central portion of the country. A fall averaging 20 degs. occurred in the Central Mississippi Valley, while a marked rise has occurred in the northwest. Forecast for St. Louis: Fair, warmer Wednesday.

The cold weather in Europe is extending eastward. A Constantinople correspondent, telegraphing recently, states that the cold there is more intense than has been known for upwards of fifty years. The Golden Horn is frozen over as far as the first bridge.

The amount of wheat, says the Milwaukee Sentinel, in the hands of farmers in North Dakota may be judged from the fact that elevators on the Jamestown & Northern branch of the Northern Pacific road were closed at New Years and probably will not be opened this spring, as there is very little wheat in sight.

Another defeat for anti-option—the French Chamber last Friday, by a vote of 436 to 41, passed the bill providing that a tax shall be levied on time bargains on the Bourse. The Chamber then rejected a proposal to impose a tax on time bargains in produce and merchandise.

The New Orleans Times-Democrat's City of Mexico special says: The National Board of Public Charities of Mexico has petitioned the Government for another reduction or temporary suspension of the duty on corn, claiming that large quantities of the grain will be required to prevent suffering among the poorer classes in various parts of the Republic. All the Mexican railroads have increased their rates and it is stated that the Government will order them reduced. Free eating houses in Zacatecas and San Luis Potosi have been insufficient to accommodate the horde of hungry poor.

The Mark Lane Express in its weekly review of the British grain market says: The price of English wheat has not varied in most of the markets. The London quotations are up to the average. The sales of English wheat since the harvest have been 27,088,000 bu, against 31,944,000 bu for the corresponding period last year; 36,000,000 bu have heretofore been the average sales. The price of foreign has slightly appreciated. Australian is privately offering at 31s per 5 centals at Liverpool; 1,400,000 bu have been shipped at that price. The remainder of the stock is held for 1s advance. The amount of wheat on passage to Great Britain on Feb. 25 was 20,000,000 bu.

The stocks of flour as estimated in America, in British ports, and in Paris, make the following comparisons:

	American. Sacks.	British. Sacks.	Paris. Sacks.	Total. Sacks.
Sept. 1...	1,351,000	1,270,000	249,000	2,870,000
Oct. 1...	1,361,000	1,320,000	241,000	2,922,000
Nov. 1...	1,730,000	1,350,000	246,000	3,326,000
Dec. 1...	1,533,000	1,550,000	244,000	3,327,000
Jan. 1...	1,629,000	1,550,000	253,000	3,432,000
Feb. 1...	1,525,000	1,500,000	288,000	3,313,000

Exports of grain from Russia in 1892 included 5,836,300 qrs wheat, 637,400 qrs rye, 3,682,000 qrs barley, 2,416,200 qrs oats and 1,135,700 qrs maize. Exports of wheat, rye and maize for the past six years are given as follows:

	Wheat.	Rye.	Maize.
1892, qrs.........	*5,836,000	637,000	1,135,700
1891, qrs.........	12,753,400	4,776,300	1,583,500
1890, qrs.........	13,253,700	5,561,900	1,164,500
1889, qrs.........	11,864,000	5,261,000	1,391,200
1888, qrs.........	13,974,800	7,565,600	1,221,000
1887, qrs.........	8,722,000	5,450,000	1,984,800

*Exports prohibited from autumn of 1891 to the summer of 1892.

Private wire to J. R. Hamlin: Our information regarding the wheat situation in Europe is of the most discouraging character. The stocks of flour and wheat in England are enormous. In Liverpool, we are told, all grain ware-houses are filled. Cotton ware-houses are used for storing wheat and even barges are rented to store away the incoming flood of wheat. In London the market is glutted with American flour, and holders are willing to part with their stock if they only could find buyers at almost any price. On the European continent the stocks are not quite so pressing, but buyers being aware of the large surplus in Russia and the United States have adopted a hand-to-mouth policy. In Antwerp La Plata wheat, on account of its cheapness and the splendid condition of this year's crop, has the preference over other foreign wheats. Crop prospects in Europe appear to be invariably of a favorable condition.

Chicago Market Letter.

Private wire to J. P. Grier:

CHICAGO, Feb. 28.—Wheat very dull, so much so that the selling of about 600,000 bu by a house largely long appeared very showy. The crowd were inclined to the long side, partially due to Indiana and Illinois men now here from the banner wheat counties of those States reporting undoubted damage. The export clearances show a little improvement, but it will take radical shipments, crop scares or the exertion of muscle to advance the market against the heavy stocks here and the amount afloat to the United Kingdom and Continent. Early to-day the buying of May and selling of July wheat was a feature being done by people already long liberal amount of May wheat. Corn active. The marked feature was the selling of a line of 400,000 to 500,000 bu long corn which shows a loss of about 5c. Local operators took most of it. Cash demand fair. On the hard spots sales are in order. Oats inclined to sag. Provisions still nervous. The Cudahy brokers were good buyers of pork, while Wright was the best seller. Good market to sell on hard spots if sellers take moderate profits and favor the long futures. F. G. LOGAN & CO.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—Flour—Quiet, fairly steady. Wheat—Receipts, 6,200 bu; sales, 2,600,000 bu. No 2 red steady; fairly active; May, 79 3-16@79⅜c; July, 80⅞@81⅛c. Rye—Nominal; Western, 60@65c. Barley—Quiet; firm; State, 64@80c; Western, 60@80c; No 1 Toronto, 92@93c; No 2 do, 84@85c. Corn—Receipts, 63,200 bu; sales, 28,000 bu; dull, steady; May, 50 1-17@50⅛c; June, 50½c; July, 53@53¼c; steamer mixed, 51@51⅛c. Oats—Receipts, 25,200 bu; sales, none; No 2 dull, nominal; State and Western, 37¾@45½c; May, 37⅝c. Beef dull and steady; extra mess, $9@9.50. Pork dull and easy; new mess, $20; old, $19.25@19.60. Lard nominal. Butter—Receipts, 3,624 kegs; liberal supply, weak; Western dairy, 19@22c; Western do, 21@27c. Cheese quiet; fancy steady state, 10c. Eggs in large supply; weak; Western, 18@18¼c. Sugar steady; fair demand; crushed, 5¼c; powdered, 4⅞c; granulated, 4⅜c. Petroleum quiet, steady; 5.25@5.55c. Spirits turpentine steady, 34@34½c. Molasses active, firm, 37@38c. Freights quiet, weak. Rosin, 1.42½@1.45c; dull, steady. Tallow quiet, easy, 7⅛c. Hops dull, weak; Pacific coast, 19@23c. Coffee—Rio quiet, firm; No 7 on spot, 18⅛@18⅝.

NEW YORK, Feb 28.—United States 4s, registered, 110½; do coupon, 112½; do 2ds coupon, 99½; Pacific 6s of '95, 105.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—Cotton futures opened weak; March, 8.79c; April, 8.86c; May, 8.95c; June, 9.05c; July, 9.10c; Aug, 9.12c; Sept, 9c; Oct, 8.91c.

CHICAGO, Feb. 28.—Wheat opened ⅛c higher at 76½c, May; declined to 76@76⅛c and rallied to 76⅛@¼c. Corn opened ⅛c lower at 32c, May; touched 32½c and declined to 31⅞c. Pork opened 20c higher at $18.32½, May; touched $18.30, advanced to $18.40 and reacted to $18.30. Lard nominal.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 28.—Corn steady; mixed, 50@51c; yellow, 51@52c; white, 51@53c. Oats steady; No 2, 39c; Texas, 38@38c. Hay steady; choice, $16.50; prime, $14.50@15.50. Bran firm at 82½@85c. Receipts—3,690 bbls flour, 4,751 sacks corn, 2,764 sacks oats, 6,716 sacks rye, 1857 bales hay, 600 sacks bran, 1843 bbls cornmeal.

MONEY.

ST. LOUIS CLEARING-HOUSE STATEMENT.

	Clearings.	Balances.
To-day	$ 4,089,970	$ 585,382
This month..	93,519,692	11,421,197
Feb, 1892	97,370,011	12,094,110

Exchange quoted by A. G. Edwards & Sons:

New York..............	25c discount
Chicago...............	25c premium
Cincinnati............	25c discount
Louisville............	40c discount
New Orleans..........	60c discount

Private wire to Gaylord, Blessing & Co.

LONDON, 1 p. m.—Prices of American securities:

Silver	38¼	
Lake Shore.............	130	adv. ⅛
St. Paul...............	77⅞	adv. ⅜
L. & N.................	75⅝	adv. ⅜
Erie...................	20	dec. 1
Union..................	37¾	unc.
Northern Pacific, preferred	39	adv. ½
Reading................	13¼	unc.
Atchison...............	31⅞	dec. ⅛
N. Y. Central..........	112	adv. ¾

NEW YORK, 9 a. m.—There was not much real surprise expressed yesterday up-town at the depressed and rather heavy closing of the stock market because everybody knows that bear forces are still in control of the speculation, and they have the power to put prices a little lower in Reading securities. Long securities have doubtless been sold out, but this sort of selling has not been general. There was no foundation in truth for the rumors of an application for a receiver for the Lehigh Valley, Erie and Northern Pacific roads. The bears spread stories of extensive liquidation in Edison General Electric, but it is not true. American houses, who were in general partial to Reading, have been buying the stock down, they say, but they are not pleased with the continued weakness in it. The C & O January statement shows a net increase of $86,853, and for seven months of the fiscal year shows a net increase of $469,408. London bought 1,000 N P pfd, and also 500 St Paul. Our London stock cable comes in ¼ better. The earnings of the L. E & W for third week this month increased $9,241; surplus increased for Jan $74,642, and from Oct 1 to Jan 1 surplus increased $90,890.

Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Broker, 307 Pine street.

U. S. BONDS.	When due.	Interest Payable.	Bid.	Ask.
2 ₩ cent bonds..	Opt'nal.	J. S. D. & M.	100	100½
4 ₩ cent bonds..	1907	J. A. J. & O.	112¼	113
ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.				
City 3½ sterling.	1919	Feb and Aug	95	97
City 3-65 sterling	1907	June and Dec	99¼	99½
City 4s, 10-20s, sterling	1902—05	Various	100	100
City 4s, sterling	1905	June and Dec	102	103
City 4s, sterling	1908	April and Oct	102	103
City 4s, sterling	1918	Jan and July	104¼	105¼
City 5s, sterling	1900	Jan and July	104¼	104¾
City 6s, sterling	1893—94	Various	102	104
City 6s, sterling	1895—96	Various	104	106
City 6s, sterling	1898—99	Various	109	111
County Park 6s..	1905	April and Oct	118	120
RAILWAY BONDS.				
Mo. Pac. consols	1920	May and Nov	112½	113
Mo. Pac. 3ds....	1906	May and Nov	115	116½
No. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan and July	105	106
K. P. 1st m 6s..	1895	Feb and Aug	103½	104½
K. P. 1st m 6s..	1896	June and Dec	105	106
K. P. D. Ex. 6s.	1899	May and Nov	110	111
K. P. consols	1919	May and Nov	111	112
St. L. & San F. 2d 6s, g, Class A..	1906	May and Nov	112½	113
St. L. & San F 2d 6s, g, Class B..	1906	May and Nov	112½	113
St. L. & San F. 2d 6s, g, Class C..	1906	May and Nov	112½	113

Wall Street.

WALL STREET, Feb. 28, 11 a. m.—There was decidedly less pressure to sell in the stock market this morning, and the volume of business was, therefore, somewhat smaller than that of yesterday, while the market, on the whole, displayed a strong tone, all the weak spots in the industrials. Foreign sales of Reading and Erie, which was influenced by the unfavorable reports cabled last in regard to these stocks, held them down in the early dealings, though Erie failed to rally with the rest of the market. The trading element operated in advances, which, in view of the magnitude of the short interest, they claimed was due. Opening prices were in the main from ⅛ to ⅜ per cent better than those of last night, and Sugar, Reading and New England led an upward movement, which extended in the last named stock to 1⅝ per cent. Sugar, however, failed to retain its advances, and retired late in the hour about its opening price. Cordage was especially weak, dropping 2½ to 59⅜, but Distillers declined even more rapidly, dropping from 35¼ to 32 each rallying partially late in the hour. Sugar advanced steadily, rising 1 per cent, to 76¾, but the rest of the list showed only fractional gains. Central Pacific, on continued buying by the shorts, advanced a large fraction. The market showed signs of reaction and at 11 o'clock was barely steady and active at the advance.

Noon—Money steady at 4@5 per cent. Sterling exchange steady at 486¼ for sixty days and 488¼ for demand. Posted rates 487@489. Little interruption was given to the strong temper in the market after 11 o'clock, but the strong stock of the first hour made little further progress. London houses sold Erie, but bought St. Paul, and the shorts covered freely in all parts of the list. The influential traders were active in bidding up prices on the shorts. At noon the market was fairly active and firm to strong at the best prices of the morning.

LIVE STOCK.

National Stock Yards.

Cattle—The receipts in the native division to-day amounted to about 26 car loads. Trading was active and prices were quoted strong. The best native steers on sale to-day averaged 1,287 lbs and sold for $4.70.

About 150 car loads of Southern cattle were yarded here to-day. Prices were quoted stronger. Among the receipts were plenty of good cattle, but at this writing none of them had been weighed up. The best fed cattle offered for sale were quoted at $4.25.

Hogs—The receipts this morning amounted to 30 cars. Prices were quoted steady for the common to medium grades and stronger for the hogs of good quality. The best price paid this morning, $8, was for a bunch of strictly good hogs, averaging 263 lbs. Good light hogs are selling at from $7 45 to $7.80; fair mixed hogs at from $6.70 to $7.40, and pigs and lights at from $4.25 to $6.50.

Sheep—This market is quoted firm. The increase in the receipts at this market during the past two months over the receipts during the two corresponding months in 1892 is as follows: cattle, 60,754 head; hogs, 1,787 head, and sheep, 4,913 head.

Union Stock Yards.

Cattle—Receipts, 10 car loads. Prices were said to be about steady at yesterday's quotations on all grades. The bulk of the stuff on hand was Southwest mixed. The market was active and nearly everything was sold. There was a good demand for veal calves and choice grades sold at $8.50 per head. The close was steady and representative sales were as follows:

NATIVE CATTLE SALES.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
11	native cows and calves, each.......	....	$36 00
4	Southwest cows, each	....	25 00
6	veal calves, each, each............	....	8 50
12	veal calves, each	....	5 50
6	Southwest cows and calves, each....	....	21 00
3	native cows and calves, each.......	....	34 00
6	dairy cows	1,066	3 75
10	Southwest cows	793	2 75
13	native steers	1,062	4 23
9	Southwest stockers	302	1 35
19	veal calves, each	....	4 50
1	native steer	1,150	4 30

Hogs—Receipts, 40 car loads. The market was very active during the forenoon and prices were a shade stronger than at yesterday's quotations on all grades. The general quality of the stuff on hand was fair. Quotations were as follows: Butcher hogs could be had to-day from $7.75 to $7.95; good to choice packing from $7.40 to $7.60; light to light mixed from $6.50 to $7.25; roughs and commons $5.50 and upwards.

HOG SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
80	179	$7 65	21	177	$7 10
47	167	7 15	57	206	7 85
41	100	5 40	49	175	7 40
35	183	7 60	36	149	6 00
72	171	7 00	20	164	6 25
18	187	7 55	72	202	7 92½
16	213	7 90	11	152	7 60
78	193	7 75	90	177	7 65
52	176	7 50	63	204	7 45
64	190	7 40	35	134	6 85
24	235	7 40	65	225	7 55
44	142	6 85	19	228	7 50
23	171	7 35	52	167	7 40
20	239	7 80	93	191	7 60
22	128	5 50			

Sheep—Market quiet. No change in prices. Only a few bunches were sold. General quality of stuff common.

CONSIGNMENTS.

Blodgett Bros., Brighton, Ill., cattle and hogs; H. Bruner, St. Charles, Mo., hogs; H. Bucker, Herman, Mo., hogs; O. Edwards, De Soto, Mo., hogs; J. A. Johnson, Bismark, Mo., hogs; J. R. Sutton, Bismark, Mo., cattle; M. Gray, O'Fallon, Mo., cattle and hogs, 2 cars; S. Cole, Vineland, Mo., cattle and hogs; Nifong & Glause, Fredericktown, Mo., cattle and hogs, 2 cars; J. T. Schalle, Fredericktown, Mo., hogs; F. Strother, Ashburn, Mo., hogs; J. E. Yorgey, Kissinger, Mo., hogs; J. A. Goodman, Clarksville, Mo., hogs; L. B. Buchanan, Clarksville, Mo., cattle and hogs; Cobb & Hammack, Elsbury, Mo., cattle and hogs; Robt. Holland, Piedmont, Mo., cattle; Shelton & Rent, Des Arc, Mo., cattle and hogs, 2 cars; C. Muff, Atlanta, Mo., hogs; J. G. Scott, California, Mo., cattle and hogs, 2 cars; S. W. Hayden, Bowling Green, Mo., hogs; — Jamison, New London, Mo., hogs; J. D. Smith, Sturgeon, Mo., hogs, 2 cars; C. Turner, Stevens, Mo., hogs; Geo. Bethel, Montgomery, Mo., hogs; Mason & Mason, Jonesburg, Mo., hogs and sheep.

THE O. & M. ABSORBED.—The consolidation of the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern and the Ohio & Mississippi Railway Co., or rather the absorption of the latter by the former, was officially settled in London on the 13th of this month. The joint capital will be $86,250,000, of which $36,000,000 will be 4½ per cent first mortgage bonds, $1,500,000 Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern terminal bonds, $18,750,000 5 per cent income bonds A and B, $20,000,000 non-cumulative preferred stock and $10,000,000 common stock.

FINANCIAL.

"For the cause that lacks assistance,
For the wrongs that need resistance,
For the future in the distance,
And the good that we may do."

To Build Up Our City,

To Increase Its Wealth,
Population, Prestige and Power,

TO MAKE

ST. LOUIS A SEAPORT

And, in a decade or two,

THE LONDON OF NORTH AMERICA,

Let Us Use the Waterways and Twentieth Century ideas, adapting art and American genius to the conditions of Nature.

Let Us Build the Lucas Ship

Go down to the sea IN OUR OWN CRAFT, the first the world has known that can SAFELY and PROFITABLY navigate River and Ocean, Lake and Bay, Deep and Shoal Waters, bringing into close RECIPROCAL COMMERCIAL UNION

100,000,000 OF AMERICANS

From Onalaska to Buenos Ayres and from Boston to Honolulu,

Reducing Freight Rates to One-Half

PRESENT PRICES, EARNING LARGE RETURNS FOR STOCKHOLDERS, and, by naming the first ship of the line

"The St. Louis,"

Bear the FAME OF OUR CITY and the flag of our country into the interior of foreign lands, where it has never yet been seen at a ship's masthead.

Considering the possibilities of

The Lucas Ship

St. Louis cannot afford to have the enterprise seek outside aid.

Only 40,000 Shares at $3.00 Remain Unsold.

No stock will be sold under par value ($10.00) when these are taken. Our Patents cover the American Continent and Europe.
Apply Office

LUCAS SHIP ENTERPRISE,

Spanish-American Exchange,

218 North Eighth Street, St. Louis, Mo., U. S. A.

WE offer the Produce, Fruit, Butter, Cheese and Egg Men the finest facilities in the West for . . .

. . Cold Storage.

Direct railroad connections. New, fresh and clean houses, with the latest improved system. Experienced management and lowest rates. Write us for figures on car loads and large lots and secure space for the HOT SEASON. You will need it. Shipments from all over the country solicited. E. W. PIKE, General Manager.

East St. Louis, Ill. East St. Louis Ice & Cold Storage Co.

FINANCIAL.

H. M. NOEL & CO.,
—DEALERS IN—
MUNICIPAL BONDS,
AND ALL LOCAL STOCKS.
Investment Securities a Specialty.
If you wish to BUY or SELL call on us.
N. W. Corner 3d and Pine St.

EDWARDS WHITAKER. CHARLES HODGMAN.

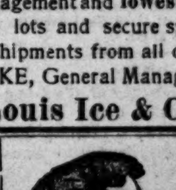
WHITAKER & HODGMAN,
BOND & STOCK BROKERS,
300 N. FOURTH ST., - St. Louis.

GEO. M. HUSTON & CO.,
Bonds and Stocks, 305 Pine St.
Monthly quotation circular mailed free. A large line of first-class securities always on hand.

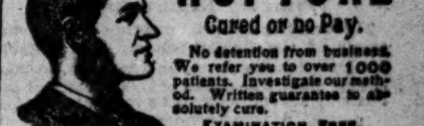
FOR SALE.
St. Louis City Gold 4s.
Schuyler Co., Mo., Fdg. 5s.
Fair Ground 7s.
St. Louis Brewing Ass'n, firsts, 6s.
Laclede Gas, first mortgage, gold 5s.
50 shares Chemical National Bank.
300 St. Joe Lead stock.
Bonne Terre Farming and Cattle Co. stock bought and sold. GAYLORD, BLESSING & CO., 307 Olive st.

St. Louis Public Stock Exchange.
Incorporated under the Laws of the State of Missouri.
PAID UP CAPITAL, $100,000.
Grain, Provisions, Stocks and Investment Securities
327 PINE ST.

T. E. PRICE & CO.,
118 North Fourth St.
St. Louis, Chicago and New York Markets. Grain, provisions, stocks and cotton. Margin stocks, $1.00 per share. Grain 1c per bushel in any amount.
Agents Wanted. Write for Particulars.



RUPTURE
Cured or no Pay.
No detention from business. We refer you to over 1000 patients. Investigate our method. Written guarantee to absolutely cure.
EXAMINATION FREE.
THE O. E. MILLER CO.,
509-510 FAGIN BUILDING, 810 OLIVE STREET.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR.



From Mrs. N. J. Harley, of Belleville, Kan.: "When I began your treatment I was ... exhausted by ailments that I could not do any work. The accompanying figures show the result of 3 months' treatment. I now feel like a new being. Ills and pains are all gone. My friends are surprised. Will cheerfully reply to inquiries with stamp inclosed."
PATIENTS TREATED BY MAIL. CONFIDENTIAL.
Harmless. No Starving. Send 6 cents in stamps for particulars to DR. O. W. F. SNYDER, M'VICKER'S THEATER, CHICAGO, ILL.

Crossman's Specific Mixture.
With this remedy persons can cure themselves without the least exposure, change of diet or change in application to business. The medicine contains nothing that is of the least injury to the constitution. Ask your druggist for it. Price $1 a bottle.

DOCUTA SANDALWOOD CAPSULES are the best and only capsules prescribed by regular physicians as a safe and sure cure in seven days, whether inherited or acquired. $1.50 per box. All druggists.

Foreign Telegraph Markets.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—2 p. m.—Cargoes off coast held steady. Maize—Nothing offering. Wheat—Cargoes on passage and for shipment not much inquiry. Maize—There is a demand for cargoes at hand; weather fine.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 28.—1 p. m.—Wheat—Spot, opening quiet. Maize—Spot at opening cheaper to sell. No. 1 standard California wheat per cental, 6s 1d; American red Western wheat per cental, 6s 7½d.

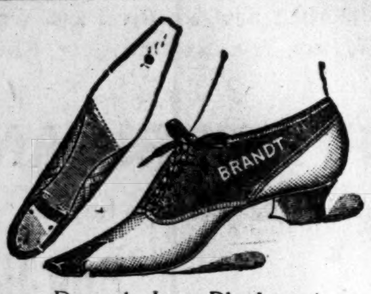
LIVERPOOL, Feb. 28.—Close.—Pork—Demand fair; unchanged. Lard—Demand fair; spot, dull at 61s 6d. Wheat—Demand fair; No 2 red Western ... Flour—Demand poor; unchanged. Corn—Demand fair; spot, old, steady at 4s 4d; do new steady, 4s 3d; do March steady at 4s 1d; do April steady at 4s 1d; do May, steady at 4s 1d.



Coffee Goat Bluchers, $3.50



Dongola Button, hand-turns, square and opera toe.... $3



Dongola Low Blucher at $2, $2.50 and $3

Brandt's Specialties

—FOR—

SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR!

Advance Styles
Just Received!
See . . .

OUR NEW GOODS!

All the Latest Novelties in
DONGOLA,
IMPERIAL KID,
RUSSIA CALF
AND TAN GOAT,
Too Numerous to Mention.

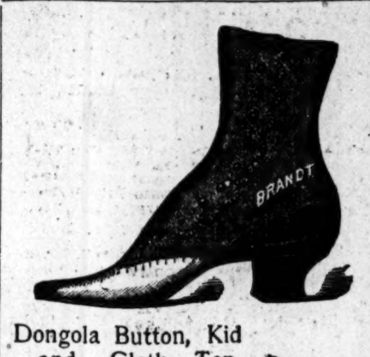
J. G. BRANDT SHOE CO.,

Cor. Broadway and Lucas Av.

Open Until 10 O'Clock Saturday Night.



Wine Color Russia Calf Low Blucher.. $3.50



Dongola Button, Kid and Cloth Top, Opera Toe........ $2.50



Dongola Oxfords,
$2.00 and $2.50.

Customers outside the city please write for New Spring Catalogue, now ready for mailing.



A Few Days More

Of These Phenomenal Values in

SUITS, ULSTERS and OVERCOATS

AT $10.85

English Cassimere and Irish Frieze Ulsters, worth $30, $25 and $20 each......	$10.85
Single and Double-Breasted Sack and Cutaway Suits of irreproachable style, worth $30, $25 and $20 each....................	$10.85
English, French and Belgian Kersey Overcoats, Beavers, Twills and Tweeds, worth $30, $25 and $20 each............	$10.85

All $8, $9 and $10 Pants at..........$4.75
All $6 to $7.50 Pants at.............$3.75
All $4.50 to $5.50 Pants at..........$2.75
All $3 to $4 Pants at $1.75

Prices ground to atoms on Boys' and Children's Suits, Reefers, Overcoats and Ulsters.

Famous Advertisers of Facts.

Humphrey's,
Broadway and Pine.

St. Louis, Feb. 28, 1893.
The indications for St. Louis for to-day: Fair; warmer Wednesday.

SPRING OVERCOATS!

Our beautiful new styles will please you. COME AND SEE THEM. Prices $10 to $35. Our own, carefully made, elegant garments. Just as good as any merchant tailor can furnish you, and OUR PRICES MEAN A GREAT SAVING TO YOU.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.

N.B.—See our Men's Pants at $5.

THE DELICATESSEN CAFE

718 OLIVE STREET.
For Ladies and Gentlemen.
STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS.

CITY NEWS.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer. 814 Pine st.

CORNS extracted in 5 minutes, without pain. Dr. A. M. Muchmore, 602 Olive st.

Dr. W. B. Shelp.
Teeth without plates. 612 Olive street.

Missourians in New York.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—Hotel arrivals—From St. Louis—Wm. Brewster, Sturtevant; H. Burnett, P. M. Tracy, W. Walsh, Jr., Imperial; G. B. Conn, Continental; C. H. Duncker, H. H. Wilson, Grand; J. Nickel, Jr., F. W. Peters, Gilsey; A. G. Peterson, Astor; W. L. Van Horn, Metropolitan; A. Haas, Albemarle. From Kansas City—W. A. Halbert, Windsor; D. A. Armstrong, Sinclair; J. H. Foster, Metropolitan; G. F. Harrel, Ashland; A. S. Riley, Broadway Central; W. A. Thompson, Brunswick.

"THE RAMBLER."

Bring Your Boys to Our Clothing Department.

For early spring wear we can now show many good suits. We sell the Rambler this season for boys' "school" wear. This suit has a double seat and a double knee. It is sold for $5 in our clothing department.

MILLS & AVERILL,
Broadway and Pine.

Fair and Warmer.

The predictions of the weather Bureau indicate fair weather for to-night and to-morrow, with a rise in temperature, but not a very great one. The lowest point registered by the thermometer within the past twenty-four hours was 23.1 above zero.

Imported Cigars.

Just received per steamer City of Washington by F. R. Rice Mercantile Cigar Co., El Blason, Favorita Extra, Concha-fina, Especial Sport Panetelas, Puritano finos, Perfectos Extra, Bouquets.

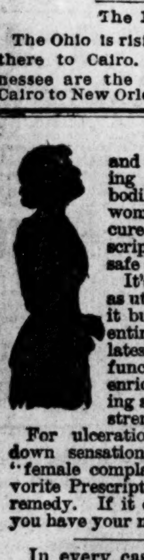
Principal Smith's Death.

There will be a special meeting of the Principals of the Public Schools held in Supt. Long's office at 4 p. m., on Thursday, to take action upon the death of D. H. Smith of the Peabody School, who died a few days ago.

For Throat Diseases and Coughs, use *"Brown's Bronchial Troches."* Sold only in boxes.

The Rivers Booming.

The Ohio is rising at Parkersburg and from there to Cairo. The Cumberland and Tennessee are the same. The Mississippi from Cairo to New Orleans is rising.



"LOOK UP, and not down," if you're a suffering woman. Every one of the bodily troubles that come to women only has a *guaranteed* cure in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. That will bring you safe and certain help.

It's a powerful general, as well as uterine, tonic and nervine, and it builds up and invigorates the entire female system. It regulates and promotes all the proper functions, improves digestion, enriches the blood, brings refreshing sleep, and restores health and strength.

For ulcerations, displacements, bearing-down sensations, periodical pains, and all "female complaints" and weaknesses, "Favorite Prescription" is the *only guaranteed* remedy. If it ever fails to benefit or cure, you have your money back.

In every case of Catarrh that seems hopeless, you can depend upon Doctor Sage's Catarrh Remedy for a cure.

It's proprietors are so sure of it that they'll pay $500 cash for any incurable case. Sold by all druggists.

TRIED BY THE STEWARDS.

Evidence Heard in the Carradine-Heltzell Church Row.

The turmoil, produced in the First M. E. Church South, Glasgow avenue and Dayton street, by Sunday evening's passage at arms between Bro. D. S. Heltzell and Mr. W. Reed Carradine, the son of the pastor, Rev. Dr. Beverly Carradine, has subsided. The Board of Stewards met last evening, heard both sides of the story, and prevailed on Mr. Heltzell to withdraw the criminal proceedings which he instituted yesterday against young Mr. Carradine. But the board was actuated by a desire to smother the scandal which had already begun to flare and not by a wish to palliate the occurrence. Mr. Heltzell told how he caught a crowd of young folks waltzing to the music of the organ in the church about six weeks ago, and how young Mr. Carradine threatened to wipe up the earth with him, because he reprimanded or, as Mr. Carradine puts it, insulted the young ladies. Heltzell also gave his version of Sunday night's episode, which was told in full from both points of view in last evening's POST-DISPATCH. Mr. Reed Carradine told the stewards that he was insolently threatened with forcible eviction from the premises by Mr. Heltzell because he whispered to a friend, and that he struck the steward only when the latter put his hand on Mr. Carradine's arm to pitch him down stairs. The stewards discussed the testimony, and Rev. Dr. Carradine had several words to say about the matter. One of the stewards exclaimed, "This outsider has maliciously and feloniously assaulted a member of our board, and I hold him guilty in the fear of the Lord." This fling at Mr. Carradine who is not an enrolled member of the church provoked a rebuke from Dr. Carradine. The stewards say to-day that the matter will be put out of mind at once and will not be a smoldering ember in the church. Mr. Heltzell refuses to discuss the matter but nurses his bandaged eye in silence and resignation. Mr. Carradine maintains that he acted in self-defense, that there was no dancing last Sunday night and that Mr. Heltzell seized the chance to injure his reputation with the general public.

IN making our tour of inspection for spring we have made a visit to B. F. Myers Tailoring Co.'s establishment, and find the largest and finest selected stock of spring woolens we ever examined. Their prices are reasonable. Their number, 615 Pine street.

AID FOR MRS. LONGRAM.

Generous Contribution Made by Merchants on 'Change.

The members of the Merchants' Exchange contributed generously to the relief of Mrs. Adeline Longram yesterday. Oswald Graves read the item in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH describing the struggles of this unfortunate lady and her dire necessity. She has been supporting herself and her boy, who is 8 years of age, by scrubbing, although owing to the loss of one of her legs by an accident she is nearly helpless. Had she an artificial leg her task would be a much easier one. Mr. Graves obtained a cigar-box, John T. Milliken posted the item from the POST-DISPATCH on the lid, and the two gentlemen, assisted by Tom Francis, solicited contributions. Silver coins showered into the box until the sum of $38.60 was collected. This was sent to the POST-DISPATCH for Mrs. Longram. Later in the day a contribution of $1 and another of 45 cents was received at this office. The necessary amount has not yet been secured. Owing to the severe nature of Mrs. Longram's injury, the expense of a suitable artificial limb will be heavy.

Lane's Medicine Moves the Bowels Each Day.

In order to be healthy this is necessary.

The Spanish Club Trouble.

Antonio Maestre, who, with the Spanish Consul, Marianno Rivera, a number of Spaniards and Mexicans resident in St. Louis and Americans who desire to learn Spanish, has formed a club to be knows as La Union Hispano-Americano, seriously objects to a printed statement that he was discharged from the position of instructor by the Spanish Club. Senor Maestre says: "My relations with some directors of the Spanish Club have been very unpleasant since the club's trip to Mexico. I went there under a guarantee that my expenses would be paid and secured for the club splendid receptions all through Mexico. My expenses were $200 and they paid me $50. I resigned as teacher in the club's educational department but Mr. Kingsland asked me to remain until another teacher could be secured. The club's indorsement of Mr. Harson for the Mexican consulship, when it was known that I was a candidate, was another cause of trouble and I insisted on the acceptance of my resignation. I am very happy to have escaped from the club, which is in the hands of a narrow clique and is no longer popular or useful."

MENTAL exhaustion or brain fatigue
Promptly cured by Bromo-Seltzer.

HAS ANOTHER HUSBAND.

A. J. Chesley Claims His Wife Deceived Him When They Were Married.

A. J. Chesley of 500 South Broadway, who called at the Four Courts last Thursday to inquire if he could do anything about his wife leaving him, called there again to-day for additional advice and told a peculiar story. Said he: "Although I have been married to her, I have no right to live with her. I met her four years ago in Alexander, La., and thought she was a young widow. Her name was Mrs. Maggie McCoy. She had one child and took in sewing. We became engaged and went to Mackintoch, La., a town about fifty miles from Alexander, and were married by a justice of the peace. We returned to Alexander and went to housekeeping. We did not live happily and soon separated. A year after our marriage a friend told me she had a husband living when she married me. His name was George McCoy, and he lived in Alexander. I went to McCoy and told him I had married the woman and was living with her. He said that he did not want her, and that I could keep her. I returned to live with her. Then I came here and we have again separated. I want to get a legal separation from her. I am willing to support her, though, if she will do right."

Chesley was told that the course to pursue was to sue for a divorce and to have the marriage declared void and placed on record. He stated that he would do so.

PRESIDENT-ELECT CLEVELAND.

Inaugural Arrangements via B. & O.

For the second time since the Civil War a Democratic President is to be inaugurated at Washington. The Ohio & Mississippi and Baltimore & Ohio lines offer an unexcelled service, through limited buffet, vestibuled trains with Pullman sleeping cars from St. Louis, Cincinnati and intermediate points to Washington.

Excursion tickets will be sold to Washington and Baltimore at one first-class fare for the round trip Feb. 28 to March 3 inclusive, good returning until March 8.

For maps and time tables, rates of fare, and guide to Washington call upon any agent of the company, or address

G. M. TAYLOR,
105 North Broadway, St. Louis, Mo.

Insane Asylum's Condition.

At the meeting of the Board of Health yesterday afternoon a communication was received from Dr. Mueller, Superintendent of the Insane Asylum, complaining of the overcrowded condition of the institution, and asking that the new addition be completed as soon as possible.

There are 561 patients in the building which was originally intended to accommodate 300. The fault of the delay in the non-completion of the new addition is said to lie between the Building Commissioner and the President of the Board of Public Improvement. The communication was refused to the Mayor for action. Applicants for positions as assistant physicians at the City and Female Hospitals will be examined in the House of Delegates chamber March 27, at 7:30 o'clock p. m.

Charles L. Gorten was appointed assistant physician at the Insane Asylum in place of Dr. Mortland and Dr. Auler was made consulting physician at the City Hospital.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, rests the child and comforts the mother, 25c.

Prof. Berlitz in St. Louis.

Prof. M. D. Berlitz, who originated the method of teaching languages which bears his name, is in St. Louis on a visit to his school here. Most of his time is spent in European schools and this is his first visit to St. Louis. He was very much pleased with the city and particularly with the attention given here to the study of languages. Mr. Berlitz himself speaks English, French, German, Spanish, Italian and Russian, besides being a Greek and Latin scholar.

SUPREME COURT.

Decisions Rendered in Division No. 2 at Jefferson City To-Day.

JEFFERSON CITY, Feb. 28.—In Supreme Court, Division No. 2, the following opinions were handed down by Gantt this morning.

Newell G. Larrimore, app., vs. John H. Bobb et al., resp.; suit for partition of certain real estate in St. Louis; affirmed.

Edgar Rearddon, resp., vs. The Missouri Pacific Railroad Co., Cass County, app.; suit for $20,000 damages for loss of leg; reversed and remanded by Burgess.

State of Missouri respondent, vs. Frank Rowhen, appellant, indicted in Criminal Court Jackson County for forgery and given ten years; affirmed.

Mayor and City of Liberty, Mo., vs. Burns, Clay County; affirmed.

T. J. Myers, appellant, vs. Charles McCray et al., respondent, Vernon County; reversed and remanded.

Charles Deiman, respondent, vs. Anna Geiselman et al., appellants; suit was instituted in St. Louis Circuit Court, remitting in judgment for defendant, and taken to the Appellate Court, which court reversed the decision of the lower court. The Appellate Court certifies the case to this court on the ground that the decision rendered is, in the opinion of one of the Judges, "In conflict with the decison of this court in the case of Griffith vs. Townley, 69 Missouri, 13." Judgment of lower court affirmed by Sherwood.

State of Missouri, respondent, vs. Thomas Smith, appellant, appealed from Jackson County; Smith was found guilty of murder by the lower court and the death penalty assessed; the Superior Court affirms the decision and the execution is set for Tuesday, April 11.

Joseph H. Snyder, plaintiff in error, vs. Katie S. Free et al., defendant in error to Clinton Circuit Court; reversed and remanded with directions.

Court adjourned to March 14.

THERE is both pleasure and fascination in doing a large washing when you are using Fairbank's Clairette Soap. It removes dirt like magic. Get the genuine of your grocer.

Green Goods Men Getting Bold.

Recently the green goods men have caught several victims in St. Louis and they have become more bold in their operations, going so far as to send their circulars to men of prominence in the business community. This morning Mr. J. A. Kieselhorst, the well-known Olive street piano dealer, received a circular from Elizabeth, N. J., asking him to act as an agent for the spurious currency. The circular was turned over to the Federal authorities.

WASHINGTON AND RETURN.
VANDALIA LINE,
$19.25.
Going Feb. 28, March 1, 2 and 3, return March 8,
$19.25.
Washington and return
VANDALIA LINE.

Alexander Volz Divorced.

Alexander Volz was granted a divorce by default from Martha Volz, by Judge Fisher, yesterday afternoon. Volz will be remembered as the man who figured so conspicuously in the Josie Simmons murder mystery, having been twice arrested on suspicion, the second arrest being based on a statement of his wife after he had entered suit against her for divorce.

A NEGLECTED cough may lead to consumption, therefore, take Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Sawed His Head Off.

NEWCASTLE, Pa., Feb. 28.—Lee Taylor, a well-known gentleman residing near this city, committed suicide in a horrible manner at his saw mill. While the fireman and engineer were engaged at the boiler Taylor deliberately lay down on the log carriage, grasped the framework with one hand and the shaft with the other and pulled himself up to the rapidly revolving saw. His head was instantly severed from the body and rolled down into the dust pit.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

PETER NICHOLSON & SONS,

208-210-212 NORTH BROADWAY,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FINEST GROCERIES

In all their variety. All the favorite brands of Champagne Wines, Claret and Sauterne Wines; Burgundy Wines, white and red; Rhine Wines, all qualities and numerous brands. Hungarian Wines, Sherry, Port and Madeira Wines of many vintages. Otard, Dupuy & Co., James Hennessy and Martel Brandies.

The Trade of the Public is Invited.

Alexander's Drug Store

No. 518 OLIVE ST., between Fifth and Sixth Sts.

Alexander's Balsamic Cream, the best preparation to keep the face and hands soft and smooth.

ALEXANDER'S BEEF, IRON, WINE AND PEPSIN,

A standard preparation, recommended by physicians in cases of Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Lack of Energy. One bottle will have more effect than twice the quantity of plain beef, iron and wine. Price $1. Patent Medicines and Toilet Articles. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

☞ Prescriptions and Family Medicines accurately compounded by skillful pharmacists, under the direct supervision of

M. W. ALEXANDER (GRADUATE OF PHILADELPHIA COLLEGE OF PHARMACY),

Established 1856 No. 518 Olive St.

Dr. SYDNEY RINGER, Professor of Medicine at University College, London, Author of the Standard "Handbook of Therapeutics," *actually* writes as follows: "From the careful analyses of Prof. ATTFIELD and others, I am satisfied that

VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA

is in no way injurious to health, and that it is decidedly more nutritious than other Cocoas.—It is certainly "Pure" and highly digestible.—The quotations in certain advertisements (from Trade rivals) from my book on Therapeutics are quite misleading, and cannot possibly apply to VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA."

The false reflection on VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA is thus effectually repelled, and the very authority cited to injure it, is thereby prompted to give it a very handsome testimonial.

TRY A



EXACT SIZE COMME IL FAUT

THE MERCANTILE CIGAR, BETTER THAN EVER!

Made of the finest quality of Havana Tobacco that can be bought. Equal in every respect to the best imported cigars. Manufactured by the MERCANTILE CIGAR FACTORY, ST. LOUIS.

"WELL BRED, SOON WED." GIRLS WHO USE

SAPOLIO

ARE QUICKLY MARRIED.



BEFORE AND AFTER USING.

MANHOOD RESTORED! "Nerve Seeds," the wonderful remedy is sold with a written guarantee to cure all nervous diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Nightly Emissions, Nervousness, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs in either sex caused by over exertion, youthful errors, or excessive use of tobacco, opium or stimulants which soon lead to Infirmity, Consumption and Insanity. Put up convenient to carry in vest pocket. $1 per package by mail; 6 for $5. With every $5 order we *give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money.* Circular free. Address Nerve Seed Co., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in St. Louis by WOLFF-WILSON DRUG CO., 6th and Washington av.

BROU'S INJECTION

An Infallible Remedy for the Cure of all Contagious Diseases of the Urinary organs; guaranteed not to produce Stricture; no sickening doses; and no inconvenience or loss of time. Recommended by physicians and sold by druggists everywhere. J. Ferré, (successor to Brou), Pharmacien, Paris.

FAT FOLKS!

"ANTI-CORPULENE PILLS"

Reduce Flesh 15 pounds a Month.

Cause no sickness; contain no poison, and *Never Fail.* Druggists or by mail.

De La Marie's Complexion Wafers bleach the skin snow white.

Druggists, or by mail. Particulars (sealed) 4c.

WILCOX SPECIFIC CO., PHILA., PA.

Burlington Route

4 Hours Quickest TO DENVER!

DINING CARS.

Ticket Office......218 North Broadway.

COLDS.

Contrary to the prevalent opinion that colds and coughs are due entirely to the severity of the climate or some unexpected change in the weather, they really arise in very many cases from pure carelessness and want of thought. When you take cold, get a bottle of Reid's German Cough and Kidney Cure and take it according to directions. It contains no poison. There is no danger of an overdose, but it will instantly relieve the worst case. If your druggist does not keep it, send your address to the Sylvan Remedy Co., Peoria, Ill., and get a trial bottle free by mail. Mention the name of this paper.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

RECEIVER'S NOTICE TO PRESENT CLAIMS.

ORDER OF THE IRON HALL.

Roman L. Biskup vs. The Supreme Sitting of the Order of the Iron Hall et al. } In the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis. No. 89,219. Room 1.

Notice is hereby given that in the above cause the undersigned has been duly appointed Receiver of all the property, real, personal and mixed, of any and every kind belonging to the said defendant corporation, the Supreme Sitting of the Order of Iron Hall, at the time of filing of the petition in said cause, August 24, 1892, or since acquired, together with all its books, money, bonds, bills, notes, checks, claims and effects of every kind whatsoever within the State of Missouri.

All persons who have any claims or demands against defendant corporation in this State are hereby notified to present their claims or demands to the undersigned receiver on or before the first day of August A. D., 1893, for his consideration and report thereon, in accordance with the decree entered in said cause; and all such creditors or claimants are hereby warned that if they neglect so to do they will be precluded from participating in any of the funds in the hands of the receiver subject to distribution in this State.

St. Louis, Mo., February 1, 1893.

BRECKINRIDGE JONES,
Receiver.
Address care of Mississippi Valley Trust Co.,
303 N. Fourth street,
St. Louis, Mo.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

THE Directors of the Laclede Gas-Light Co. have declared a dividend of 1½ per cent on the preferred capital stock, payable on and after March 15, 1893. Transfer books will be closed from March 1, to March 15, inclusive. A. ROSS, Secretary.
St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 11, 1893.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING—The annual meeting of the F. L. McGinness Painting Co. for the election of officers and transaction of such other business as may come before it will be held at the office of the company on Monday, March [illegible], at [illegible] o'clock p. m. F. L. McGINNESS, President.
J. W. [illegible], Secretary.